

FOOD FRAUD NETWORK EU-COORDINATED CASE

Illegal treatment of Tuna: from canning grade to Sushi grade





Tuna's normal ageing process

Fresh tuna has a red pigmentation

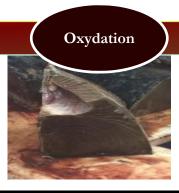
Over time, pigmentation turns dark red and finally brown

Histamine levels also increase

(Freshness indicator)







LOOKS RED and FRESH! ... but it's not!



Injection or immersion in the nitrites solution **to change the brown colour**



Use of nitrites solution (e.g. vegetable extracts, salt etc...)



Illegal treatment



3 Main violations of EU Food Law



Inappropriate freezing to be sold as fresh Tuna

Regulation (EC) n° 853/2004
Any fishery product shall be frozen below -18C.

Exceptionally, for canning industry,
whole tuna initially is tolerated to be frozen in brine at -9C





Change of colour

Additives intended to change tuna's colour are not authorised, and the use of such food additives would mislead the consumer Regulation (EC) 1333/2008 art 6.1





Additives

Treatment of the fish

Treatment of unprocessed fish with nitrites/nitrates (or additives containing high level of nitrites) and/or carbon monoxide is not authorised according to Regulation (EC) 1333/2008





There are even special guides for this illegal practice (openly displayed in Tuna establishments)





Economic gain

Tuna Price Balance for Canning 2-3€/Kg 12-15€/Kg

Calculation

According to the Industry, approximately 25.000 tons of Tuna undergone this treatment in 2016.

Economic gain per 1kg is ~8-10€

Potential gain 200 Million € per year





Scombroid Syndrom* (fresh Tuna) reported in Rasff

	2015	2016	2017 (mostly first Half of the year)
Number of notifications (Histamine in Tuna)	18	12	27
Number of people with scombroid syndrome	59	24	165

Scombroid Syndrom notified in Rasff does not give an exhaustive picture of all cases

High underreporting at national level (hospital/doctors)



Tonno e istamina: "I trattamenti di colorazione aumentano il rischio"



Cesena, mangia sushi e ha un malore: morta dopo 5 giorni. Tra le ipotesi una reazione allergica



- *Scombroid Syndrom: Allergic reaction
- Poisoning may cause respiratory problems
- •In rare cases it may result in Death



Timeline and Food Fraud Criteria



Industry whistleblows on

fraudulent practices in mainly ES, FR, DE, IT

July 2016

SANTE

carries out data analysis (RASFF) and activates the EU Food Fraud Network (FFN)

July -October 2016

SANTE reaction:

- Alert to Member States (PAFF*)
- Warnings to Industry
- Presentation at SeaFood Fair

Nov 2016 - April 2017

Spec

Special Training organised by Industry for

May 2017

Competent Authorities

→ Tips for inspection

Nov 2016 - April 2017

No initial

findings by

MS authorities

(except in FR)

June/July 2017

ES Authorities inspection (SANTE as observer)

Main conclusion: Widespread illegal practices

of EU Food
Law

2. Change of colour
3. Treatment of the fish (unauthorised additives)

2. Intention

1. Violation

- Intentional use of Nitrites (and other additives) to enhance tuna's colour
- Industry warned several times by EC and MS to stop this practice

1. Tuna frozen in brine sold as fresh instead of being canned

3. Economic Gain

• Potentially 200 million € /year

4. Customer Deception

- Poor quality tuna bought as high quality
- Public health issues:
 - 1. increased risk of high level of histamine (allergic syndrom)
 - 2. Nitrites may lead to formation of **nitrosamines** (carcinogenic)

September 2017

Whistleblowers and FFN still reporting on the illegal practices

~80% of EU fresh tuna market



DG SANTE AUDIT to ES, FR, DE, IT

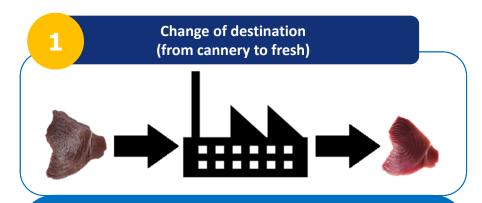
Oct 2017/2018





Tips for inspection/investigation





If tuna frozen in brine and destined to cannery industry gets out with red colour.

The change of colour indicates that an illegal process has taken place.



Trace Backwards the Tuna Is the red tuna from a vessel equipped with ultra low

freezing system (-18C)?



Trace Forward the "nitrites" To which fish industries were the nitrites solutions sold?