

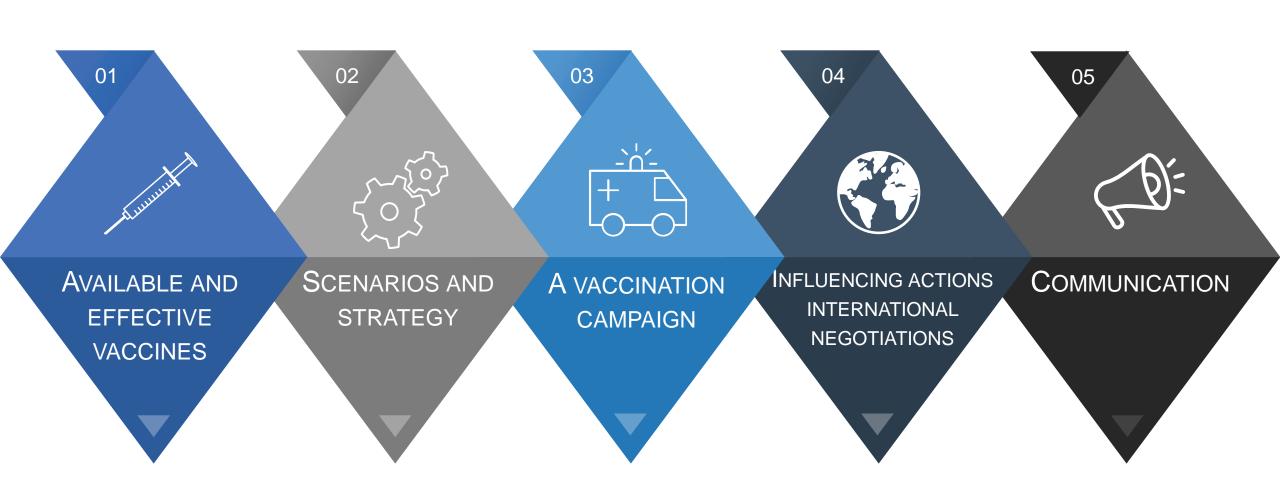
Liberté Égalité Fraternité

HIGHLY PATHOGENIC AVIAN INFLUENZA

VACCINATION STRATEGY IN FRANCE

IAHP VACCINATION ACTION PLAN Defining a vaccination strategy

5 main areas of work





GUIDING PRINCIPLES FOR DEFINING VACCINATION STRATEGY

Objective

 Vaccination helps to slow the spread of the virus and complements control measures to achieve eradication.

Modalities

- Preventive vaccination is the only feasible option at this stage.
- Vaccination should be accompanied by a strict surveillance system.
- The vaccines selected will allow the implementation of a DIVA strategy.
- The implementation of a strategy will have to be preceded by coordinated work to influence trading partners at European and international level.

Conditions

- Biosecurity is the cornerstone of HPAI control.
- Vaccination, from the moment it is required, must be made compulsory except in special cases.
- Vaccination does not dispense with the elimination of outbreaks, even when vaccinated.



TOWARDS A VACCINATION STRATEGY

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February

Regulatory framework:

Publication of EU Regulation 2023/361 (JOUE 20/02/2023)

April

Expertise:

Technical and economic study by SNGTV of 3 scenarios selected by the Steering Committee

Vaccines:

Publication of a call for tenders for the purchase of a vaccine

June-July

Vaccines : 5 autorisations for ducks and/or Gallus

Decision to implement vaccination strategy by **French Minister of Agriculture**

Expertise:

ANSES ' opinion on vaccination scenarios

March

Communication actions with MS and third countries

Vaccination trials on mulard ducks :

Publication of results

Steering committee: consensus on a Scenario: Mandatory vaccination for « commercial duck, whole France, whole year » «

Influence strategy: WOAH General Session

- Adoption of the résolution on HPAI
- More than 20 bilateral meetings with third countries: presentation of the French vaccination strategy

May

Direction Générale de l'Alimentation

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Thank you for your attention

