Republic of Croatia



CLASSICAL SWINE FEVER STATUS

Standing Committee on Plants, Animals, Food and Feed 24-25 September, 2019

Background information

- Croatia free from CSF
- Last CSF outbreak in 2008
- Audit DG (SANTE)/2016-8974 to evaluate the implementation of the programme for the control and monitoring of CSF - held in 2016
- 10 years of continuous CSF surveillance (passive and active)
- Current regionalisation measures in four counties
 CID 2013/764

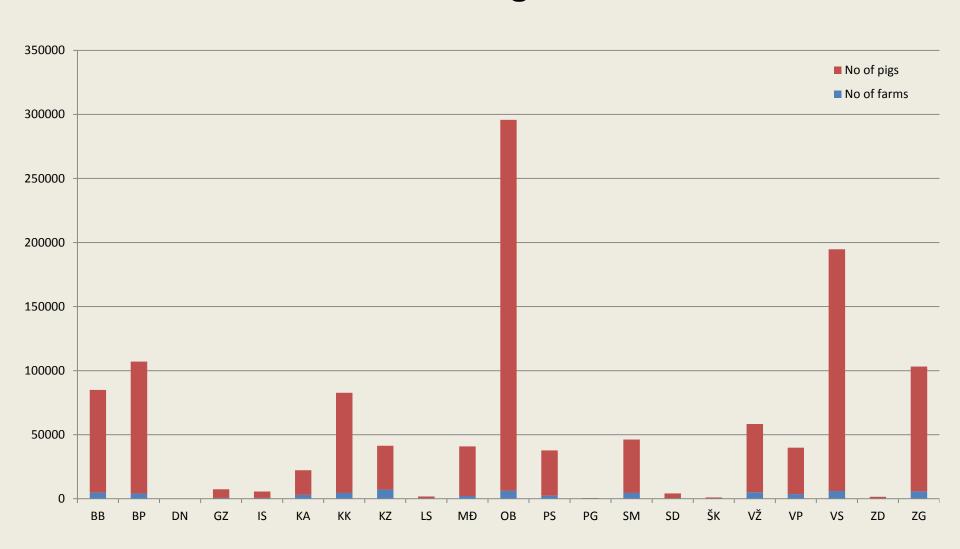


Pig population Census on August 14, 2019

- 61980 farms
- 1 115 608 pigs
- 2993 farms with only one pig newly registered
- Farms with more than 500 pigs concentrated in eastern counties

Pig population

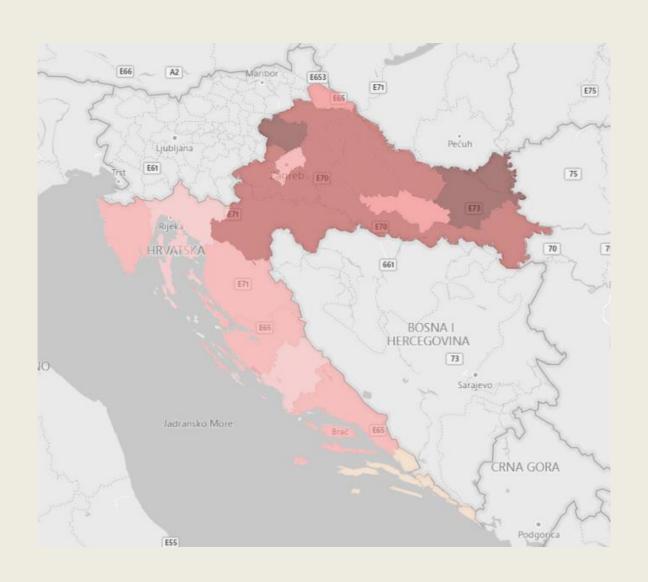
Census on August 2019



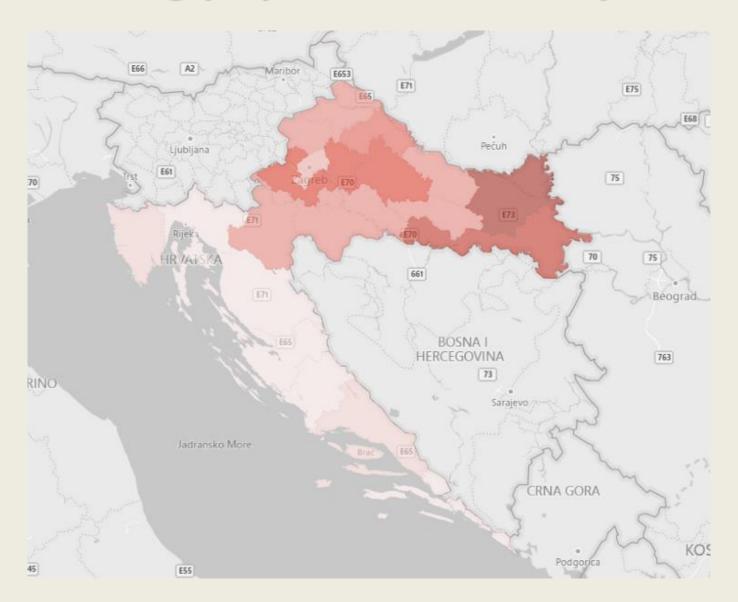
Pig population distribution

- 73% small farms up to 10 pigs
 17% of total pig population
- 26% medium farms 10 to 100 pigs
 34% of total pig population
- 0,8% bigger farms 101-500 pigs
 9,5% of total pig population
- 0,2% farms with more than 500 pigs 40,5% of total pig population

Pig farms

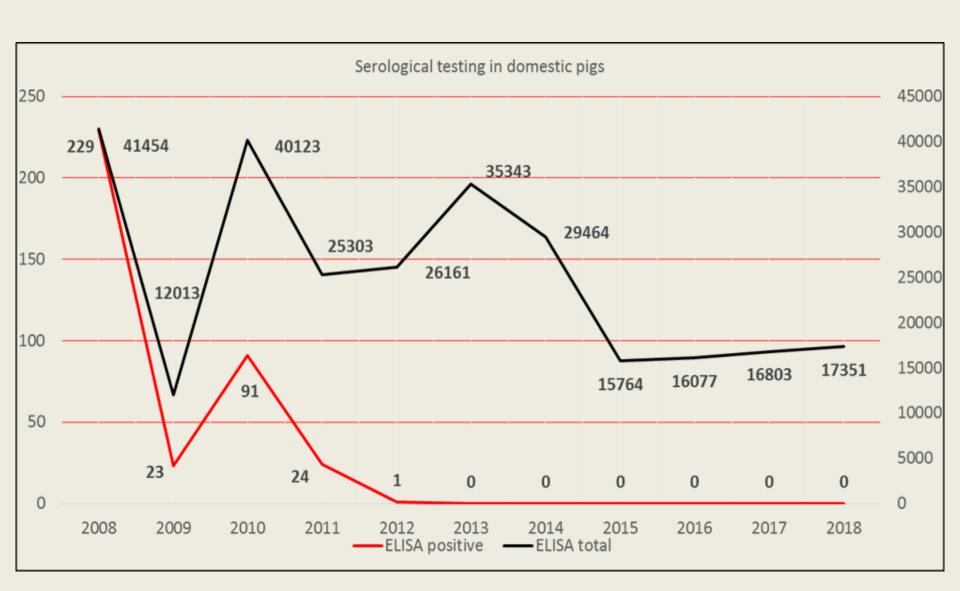


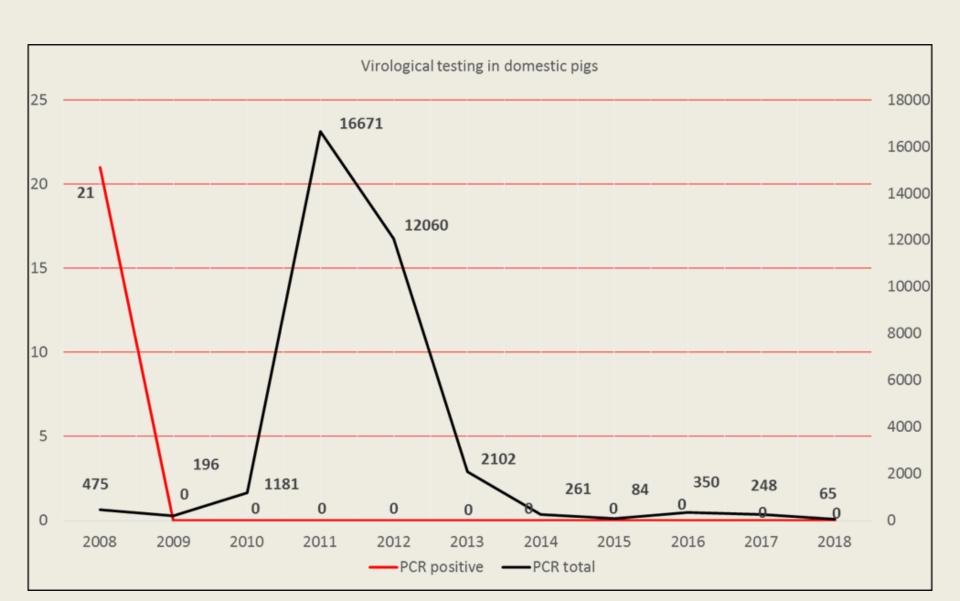
Pig population density

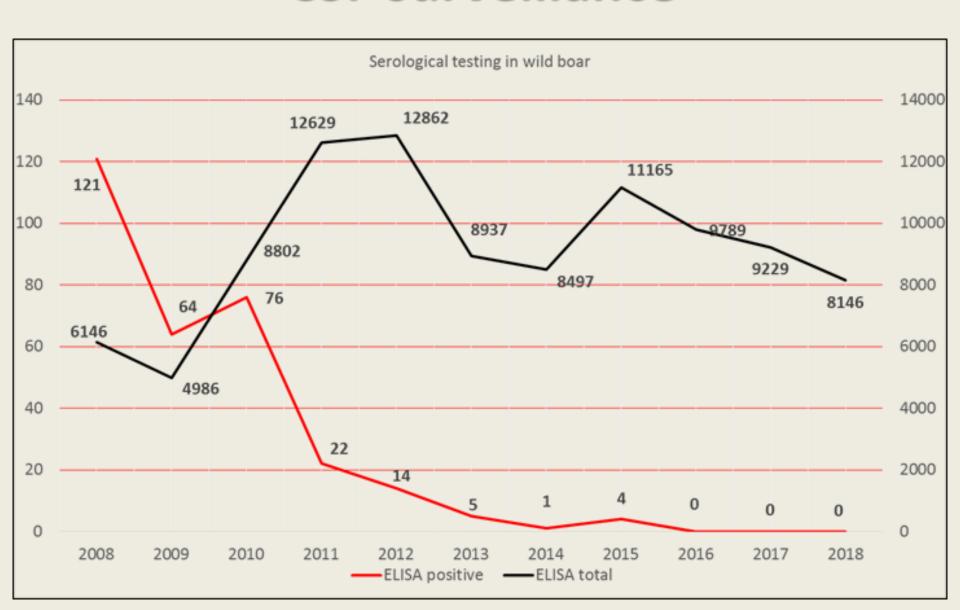


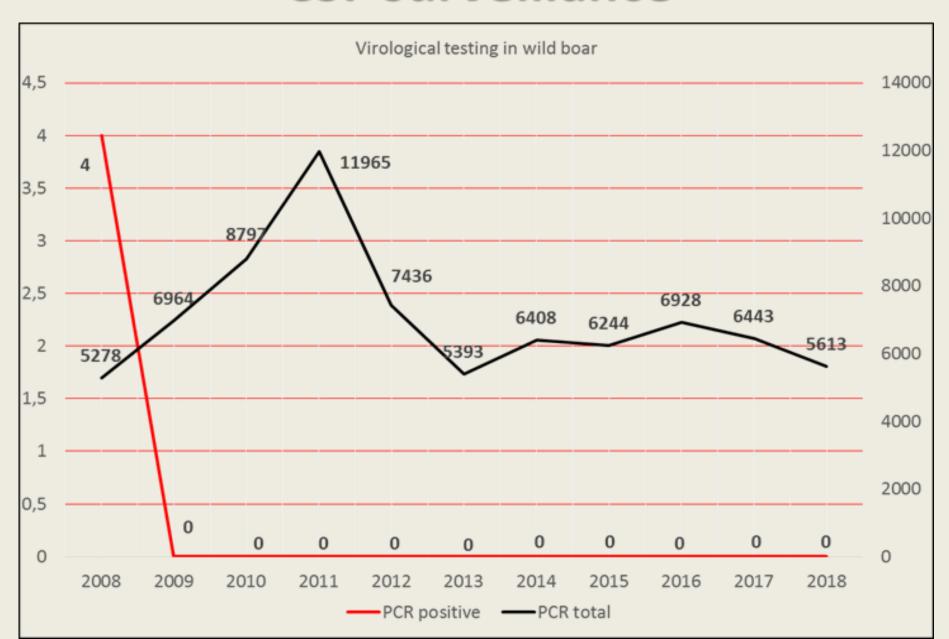
CSF surveillance overview

- Long term surveillance in domestic pigs and wild boar population
- Focused on early detection
- Risk based targeted population of domestic pigs – small farms, farms with low biosecurity
- Active and passive
- Regularly updated according to performance, results, data and results of official controls and Audit report

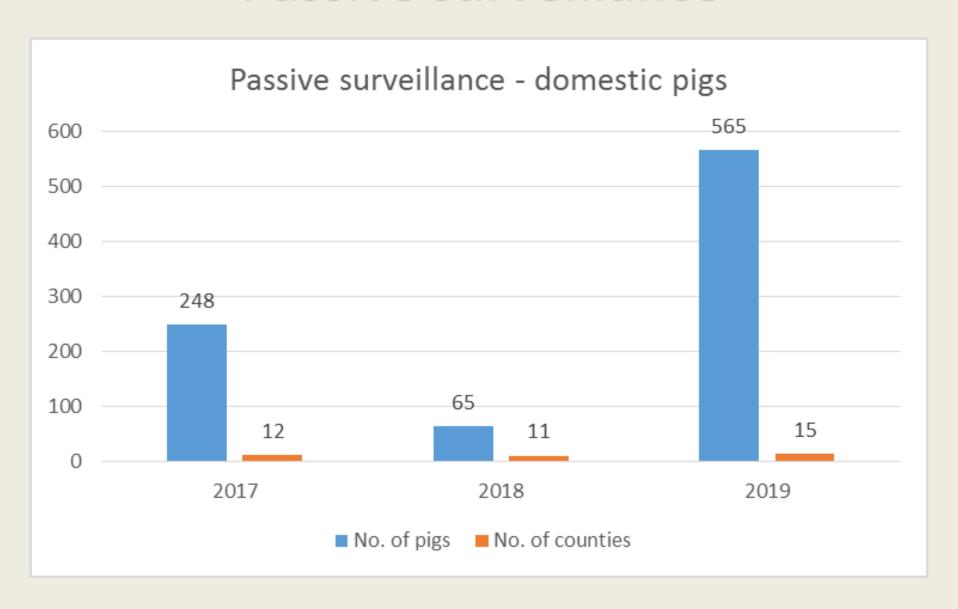




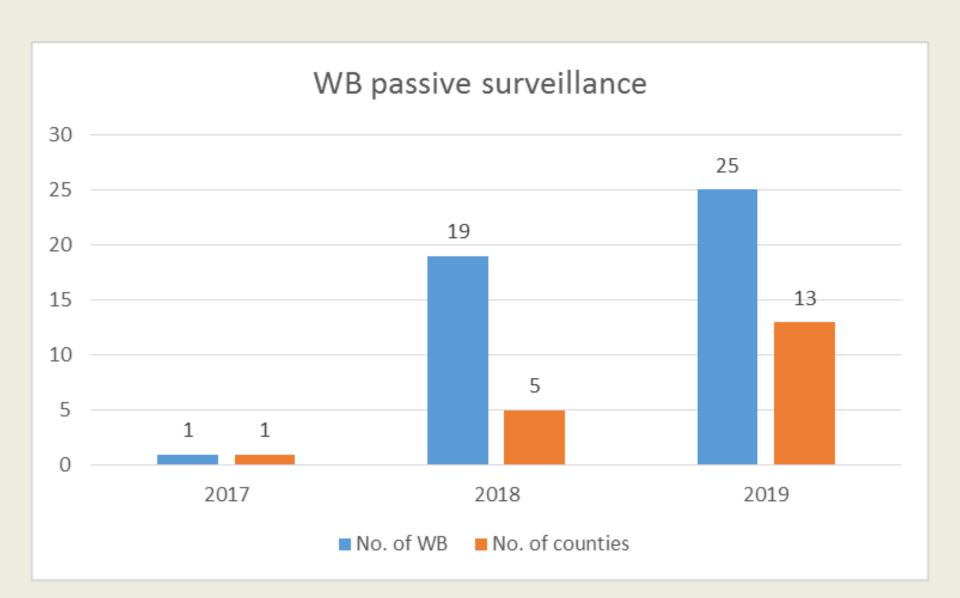




Passive surveillance



Passive surveillance



Pig farms categorisation

- All pig farms categorised by biosecurity level
- Most of farms with low biosecurity level among small farms up to 10 pigs
- Pig register database updated with information on category
- Measures in place for farms with lowest category – movement ban, clinical examination before movement and before onfarm slaughter

Additional measures in place

Domestic pigs

- Farms categorised according biosecurity level
- Outdoor pig farming allowed only after approval by veterinary inspector at farms which fulfilled all conditions: double fence, pigs ear tagged, biosecurity measures fully implemented
- Financial support for farm fencing up to 270 €
- Testing of all dead pigs from farms with less than 100 pigs and 2 first dead pigs per week from farms with more than 100 pigs
- Testing of all abortions
- Ongoing official controls on non-compliant farms

Additional measures in place

Wild boar

- Increased hunting reducing of WB population target: biological minimum
- Active searching and reporting of WB found dead (including road kill)
- Mandatory biosecurity measures implementation
 biosecurity plan in each hunting ground
- Increased activities and surveillance in hunting grounds along Serbian and BIH border

Awareness campaign

Continious

SPRJEČAVANJE IZLAZA SVINJA

Preporuka: Osigurajte da je prostor gdje se drže svinje

- More than 20 workshops with more than 1200 hunters and other participants involved
- All pig holders during categorisation

Biosigurnost, opasnosti-rizici i preporuke KUHINJSKI OTPAD Rizik: Uzročnici bolesti mogu se prenijeti puter hrane te iako neopasni za ljude, za svinje mogu imat katastrofalne posljedice. Afrička i klasična svinjska Preporuka: Do dolaska veterinara krmaču koja Preporuka: Zadržite prijevoznika i vozilo dalje od vaših svinja, na rubu farme - kada je moguće ne dozvolite je pobacila držite odvojeno od ostalih životinja Pobačene plodove, posteljicu, lohije i stelju Preporuka: Propisi zabranjuju korištenje kuhinjskog (restoranskog) otpada u hranidbi svinja. ulaz vozila na područje farme. osigurajte od ostalih svinja i drugih životinja. Nakon što veterinar provede uzorkovanje, pobačene Posebno se to odnosi na meso i ostalu hranu plodove, posteljicu, lohije i stelju neškodljivo uklonite i provedite čišćenje i dezinfekciju prema PTICE I ŠTETNICI **UGINULE SVINJE** Preporuka: Dobro je osigurati vaš posjed zaključavanjem ograde kako bi se spriječio nedozvoljeni ulazak ljudi ili životinja. Osim što na Preporuka: Uginule svinje držite odvojeno od ostalih Preporuka: Redovito provodite kontrolu glodavaca životinja na farmi do otpreme. Otpremanje se vrši putem registriranih prijevoznika nusproizvoda Kategorije 1 u svrhu neškodljivog uklanjanja. i održavajte svoj posjed čistim i urednim - uvijek pokupite rasutu hranu i osigurajte zaštitu skladišta hrane za životinje od glodavaca (štakora i miševa) i

UVOĐENJE NOVIH SVINJA

Preporuka: Uvijek kupujte svinje iz poznatog uzgoja s poznatím zdravstvením statusom. Nove svinie držite ojeno od ostalih minimalno 30 dana i redovno

kontrolirajte ima li kakvih znakova bolesti na njima.

ulazite u prostor s vašim svinjama, a da se prethodno

PREMJEŠTANJE

I PRODAJA SVINJA

Preporuka: Osigurajte da je vaše vozilo uvijek očišćeno i dezinficirano, a obavezno nakon svakog

prijevoza. Prije čišćenja i dezinfekcije, kotači i donji

Najveća prijetnja za zdravlie vaših svinia su druge svinje

Godine dugotrajnog uzgoja mogu biti uništene

Isto kao i ljudi i svinje vrlo lako šire bolesti redusobnim kontaktom.

Izbjegavanje širenja bolesti među svinjama

značajno smanjiti mogućnost za pojavu zdravstvenih problema u vaših svinja i spriječiti širenje bolesti na druge svinje.

Informacije zaprimljene putem ovog letka

Kategorizacija farmi u odnosu na biosigurnost

U svrhu podizanja razine biosigurnosti na farmama svinja provoditi če se kategorizacija farmi u odnosu na primjenu mjera biosigurnosti sukladno broju i namjeni držanja svinja na farmi.

Ovlaštene veterinarske organizacije provoditi će procjenu mjera biosigumosti na farmama svinja prema čemu če se svakoj farmi dodijeliti

Prilikom obilazaka vaših gospodarstava veterinari vam mogu dati sve potrebne savjete kako unaprijediti biosigumost na vašoj farmi

MINISTARSTVO POLJOPRIVREDI

BIOSIGURNOST U UZGOJIMA SVINJA

Vodič za zaštitu zdravlja vaših svinja



"ZDRAVA SVINJA JE SRETNA SVINJA"

Nekoliko jednostavnih aktivnosti može

pomažu vam da se upoznate s glavnim čimbenicima rizika i načinom na koji ih možete Osim veterinarskih savjeta, više o biosigurnosti možete saznati na službenoj stranici:

Uprava za veterinarstvo i sigurnost hrane www.veterinarstvn.hr E-mail adresa: veterinarstvo@mps.hr Kontakt telefon: 01 6443 540



Further activities

- Revision of farm categorisation to increase number of farms with high biosecurity level
- Further enhancing of passive surveillance
- Selective hunting of female WB
- Reward for every person who reports dead WB
- Free phone line
- Active surveillance update of farms selected for testing focus on at risk population in the whole territory
- Increased official controls on farms and hunting grounds
- Increased road and border controls

Acknowledgments

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Veterinarians and veterinary inspectors
Pig holders and all other stakeholders
NRL
VFSD staff



Thank you very much for your attention!