







Robert van Otterdijk

Agro-Industry Officer, SAVE FOOD Initiative, FAO Regional Office for Europe and Central Asia









Matching food supply with demand and getting it to where it is needed most is a growing challenge. And then came the COVID-19 pandemic: Distorted food supply chains.

Impact:

- Harvesting, packaging, processing, logistics
- HoReCa sector reduced demand (fresh produce)
- Labour and border closures (impact on food exports and imports)

Result:

Surplus situation (import, harvest), submarket

prices

- Waste (destruction of surplus food per lack of alternative buyers
- Food insecurity and lack of food
- Food banks, charities need to distribute more to most affected groups

Outlook into 2021:

- Uncertain but prognostic not good
- Most affected: farmers, small businesses in food sectors, vulnerable groups
- High levels of food loss and waste
- Food security and environment impacted









Going forward or building more resilient supply chains

- 1. Trace, quantify and analyse this FLW
- Support fast distribution through integration with on-line platforms to match demand and supply in alternative chains (commercial or charity)

Result:

- Handle immediate effects of pandemic on the food supply chains
- Rebuild resilience with robust, transparent, faster reacting distribution mechanisms







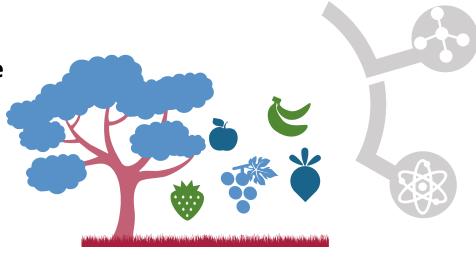




The product: UNECE's FeedUP@UN approach

Focus – bringing invisible food to the surface via discovery and alternative flexible, fast reacting supply chains for food currently lost or wasted along the entire supply chain

Activating the business case/distribution case/ supply chain case for "invisible food"



Systematic tracing food loss Data generation

Food upcycling or Online Market-Distribution Places









FeedUP@UN blockchain supported: Food loss data generation to build back better



Farmers, producers



Distributor buyer



Packing stations
Processors



Logistics (domestic and export)



Wholesalers, importers, domestic

Water
Resource
CO2
use/efficiency
measurement



Food lost =
Invisible/Surplus
Food

Systematic measurements and data generation, efficiency gains, planning and extension services tool



GOVERNMENTS
To plan interventions,
policies to prevent and
reduce losses and
waste, limit
environmental impact,
ensure food security
and improved
extension services,
support sustainable,
circular food systems,
SDG implementations

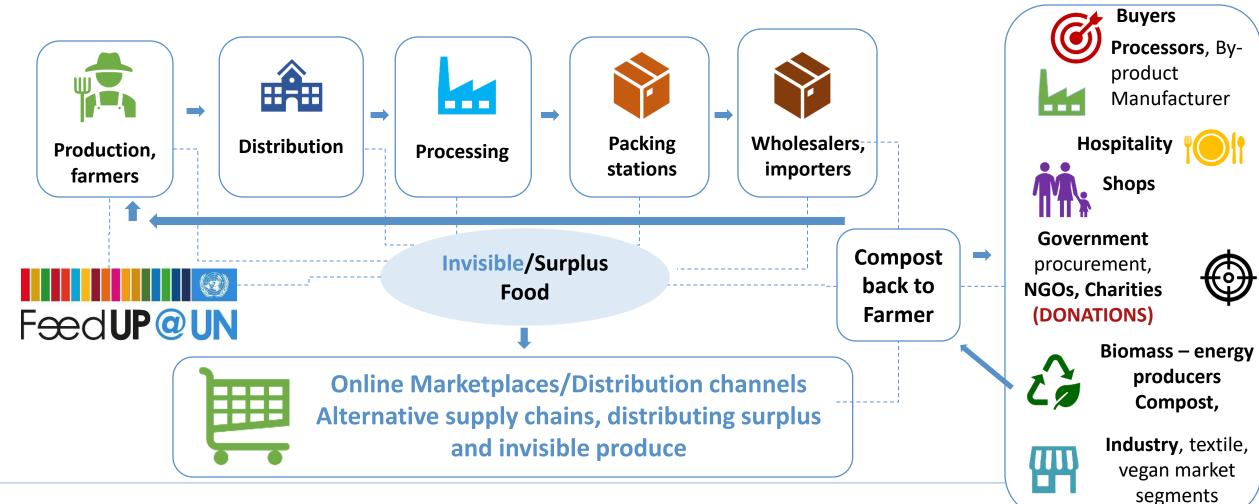








FeedUP@UN standalone or integrated into distribution and marketplaces B2B, B2G, B2C











FeedUP@UN

- Scalable and adaptable for all countries
- Local use first cross –border use later
- Plug-ins for:
 - Existing systems (e.g., traceability, certification)
 - Foodbanks charity
 - Biomass, compost solutions
 - Transport solutions
 - Water use, CO2 and resource efficiency measurement

System of tracing FLW hotspots and enabling recovery and redistribution will cover both commercial supplying-buying, and supply to low-income foodinsecure households and food distributions hubs.









FeedUP@UN

- Availability of data currently unavailable to governments and producers for better forecasting, planning policies and interventions at hotspots
- Quantify, track, monitor and report the food waste impact annually at all levels (incl. smallscale farmers)
- Increased food security and sourcing of food donations – particularly in times of crisis and COVID
- Integrated with centralized online marketplace reducing food loss/waste in full circularity; improved traceable efficiency bringing trust

- and confidence
- Additional income possibilities and employment for women and youth
- Collaboration of governments, private sector, academia, innovation hubs, NGO's, certification bodies, logistics and distribution players in a single platform

New alternative supply chains with more direct and new links for alternative use of food otherwise lost.









Project proposal

Objective: Implement with national partners in Europe and Central Asia online platforms that facilitate Recovery and Redistribution of 'surplus food'.

Action:

- O. Mobilize partners to support and implement this Action Plan.
- 1. Evaluate existing online (commercial) market places for food products.
- 2. Develop a regional support mechanism for national platforms.
- 3. Introduce and expand existing platforms in countries.
- 4. Develop the business model for national platforms.









Activity	Input	Unit	Unit cost	Quantity 10 countries	Total cost
Mobilize partners to support and implement Action Plan.	Int'l consultant	month	6 600	1	6 600
	National consultant	month	3 300	20	66 000
Evaluate existing online (commercial) market places for food products.	Int'l consultant	month	6 600	1	6 600
	National consultant	month	3 300	20	66 000
2. Develop a regional support mechanism for national platforms.	Int'l consultant	month	6 600	2	13 200
	National consultant	month	3 300	40	132 000
Introduce and expand existing platforms in countries where they don't exist.	National ICT developer	LoA	9 000	10	90 000
	Int'l ICT developer	LoA	30 000	2	60 000
	National task-force meeting	meeting	500	20	10 000
	National stakeholder workshop	w'shop	1 600	10	16 000
	Software	package	2 000	10	20 000
	ICT facilities, access, etc.	facility	5 000	10	50 000
	Repackaging, transportation, storage of food products				0
	Mobilization of (volunteer) labour				0
4. Develop the business model for national platforms.	Int'l consultant	month	6 600	2	13 200
	National consultant	month	3 300	20	66 000
General	Local travel	day	100	200	20 000
	Int'l travel	mission	1 370	10	13 700
	General Operating Expenses			10%	64 930
	Project Service Costs			16%	114 277_
				TOTAL \$	828 507









Thank you!

Robert.VanOtterdijk@fao.org

http://www.fao.org/save-food

http://feedup.unece.org

https://dgroups.org/fao/savefood