

## Transport of lactating cows

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Lactating cows are vulnerable animals and need to be transported with **special care**. Cows in milk that are not regularly milked **can suffer severe pain**, because of increasing pressure in the udder and the higher risk to develop mastitis or other illness. Special care and good transport practices can prevent this.



If a cow can not get up anymore (*downer cow*), call the veterinarian immediately!

## **Preparation for lactating cows**



Remember in the first week after calving, transport is prohibited

If lactating cows are not accompanied by their calves, they must be milked **at least every 12 hours** 

2

If lactating cows are to be transported in long journeys, make sure that the control post(s) has **milking facilities** 

3

Even better! Provide water and feed when milking and make sure that the cows can eat / drink before you load them to resume the journey

Always **calmly unload** the cows into the milking parlor of the control post

For lactating cows, optimum temperature is between 5°C to 15°C. Below 5°C, cows need extra warmth - especially if air draught and high humidity. Do not transport when over 30°C.

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Food Safety