

# EU FOOD FRAUD NETWORK COORDINATED CASE

Adulteration of beeswax intended for honey production with stearin and paraffin

Beeswax is, in principle, a manufactured product – manufactured by bees





### **Beeswax on the EU market**

#### **FOOD GRADE**

Beeswax - natural wax obtained by melting the walls of the honeycomb made by the honey bee.

Authorised food additive under Reg. (EU) 231/2012



Natural beeswax is limited and expensive – bees produce only 1 kg of wax for each 8 kg of honey.

European production of beeswax is not sufficient to cover demand.

#### Mix of natural beeswaxes

- ☐ Mineral waxes (paraffin and microcrystalline waxes)
- ☐ Industrially-produced fatty acids (<u>stearic acid</u>, palmitic acid)
- □ Plant waxes (including Sumac wax)
- ☐ Waxes of ester type combined with mineral hydrocarbons (synthetic waxes)

Sales of beeswax **without indicating** that it contains other "waxes" is **misleading** and thus **illegal.**\*\*

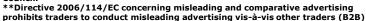
## Animal By-Products cat. 3\*\*\*

Imported beeswax and its products must be processed; apiculture by-products are not intended for human consumption.

Reg. (EC) 1069/2009



<sup>\*</sup>Reg. (EU) 231/2012, laying down specifications for food additives listed in Annexes II and III to Regulation (EC) No 1333/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council.





\*\*\*Reg. (EU) No 142/2011, implementing Regulation (EC) No 1069/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council laying down health rules as regards animal byproducts and derived products not intended for human consumption. Annex XIV, Table 2. \*\*\*\*Art. 3 Directive 2006/114/EC



### **Adulterated Beeswax Economic Gain**

**Average price of paraffin/stearin: 6 € per kg** 

Average price of beeswax: 13 € per kg

Ukrainian batch of 7 010kg:

52% of paraffin – economic gain = 25 516 € (3,64 € per kg)

Chinese batch of 20 000kg:

5,5% of paraffin – economic gain = 7 700 € (0,39 € per kg)

Chinese batch of 20 000kg:

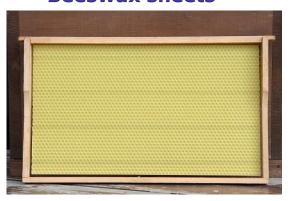
**12,2%** of stearin – economic gain = **17 080 €** (0,85 € per kg)

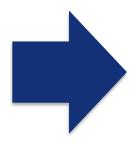




# Potential effects of stearic and palmitic acid on Bee health

#### **Beeswax sheets**













**Stearin** 

Adulterated embossed waxes have been incriminated in a number of brood mortality incidents in Europe: BE, DE, NL...





# Potential effects of stearic and palmitic acid on Bee health

Food Safety



Various field studies appear to confirm this risk Example: Reybroeck W.ILVO, 30 June 2017, Research Institute for agriculture, fisheries and food ILVO.vlaanderen

- Addition of 15-35% stearic acid to beeswax = Impact on brood.
- Mean larva mortality of 49-71% observed in broods where stearic acid is present.





## Public health: Potential risk related to the use of adulterated beeswax in the food chain?



Companies are offering honeycomb in jar to demonstrate

What controls are put in place to ensure that only pure beeswax intended for Human consumption are in the jar?



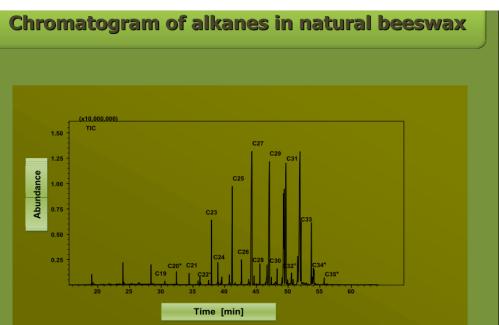
What are the the risks?



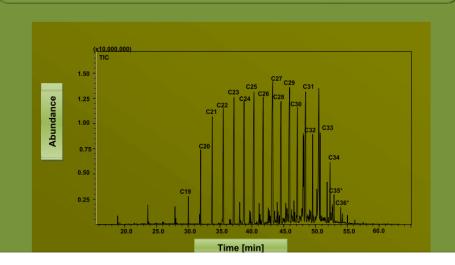


### Lack of EU regulatory specification for beeswax

#### Lack of an EU official method for adulteration detection



Chromatogram of alkanes in samples of paraffin – adulterated beeswax



Author: <a href="http://www.ihc-platform.net/ewawax2008.pdf">http://www.ihc-platform.net/ewawax2008.pdf</a>





### **Fraud Criteria**

1. Violation of EU Food Law

- Directive 2006/114/EC (not EU Food Law)
  Misleading advertising to other traders (B2B)
- Reg. 1069/2009 Animal By-Product:
  Beeswax imported as Cat. 3 (beekeeping) instead Cat. 2 (candles)
- Reg. 231/2012 on food additives: Introduction in the Food Chain (additive, food supplements, honeycomb)

2. Intention

Adulteration of beeswax with cheaper "waxes"

- 3. Economic gain
- Retail price of beeswax is 13 €/kg vs paraffin (candlewax) 6 €/kg
- Economic gain: 1 tonne of 30% adulterated beeswax = 2100€

- 4. Deception of Customers
- Customers believe they are using an authorised and safe product
- **Bee health:** negative issues on brood development significant mortality of bees
- Public health: consumption of beeswax containing non-food grade ingredients



## Beeswax issue Timeline

BE informed the EU about imported adulterated beeswax

**Raising Awareness** Beecome 2018 Civil Dialogue Group – **EU Food Fraud Network** International Apiculture beekeeping DG AGRI alerted Letter to EU stakeholders Congress Austria March EC Joint Research Centre Feb. Assessment on January 2018 analytical methods Nov. Oct. Chief Veterinary Officers Sept. August Feedback from MS June July 2017 Data collection on data collection EC Questionnaire to Member States EP question - COM ENVI (European Parliament)

Food Safety



### What could be the next steps?

- Risk assessment by EFSA? (depending on data)
- Advice to stakeholders:
   request guarantees that you buy pure beeswax!
- EU coordinated control plan on beeswax?
- Legislation including beeswax purity criteria in relation to food safety/bee health?





### **Useful links and mailboxes**

### DG SANTE Website - Food fraud

https://ec.europa.eu/food/safety/food-fraud\_en

### **EU Food Fraud Network: Contact points**

https://ec.europa.eu/food/sites/food/files/safety/docs/food-fraud contact points.pdf

DG SANTE mailbox: SANTE-FOOD-FRAUD@ec.europa.eu

