

SANCO/10483/2013

Programmes for the eradication, control and monitoring of certain animal diseases and zoonoses

### **Eradication programme for Ovine and Caprine Brucellosis**

Cyprus
_ ,

Approved\* for 2013 by Commission Decision 2012/761/EU

\* in accordance with Council Decision 2009/470/EC

version: 2.2

1. Identification of the p	rogramme
----------------------------	----------

Member state :	KYPROS
Disease	Sheep and goat brucellosis (B. melitensis)
Species :	Sheep and goats
This program is multi annual	:no
Request of Community co-financing for year:	2013

version: 2.2

### 1.1 Contact

Name: Maria LIAPI

Phone: +357 22805168

Fax.: +357 22333935

Email: mliapi@vs.moa.gov.cy

### 2. Historical data on the epidemiological evolution of the disease

Provide a concise description on the target population (species, number of herds and animals present and under the programme), the main measures (sampling and testing regimes, eradication measures applied, qualification of herds and animals, vaccination schemes) and the main results (incidents, prevalence, qualification of herds and animals). The information is given for distinct periods if the measures were substantially modified. The information is documented by relevant summary epidemiological tables (point 6), complemented by graphs or maps (to be attached).

(max. 32000 chars):

The sheep & goat brucellosis (Brucella melitensis) eradication and control program is applied on the area of the Republic of Cyprus effectively controlled by the Veterinary Services. From 1999 until October 2004, the United Nations Office for Project Services has funded the bicommunal sheep & goat brucellosis eradication program (UNOPS, Cont. No: WSE-PS03-4463). From 2004 until now the EU has co-financed the programme according to the relevant EU Decisions.

The total sheep & goat population is estimated to 583,790 sheep and goats, reared in 3,362 flocks. The sheep & goat population under the brucellosis eradication and control program is 512,179 sheep and goats, reared in 3,156 flocks.

Vaccination for brucella is prohibited. Testing is based on Rose Bengal Test (RBT) as screening test and Complement Fixation Test (CFT) as confirmatory test. In positive flocks, all animals are tested in parallel with RBT and CFT. A protocol dealing with the false positives exists which uses also culture, together with additional epidemiological information, to rule out false positive serological reactions.

Negative flocks are subject to the testing scheme of Directive 91/68 EEC for the declaration and maintenance of officially free status. Positive flocks are subject to monthly reexaminations and slaughtering of the positive animals until they give four negative examinations with a distance of six months between the first and the last examination. Further measures are applied in positive flocks including movement restrictions, measures for the use of milk and disinfection.

According to the epidemiological data, from 2000 until 2011, the prevalence and incidence of sheep & goat brucellosis in Cyprus have been decreasing (see Graph 1, attached document a\_1332835318701).

version: 2.2

The evolution of the officially free flocks and animals is presented in Graph 2, attached document a\_1332835327005.

### 3. Description of the submitted programme

Provide a concise description of the programme with its main objective(s) (monitoring, control, eradication, qualification of herds and/or regions, reducing prevalence and incidence), the main measures (sampling and testing regimes, eradication measures to be applied, qualification of herds and animals, vaccination schemes), the target animal population, the area(s) of implementation and the definition of a positive case.

### (max. 32000 chars):

The main objectives of the programme are the eradication of the disease and the declaration of all flocks under the programme as brucellosis officially free.

The sheep & goat brucellosis eradication program is based on test and extended slaughter or killing of positive animals, implemented in the area effectively controlled by the Veterinary Services of the Republic of Cyprus, concerning all small ruminants over 6 months old in farms for breeding and production. Fattening farms are excluded from the programme, because all animals go directly to slaughterhouses.

According to the L.O.725/2003 treatment of infected animals with brucellosis and the use of vaccines are prohibited. Routine testing is based in serial testing with RBT and CFT. A standardized protocol to deal with no-negative results in RBT and CFT test has been introduced since July 2010. This protocol was designed after evaluation of the available information from the previous years of the implementation of the programme.

Flocks with no negative results in RBT and CFT are initially categorized as follows:

- Category A: Flocks of initial low risk for brucellosis: These are flocks which have only one animal which is RBT positive and CFT negative. In this case the flock is restricted and the animal is confiscated and used for further diagnostic investigation with post mortem examination and culture. At the same time epidemiological investigation for brucellosis is performed. All information is evaluated and the flock is allocated to a final category (final category A false positive flock with no further actions to return to the initial brucellosis status, final category B false positive flock that requires a negative examination of all animals over 6 months to return to the initial brucellosis status, final category C positive flock).
- Category B: Flocks of initial medium risk for brucellosis: These are flocks which have over one animal RBT positive and CFT negative or flocks with one or more animals which are RBT positive and show positive CFT titres near the cut off, taking into account the declared laboratory uncertainty of one dilution (20 33.3 ICFTU/ml). In this case the flock is restricted and the animal/animals are confiscated and use for further diagnostic investigation with post mortem examination and culture. At the same time epidemiological investigation for brucellosis is performed. All information is evaluated and the flock is allocated to a final category (final category B false positive flock that requires a negative examination of all animals over 6 months to return to the initial brucellosis status, final category C positive flock).
- Category C: Flocks of initial high risk for brucellosis (positive flocks): These are flocks which have one or more animals RBT positive and CFT with a titre over 33,3 ICFTU/ml. In this case the measures for positive flocks which are mentioned in paragraph 4.4.9 are applied.

According to the epidemiological data, from 2000 until 2011, the prevalence and incidence of sheep & goat brucellosis in Cyprus have been decreasing (see Graph 1, attached document a\_1332835318701). The evolution of the officially free flocks and animals is presented in Graph 2, attached document

version: 2.2

2	1	3:	27	23	53	2	70	05.	
a	- 1	J.	ےر	$o_{-}$	-	<b>'</b>	ı u	vJ.	

Reenforcement of samplings across the green line is on place when there is information that poses risk of transmission of the disease. Currently, all flocks, including the ones in the borders, are examined at least annually and also the pre movement test is on place. When the officially free status will be granted to the country and the samplings will be adjusted to the officially free status, additional measures will be applied across the green line.

### 4. Measures of the submitted programme

### 4.1 Summary of measures under the programme

First year :
∑ Control
X Testing
∑ Slaughter and animals tested positive
Vaccination
Treatment
∑ Disposal of products
☐ Eradication, control or monitoring

Duration of the programme: 2013

version: 2.2

### 4.2 Organisation, supervision and role of all stakeholders involved in the programme

Describe the authorities in charge of supervising and coordinating the departments responsible for implementing the programme and the different operators involved. Descrive the responsabilities of all involved.

### (max. 32000 chars):

The Veterinary Services, which belongs to the Ministry of Agriculture Environment and Natural Recourses, is responsible for the application of the sheep & goat brucellosis eradication and control programs. The Animal Health and Welfare Division is responsible for the coordination of the programmes.

The five District Veterinary Offices with six District Veterinary Stations are responsible for the collection and the transport of the samples to the Laboratories, the information of the owners for the results, the preparation of epidemiological reports, the confiscations and the compensations of animals.

The Animal Health Laboratory performs the RBT, the CFT and the cultures.

The Laboratory report all the results to the District Veterinary Offices and to the Animal Health and Welfare Division.

The Animal Health and Welfare Division keeps the information about the progress of the programme in a central database.

A committee of three Veterinary Officers examines and evaluates the no negative results according to the above mentioned relative protocol. The committee reports to the Director for any actions not included in the protocol (e.g. whole flock depopulation).

In every no negative case the slaughterhouses and the dairy plants are informed.

In 2010 a standardized system of documents used for the implementation has been developed by the Animal Health and Welfare Division.

### 4.3 Description and demarcation of the geographical and administrative areas in which the programme is to be implemented

Describe the name and denomination, the administrative boundaries, and the surface of the administrative and geographical areas in which the programme is to be applied. Illustrate with maps.

### (max. 32000 chars):

The program is implemented in the area effectively controlled by the Veterinary Services of the Republic of Cyprus (see Map 1, attached document a\_1332937788904).

version: 2.2

### 4.4 Description of the measures of the programme

A comprehensive description needs to be provided of all measures unless reference can be made to Union legislation. The national legislation in which the measures are laid down is mentioned.

### 4.4.1 Notification of the disease

(max. 32000 chars):

Brucellosis is a notifiable disease in Cyprus according to article 6 of the Law 109(I)2001. Any case of abortion or other symptoms related to brucellosis are compulsory notifiable to Veterinary Services of the Republic of Cyprus.

### 4.4.2 Target animals and animal population

(max. 32000 chars):

The total sheep & goat population is estimated to 583,790 sheep and goats, reared in 3,362 flocks. The sheep & goat population under the brucellosis eradication and control program is 512,179 sheep and goats over 6 months old, reared in 3,156 in breeding and production flocks. Fattening farms are not included in the programme, because the animals go directly to the slaughterhouses.

### 4.4.3 Identification of animals and registration of holdings

(max. 32000 chars):

All sheep & goats are ear tagged on both ears with an individual identification code in accordance with L.O. 341/2010 and EU Reg. 21/2004.

The central authority has registered all sheep & goats flocks in the Republic of Cyprus and each has been allocated a unique herd number in accordance with L.O. 338/2000 and 399/2002.

### 4.4.4 Qualifications of animals and herds

(max. 32000 chars):

The programme for the qualification of the herds is based on the following legislation: 91/68 EEC, L.O. 725/2003 and 56/2005.

version: 2.2

### 4.4.5 Rules of the movement of animals

(max. 32000 chars):

All movements of animals should be reported and registered on a central database and are allowed only after a brucellosis negative serological examination.

Movements from infected herds are allowed after a special license and only for slaughter.

The central Database of the Animal Identification and Registration scheme enables tracing of any animal from the date of birth to the date of death or slaughter.

### 4.4.6 Tests used and sampling schemes

(max. 32000 chars):

Serological tests:

Flock screening: Rose Bengal Test in all animals over 6 months old.

Confirmation: Complement Fixation Test, in all animals showing positive reaction to Rose Bengal.

Infected farms: Monthly screening of all animals over 6 months with Rose Bengal Test and Complement Fixation Test.

Microbiological tests:

Samples: Milk samples from seropositive animals (centrifugation and sampling from the cream and deposit)

Aborted fetuses (gastric content and lung)

Isolation: On Brucella medium incubating in 37C with and without CO2

Confirmation on the species level: Dye of the colony with Gram and Stamp. Culture on Mc Conkey agar (lactose fermentation) and Blood agar (Haemolysis).

Infected flocks are under monthly reexaminations and slaughter of the positive animals. In officially free herds a percentage of animals are examined serologically once a year. The programme for the qualification of the flocks is based on the Directive 91/68/EEC.

### 4.4.7 Vaccines used and vaccination schemes

(max. 32000 chars):

According to the L.O.725/2003 the use of vaccines are prohibited.

### 4.4.8 Information and assessment on bio-security measures management and infrastructure in place in the holdings involved.

(max. 32000 chars):

N/A

version: 2.2

### 4.4.9 Measures in case of a positive result

A short description is provided of the measures as regards positive animals (slaughter, destination of carcasses, use or treatment of animal products, the destruction of all products which could transmit the disease or the treatment of such products to avoid any possible contamination, a procedure for the disinfection of infected holdings, the therapeutic or preventive treatment chosen, a procedure for the restocking with healthy animals of holdings which have been depopulated by slaughter and the creation of a surveillance zone around infected holding)

### (max. 32000 chars):

The measures taken in positive flocks are:

- a. The farm is placed under movement restriction.
- b. The Organizations collecting the milk are notified to collect the milk from the negative animals from the infected farms in separate milk tanks for pasteurization.
- c. Positive animals are isolated from the other animals until slaughter. In case of whole flock depopulation, restocking is permitted after 6 months.
- d. Positive animals are valued before slaughter. Compensations are paid to owners.
- e. Dogs or other species of animals susceptible to Brucellosis are also examined serologically.
- f. One month after the slaughter, all animals are reexamined serologically.
- g. Serological reexamination of the positive flocks is performed every month, and the seropositive animals are culled.
- h. The owners clean and disinfect their farms under the supervision of the Veterinary Services.
- i. The manure is collected and disinfected in a place far from establishments.

All the measures mentioned above are included in the following legislation:

- 1.The animal health laws (N. 109 (I)/2001, N. 82(I)/2003 and 116(I)/2007)
- 2. The control of Brucellosis in sheep and goats order of 2003 (L.O. 725/2003)
- 3. The animal health (requirements governing the trade in ovine and caprine animals), regulations of 2005 (L.O. 56/2005)
- 4. Directive 91/68/EEC.

A positive Category C flock (as defined in paragraph 3) is candidate for depopulation when culture is positive. In this case, the Brucellosis Committee takes into consideration the laboratory results and the epidemiological data and reports its opinion concerning depopulation to the Director. The key factor for depopulation will be any suspicion of spread of the disease within the flock.

### 4.4.10 Compensation scheme for owners of slaughtered and killed animals

### (max. 32000 chars):

A designated three member committee sets the maximum value for the compensated animals. Compensated animals include those giving a positive result either to Rose Bengal or to CFT or to both of them or in case of depopulation of all the animals in the flock. The committee has lowered the compensation prices since the recommendation by the Task Force in 2009.

version: 2.2

### 4.4.11 Control on the implementation of the programme and reporting

(max. 32000 chars):

The progress of the programme performed by the District Veterinary Offices is controlled by the Animal Health and Welfare Division. At least three times per year a thorough follow up of samplings is made and updated statistical information and sampling programmes are sent to District Veterinary Offices. Also supervision is performed through internal audits to the District Veterinary Offices.

### 5. Benefits of the programme

A description is provided of the benefits for farmers and society in general

(max. 32000 chars):

The benefits for the farmers and society are related to the assurance of animal and public health through the implementation of the program .

### Data on the epidemiological evolution during the last five years 9

Data already submitted via the online system for the years 2007 - 2010:

yes

6.1 Evolution of the disease

Evolution of the disease:

○ Not applicable • Applicable...

Data on herds for year:

2011

		×	
	% new positive herds Herd incidence		
Indicators	% positive herds		
	% herds coverage	96,198	96,198
	% positive herds depopulated		
		0	0
	Number of new positive herds	0	0
	Number of positive herds	0	0
	Number of herds checked	3 036	3 036
	Total Total number of Numb	3 156	3 156
	Total number of herds	3 362	3 362
	Animal species	SHEEP & GOATS	
	Region	Sn	Total
		CYPRUS	

Add a new row

Data on animals for year:

6.1.2

: 2011

		×		
Indicators	% positive animals Animal prevalence	0	0	NON
India	otal number of animals % coverage at slaughtered animal level	47,984	47,98	<b>ADD A NEW ROW</b>
sring	Total number of animals slaughtered	16	91	ADD
Slaughtering	Number of animals with positive result slaughtered or culled	0	0	
	Number of positives animals	0	0	
ı	Number of animals tested individually	245 766	245 766	
	Number of animal tested	245 766	245 766	
ı	Number of animals to be tested under the programme	512 179	512 179	
	Total number of animals	283 790	583 790	
	Animal species	SHEEP & GOATS		
	Region		Total	
		CYPRUS		

# Stratified data on surveillance and laboratory tests

6.2

### Page 13 sur 23

## Standard requirements for the submission of programme for eradication, control and monitoring version: 2.2

Stratified data on surveillance and laboratory tests for year: 6.2.1

2011

Region	Animal Species	Test Type	Test Description	Number of samples tested	Number of positive samples	
CYPRUS	CYPRUS SHEEP & GOATS	serological test	ROSE BENGAL TEST	245 766	18	×
CYPRUS	CYPRUS SHEEP & GOATS	serological test	COMPLEMENT FIXATION	1 856	0	×
CYPRUS	CYPRUS SHEEP & GOATS	microbiological or virological tes	CULTURE	16	0	×
Total				247 713		
				ADD A NEW ROW	EW ROW	

6.3 Data on infection

Data on infection

○ Not applicable

Applicable...

Data on infection at the end of year:

6.3

2011

Number of animals infected Number of herds infected Animal Species Region

×		
0	0	Add a new row
0	0	
SHEEP & GOATS		
CYPRUS	Total	

### 6.4 Data on the status of herds

Applicable... ○ Not applicable Data on the status of herds:

### 2011 Data on the status of herds at the end of year: 6.4

					Status of	of herds and	d animals un	herds and animals under the programme	amme							
						Not Free	or not officia	Not Free or not officially free from disease	disease							
		Total number of herds and animals under the programme	er of herds s under the mme	Unknown	own	Last check	Last check positive	Last check negative	egative	Free or officially free from disease status suspended	cially free se status nded	Free from	Free from disease	Officially free from disease	ee from	
Region	Animal Species	Herds	Animals	Herds	Animals	Herds	Animals	Herds	Animals	Herds	Animals	Herds	Animals	Herds	Animals	
CYPRUS	SHEEP & GOATS	3 156	512 179	0	0	0	0	295	32 026	0	0	0	0	2 861	480 153	×
Total		3 156	512 179	0	0	0	0	295	32 026	0	0	0	0	2 861	2 861 480 153	

Add a new row

the submission of programme for eradication, control and monitoring	
ori	
itc	
0	
Ü	
p	
ar	
10.	
ntr	
0	
0,	
0	
ati	
lic	
30	
er	
0	
je j	
m	
an	
gr	
2	
fp	
10	
10	
55	
I	
95	
S	
the	
fort	
s fe	
nt	
ne	
rer	
ü	
ba.	
P	0
lar	0.
na	0000
ta	20000
5	210

Data on vaccination or treatment programmes 6.5

 Not applicable Data on vaccination or treatment programmes is

○ Applicable...

Data on wildlife

9.9

Not applicable

Data on Wildlife is:

○ Applicable...

### 7. Targets

The blocks 7.1.1, 7.1.2.1, 7.1.2.2, 7.2, 7.3.1 and 7.3.2 are repeated multiple times in case of first year submission of multiple program.

### Targets related to testing (one table for each year of implementation) 7.1

7.1.1 Targets on diagnostic tests for year:

2013

sts	<b>X</b> 000	1 500 <b>X</b>	100 <b>X</b>	00:	
Number of planned tests	250 000	15	1	251 600	.ow
Objective	surveillance	confirmation of suspected cases	MILK, LYMPHNODES,P	Total	Add a new row
Type of sample	serum	serum	MILK, LYMPHNODES,P		
Target population	Sheep and goat	Sheep and goat	Sheep and goat		
Type of the test	ROSE BENGAL TEST	COMPLEMENT FIXATION TEST	CULTURE		
Region	CYPRUS	CYPRUS	CYPRUS		

7.1.2 Targets on testing herds and animals

7.1.2.1 Targets on testing herds

○ Not applicable

Applicable...

7.1.2.1 Targets on the testing of herds for year:

2013

		×		
	% new positive herds Expected herd incidence	60'0	80'0	Mo
Target indicators	% positive herds Expected period herd prevalence	0,03	0,03	Add a new row
	Expected % herd coverage	100	100	Adi
	% positive herds expected to be Expected % depopulated herd coverage	100	100	
	Number of herds expected to be depopulated	l		
	Number of expected new positive herds	1		
	Number of expected positive herds	1		
		3 156	3156	
	Total number of Number of Total number of herds under the herds expected herds programme to be checked	3 156	3156	
	Total number of herds	3 362	3 362	
	Animal species	SHEEP AND GOATS		
	Region	CYPRUS	Total	

7.1.2.2 Targets on testing animals

○ Not applicable

Applicable...

Targets on the testing of animals for year: 7.1.2.2

		×		
Target indicators	% positive animals (Expected animal prevalence)	0,01	0,01	W
Targetir	Expected % coverage at animal level	39,05	39,05	Add a new row
ntering	Total number of animals expected to be slaughtered	230	230	Ac
Slaughtering	Number of animals with positive result expected to be slaughtered or culled	10	10	
	Number of expected positive animals	10	10	
	Number of Number of animals to be expected tested individually positive animals	200 000	200 000	
	Number of animals expected to be tested	200 000	200 000	
	Number of Number of Total number animals under the animals expected of animals programme to be tested	512 179	512 179	
	Total number of animals	583 790	583 790	
	Species	SHEEP&GOATS		
	Region	CYPRUS	Total	

Targets on qualification of herds and animals

Applicable...

Targets on qualification of herds and animals Not applicable

Targets on qualification of herds and animals for year:

Standard requirements for the submission of programme for eradication, control and monitoring

				×		
		lly free	Animals	511 879	511 879	
		Expected officially free from disease		3 155	3 155	row
			Herds	0	0	new
		Expected free from disease	Animals			Add a new row
mme		Expected	Herds	0	0	
r the progra		or officialy use status led	Animals	0	0	
Targets on the status of herds and animals under the programme free or not free from disease		Expected free or officialy free from disease status suspended	Herds	0	0	
rds and ar	Ф			0	0	
atus of he	om diseas	Last check negative	Animals	0	0	
s on the st	not free fr	Last ch	Herds			
Targets	Expected not free or not free from disease	. positive	Animals	200	200	
	Expected	Last check positive	Herds		-	
		nknown	Animals	0	0	
		Expected unknown	Herds	0	0	
		of herds inder the me	Animals	512 179	512 179	
		Total number of herds and animals under the programme	Herds	3 156	3 156	
		1 0	Animal species	SHEEP & GOATS		
			Region	CYPRUS	Total	

## Targets on vaccination or treatment

 Not applicable 7.3.1 Targets on vaccination or treatment is

○ Applicable...

 Not applicable 7.3.2 Targets on vaccination or treatment of wildlife is

○ Applicable...

### 2013 Detailed analysis of the cost of the programme for year:

 $\infty$ 

The blocks are repeated multiple times in case of first year submission of multiple program.

1. Testing							
Cost related to	<u>Specification</u>	Unit	Number of units	Unitary cost in EUR	Total amount in EUR	Union funding requested	
Cost of analysis	Rose bengal test	Individual animal sample/test	250 000	0.33	82500 yes	yes	×
Cost of analysis	Complement fixation test	Individual animal sample/test	1 500	3.69	5535 yes	yes	×
Cost of analysis	Bacterial culture	Individual animal sample/test	100	3.92	392	392 yes	×
Cost of sampling - lump sum	Domestic animals	Individual animal sample/test	250 000	0.5	125 000 yes	yes	×
					Add a new row	row .	
2. Vaccination or treatment							
Cost related to	Specification	Unit	Number of units	Unitary cost in EUR	Total amount in EUR	Union funding requested	
					Add a new row	row .	
3. Slaughter and destruction							
Cost related to	Specification	Unit	Number of units	Unitary cost in EUR	Total amount in EUR	Union funding requested	
Compensation of animals	Killing and disposal of animals	Animal culled	230	110	25300 yes	yes	×

Standard requirements for the submission of programme for eradication, control and monitoring

Transport costs	Killing and disposal of animals	Animal culled	230	2	1150 yes	×
					Add a new row	
4. Cleaning and disinfection						
Cost related to	Specification	Unit	Number of units	Unitary cost in EUR	Community funding Total amount in EUR requested	iity J
					Add a new row	
5. Salaries (staff contracted for the programme only)	or the programme only)					
Cost related to	Specification	Unit	Number of units	Unitary cost in EUR	Union funding Total amount in EUR requested	ding
					Add a new row	
6. Consumables and specific equipment	equipment					
Cost related to	Specification	Unit	Number of units	Unitary cost in EUR	Union funding Total amount in EUR requested	Jing
					Add a new row	
7.Other costs						
Cost related to	Specification	Unit	Number of units	Unitary cost in EUR	Union funding Total amount in EUR requested	Jing be
					Add a new row	
	Total				239877,00 €	

### **Attachments**

### IMPORTANT:

- 1) The more files you attach, the longer it takes to upload them.
- 2) This attachment files should have one of the format listed here: zip, jpg, jpg, jpeg, tiff, tif, xls, doc, bmp, pna.
- 3) The total file size of the attached files should not exceed 2 500Kb (+- 2.5 Mb). You will receive a message while attaching when you try to load too much.
- 4) IT CAN TAKE SEVERAL MINUTES TO UPLOAD ALL THE ATTACHED FILES. Don't interrupt the uploading by closing the pdf and wait until you have received a Submission Number!
  - 5) Zip files cannot be opened (by clicking on the Open button). All other file formats can be opened.

a_1332835318701	a_1332835327005	a_1332937788904
Attachment reference	Attachment reference	Attachment reference