

#### Ministry of Agriculture

#### **HPAI** in Hungary

SCOPAFF 16th April 2015



## H5N8 HPAI in Hungary





## Outbreak holding

- 5 stables in the holding
- Stables No.1-4: empty
- Affected stable: No.5
- 22 000 fattening ducks
  - Population on 09/02/2015
  - Indoor technology





### Suspicion on 23rd February

- 16 days old ducks
- Clinical signs (nasal discharge, neurological symptoms, increased mortality)
- Suspicion based on private vet's samples: 23/02/2015

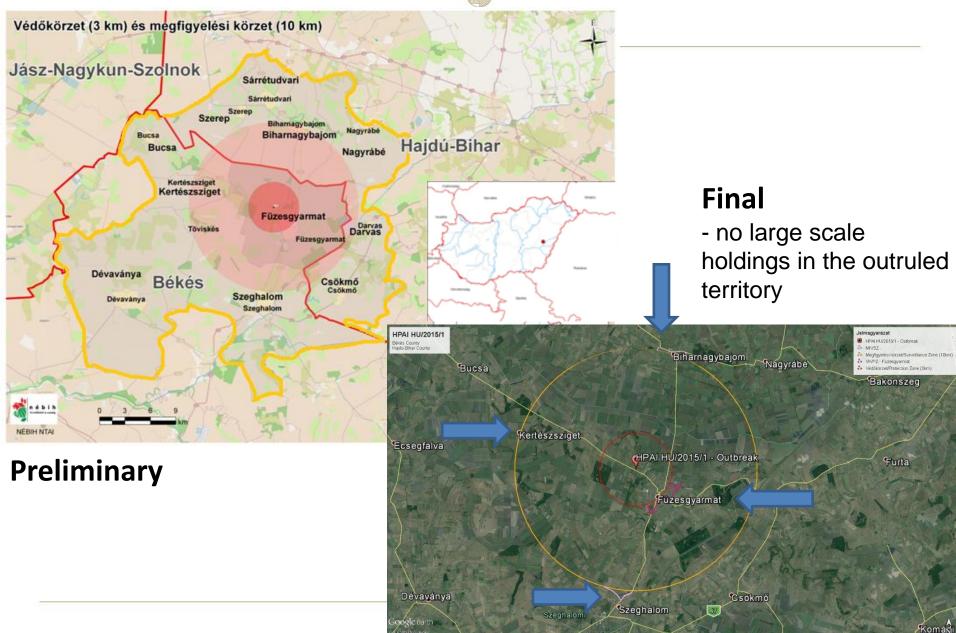
#### **Confirmation on 24th February**

- Based on official samples taken on 23rd February
- First results: H5N8 by RT-PCR
- Next day: sequencing partial HA and NA sequence fragments
- The outbreak has been reported to the European Commission (ADNS 2015/1) and to the OIE
- Next weeks: whole genom sequencing has been performed.



#### **Definition of restricted zones**





#### **Culling and safe disposal**



- Affected holding: 22 000 ducks culled
- Contact holdings: 96 911 ducks culled
  - Close to the affected holding, same owner as of affected holding
  - Operated separately, distinct personnel and equipment
- Hatchery in protection zone: 42 500 day old ducks culled
  - No suspicion of disease in the day old ducks
  - Destination county rejected the consigment
- Started on 25th, completed on 28th
- Total number of culled birds: 161 411
- Method of culling: CO<sub>2</sub>, in containers
- Preliminary C&D: 4th of March
- Final C&D: 11th of March





## Epidemiology and tracing

- No poultry have been moved from the affected nor from the contact holdings to EU Member States or Third Countries
- In the last 21 days the only transport was to a slaughterhouse in Békés county
- The duck carcasses which had been transported to a meat processing plant in Bács-Kiskun county were seized and destroyed.
- No products of flocks originating from the infected or contact holdings were moved from the meat processing plant
  - The carcasses and products of the ducks were destroyed.
  - The carcasses and products that were handled together with the above mentioned, were destroyed.



## Epidemiology and tracing

- Origin of the animals: hatchery of the same owner
  - 1,5 km from outbreak holding
- Parent flocks of hatching eggs are kept in free zone
  - no clinical signs
  - samples were taken, all results negative
    - unhatched eggs
    - blood samples from all unit



## Official veterinary visits and census

- All large scale holdings have been visited in restricted zones
- All small scale holdings in 3 km PZ have been visited
- Census was made at all small scale holdings in 10 km SZ



Protection Zone of Avian Influenza



### Samples examined in the NRL

634 fallen poultry
1243 eggs
1681 blood samples
cloacal and tracheal swabs from 418 poultry
35 fallen wild birds (passive surveillance)

cloacal and tracheal swabs from 309 wild birds (active monitoring)

No further positive samples have been found.



#### Lifting of restrictions

- 28th March lifting restrictions of protection zone -> surveillance zone
- 7th April lifting restrictions of surveillance zone

#### Repopulation

 9th April – repopulation of the outbreak holding at Füzesgyarmat



## Epidemiology and tracing

- Source of infection
  - Still unknown
  - Strain similar to other European H5N8 strains
  - No transport to the affected holding from outside Hungary



## Meeting of National Al Expert Group

- Partners invited (representatives of poultry industry, BirdLife Hungary)
- Decisions:
  - Mandatory housing remains option
  - Need for vigilance and high standards of biosecurity
  - Active monitoring of wild birds to continue
  - Active monitoring of poultry populations to be timed evenly during the year



# Thank you for your attention!

