EUROPEAN COMMISSION

Health and Food Safety Directorate General

sante.ddg2.g.5(2021)200270

Standing Committee on Plants, Animals, Food and Feed Section Animal Nutrition 14 - 16 September 2020

CIRCABC Link: https://circabc.europa.eu/w/browse/40d5080d-9f28-41e8-a979-037bf8a6bf19

SUMMARY REPORT

As mentioned in the invitation to the meeting sent out on 1 September 2020, the meeting was **held via Web Conferencing (WebEx)** due to the situation regarding the outbreak of the COVID-19 virus.

The invitation provided relevant information concerning the modalities of the WebEx meeting and referred to the use of the written procedure for the delivery of the Committee opinions on the draft implementing acts under Section B of the meeting's agenda.

During the meeting, the following introductory statements were made by a representative of the Commission:

- The confidentiality obligations required by Article 13 of the standard rules of procedure for Committees and referred to in the invitation to the meeting, were recalled
- The modalities for the delivery of the Committee opinions on the draft acts under Section B of the meeting's agenda by written procedure, were explained.

Section A <u>Information and/or discussion</u>

A.01 Feed Additives - Applications under Regulation (EC) No 1831/2003 Art. 4, 14 or

Documents were sent to the Member States.

A.02 Feed Additives - Applications under Regulation (EC) No 1831/2003 Art. 9.

A.02.01 Safety and efficacy of Avatec® 150G (lasalocid A sodium) as a feed additive for chickens for fattening and chickens reared for laying

After the discussion, a vast majority of Member States has requested to withdraw the additive from the EU market.

A.02.02 Safety and efficacy of DSP® (Na2EDTA, tannin-rich extract of Castanea sativa, thyme oil and origanum oil) for pigs for fattening

After the discussion, the Member States requested to verify the possible use as VMP before taking conclusions on this product.

A.02.03 Safety and efficacy of BioWorma® (Duddingtonia flagrans NCIMB 30336) as a feed additive for all grazing animals

After the discussion, the Member States requested the Commission to ask for supplementary information from the applicant.

A.02.04 Safety and efficacy of STABILFLOR® as a zootechnical feed additive for pigs for fattening

After the discussion, the Member States requested to verify the possible use as VMP before taking conclusions on this product.

A.02.05 Efficacy of Cygro® 10G (maduramicin ammonium-a) for turkeys

The Committee has been informed that the applicant withdrew the application and the additive will be withdrawn from the EU market.

A.02.06 Sorbitan monolaurate as a feed additive for all animal species – Annex

A discussion was held. A draft Regulation will be proposed at a future meeting.

A.02.07 Lactobacillus buchneri DSM 29026 as a silage additive for all animal species – Annex

A discussion was held. A draft Regulation will be proposed at a future meeting.

A.02.08 Assessment of the application for renewal of the authorisation of Saccharomyces cerevisiae CNCM I-4407 as a feed additive for calves for rearing – Annex

A discussion was held. A draft Regulation will be proposed at a future meeting.

A.02.09 Vermiculite as a feed additive for pigs, poultry, bovines, sheep, goats, rabbits and horses

A discussion was held. Supplementary information will be requested to the applicant to complete the evaluation.

A.02.10 Preparation of fumonisin esterase produced by *Komagataella phaffii* DSM 32159 as a feed additive – Annex

A discussion was held. A draft Regulation will be proposed at a future meeting.

A.02.11 Lactobacillus parafarraginis DSM 32962 as a silage additive – Annex

A discussion was held. A draft Regulation will be proposed at a future meeting.

A.02.12 Hydroxypropyl cellulose

A discussion was held. Supplementary information will be requested to the applicant to complete the evaluation.

A.02.13 Microcrystalline cellulose

A discussion was held. Supplementary information will be requested to the applicant to complete the evaluation.

A.02.14 Methyl cellulose

A discussion was held. Supplementary information will be requested to the applicant to complete the evaluation.

A.02.15 Hydroxypropyl methyl cellulose

A discussion was held. Supplementary information will be requested to the applicant to complete the evaluation.

A.02.16 Ethyl cellulose

A discussion was held. Supplementary information will be requested to the applicant to complete the evaluation.

A.02.17 Sodium carboxymethyl cellulose

A discussion was held. Supplementary information will be requested to the applicant to complete the evaluation.

A.02.18 L-tryptophan produced by fermentation with Corynebacterium glutamicum KCCM 80176 for all animal species (FAD-2018-0033)

The Committee was informed about the re-published opinion for this feed additive, which had been already authorised.

A.02.19 3-phytase produced by Komagataella phaffii (CECT 13094) as a feed additive for pigs for fattening, minor porcine species, turkeys for fattening and reared for breeding (FAD-2017-0023 and FAD-2019-0041)

The EFSA opinions, which conclude that the additive is safe and efficacious, were discussed. A draft authorisation Regulation will be proposed in one of the next Committee meetings.

A.02.20 6-phytase produced by Komagataella phaffii (DSM 32854) as a feed additive for suckling and weaned piglets, pigs for fattening, sows, other minor pig species for fattening and other minor reproductive pig species (FAD-2019-0042) – Annex entry

The EFSA opinion was discussed, which concluded that the additive is safe and efficacious. A draft authorisation Regulation will be proposed.

A.02.21 L-lysine sulfate produced by fermentation using Corynebacterium glutamicum KFCC 11043 as feed additive for all animal (FAD-2019-0015) – Annex entry $\frac{1}{2}$

The EFSA opinion was discussed, which concluded that the additive is safe and efficacious. A draft authorisation Regulation will be proposed.

A.02.22. Authorisation of tincture derived from Artemisia vulgaris L. (Mugwort tincture) as a feed additive for all animal species – Annex entry

The draft Annex entry was discussed. A draft Regulation will be proposed at a future meeting.

A.03 Ethoxyquin as a feed additive: extension of the suspension measure.

The Commission's representative presented the working document sent to the Committee as a follow-up to the conclusion reached at the last Committee meeting concerning the extension of the suspension of the authorisation of the additive ethoxyquin. That document will serve as a basis for the preparation of the draft measure which will be submitted to the Committee in view of an opinion, possibly at the next Committee meeting.

Further to a delegation's request, an updated roadmap concerning the data still to be submitted to EFSA will be sought from the applicant and communicated to the Committee.

An exchange of views took place, including on official controls issues deriving from the status of ethoxyquin as non-authorised additive and the finding of low levels of ethoxyquin possibly resulting from cross-contamination, the appropriateness to have a common enforcement approach as regards such findings, the envisaged measure concerning the impurity p-phenetidine under the "undesirable substances" legislation and the development of appropriate analytical methods.

A.04 Feed marketing Regulation (EC) N° 767/2009.

A.04.01 Revision of Regulation 68/2013 on the Catalogue of feed materials

The Committee discussed a new version of the draft to revise the Catalogue of feed materials, in particular the use of the qualifiers, the definition of "extraction", the hemp entries and the new structure of Chapter 12. The delegations have 4 weeks time to send their written comments in order to allow the presentation of a revised version at the next Committee meeting.

A.04.02 Discussion of borderline products, including arbitrary entries in the Register of feed materials

RNA: The Committee continued the discussion about the legal status of a biomass rich in RNA. A manufacturer of such a product presented supplementary information to justify its consideration as feed material (Yeasts products, Catalogue entry 12.1.12). The Committee investigated in the nutritional value of the product and its functionality in animal nutrition. The Committee will come back on the issue.

A.04.03 Parnuts state of play

The Commission's representative informed the Committee about a new application to extend the particular nutritional purpose "Support in stressful situations which will lead to the reduction of associated behaviour" from dogs to cats. The respective dossier has been made available to the Member States via Circa BC.

A.04.04 Language for the labelling in case of sales via internet

Further to a question raised by a delegation, the issue of the application of Article 14(1) of Regulation (EC) No 767/2003 in case of electronic sales was the subject of an exchange of views during the meeting.

As a conclusion, the following interpretation was proposed: considering the broad legal definition of the concept of "placing on the market" and the objectives of Regulation (EC) No 767/2009 as regards the labelling requirements, notably the provision of understandable information to purchasers to enable them to make an informed choice for their needs, the labelling particulars must be given in the official language or at least one of the official languages of the Member State or region where the seller is located and where the purchaser is located.

This rule applies also in case of imported feed, for which a representative established in the EU is required in accordance with Article 24 of Regulation (EC) No 183/2005 and taking into account that the person responsible for the labelling, as referred to in Article 12(2) of Regulation (EC) No 767/2009, must be established in the EU.

The choice of the language(s), in which the mandatory labelling particulars of a certain feed are published in the internet, determines, in line with the language requirement mentioned above, the Member State(s) where the respective feed may be placed on the market.

Article 11(3) of Regulation (EC) No 767/2009 lays down the modalities for providing the labelling particulars where feed is offered for sale by means of distance communication, as referred to in Directive 2011/83/EU (which repealed Directive 97/7/EC).

As established in Article 14(3) of Regulation (EC) No 767/2009, the inclusion of specifications relating to feed labelling in case of sales via electronic media into the Community Codes of good labelling practice is deemed to be appropriate.

A.05 Safety and efficacy of lutein and lutein/zeaxanthin extracts from Tagetes erecta for poultry for fattening and laying (except turkeys).

A correcting Regulation would be necessary to correct the recommended levels for the active substance.

A.06 Denmark request: discussion of the change of taxonomic name of Lactobacillus genus.

The Danish delegation presented the document related to the request. A discussion took place, which pointed out the possible impact of the changes on the EU and external market. The Commission confirmed that this modification does not have any impact on the additives already authorised, since the authorisations given, using the old nomenclature, are still valid and there is therefore no need to modify those authorisations to align to new denominations. However, this modification will be brought for the additives linked to a holder of authorisation under Article 13(3) of Regulation (EC) No 1831/2003, if requested by the holder. For generic authorisations, this modification will apply at the time of the renewal. Nevertheless, the Commission is aware of the possible consequences of this modification for the EU industry on the extra-EU market, so the EU Register of Feed Additives will be adapted in the most appropriate way to provide the information on the taxonomic modification of Lactobacilli.

A.07 RASFF

The Commission's representative informed the Committee on the RASFF notifications related to undesirable substances in animal feed, issued since the meeting of the Committee in June 2020.

The notifications related to a too high level/content of:

- aflatoxins in groundnut kernels India, US and Argentina (3);
- fluoride (2850 mg/kg) in monocalciumphosphate from Lithuania;
- arsenic (13 mg/kg) in complementary feed for piglets from Netherlands;
- lead in magnesium oxide from Turkey (21 mg/kg) and in fodder yeast from Russia (7.40 mg/kg);
- dioxins (29.6 pg/g) in zinc oxide from Germany;
- DDT in fishmeal from Morocco (0.06 mg/kg);
- ragweed seeds (3055 mg/kg) in organic sunflower seeds from Hungary;
- cyanide (452 mg/kg) in linseeds from Belgium;

- mineral oil (contamination with technical oil) in feed for cattle and horses from Belgium. It related to a leak of technical oil in a truck while unloading, contaminating the feed. Since the problem of the leak might have occurred already a certain time period, all feed transported in that period are possibly affected by the oil contamination.

All customers of possibly affected feed have been informed;

- matrine in Artemisia/artichoke extracts from China (0.7-1.9 mg/kg). Matrine is an alkaloid which naturally occurs in plants of the family *Sophora* and which is used as acaricide and insecticide. The active substance matrine has never been approved as plant protection product in the EU;
- chlorpyrifos (0.628 mg/kg) in sunflower seeds from Bulgaria. The Committee was informed of Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/1085, by which the MRL of 0.01 mg/kg (limit of analytical determination) becomes applicable as from 13 November 2020.

The attention was drawn to the RASFF notification related to the improper production of various compound feeds, which was related to an error in mixing by one manufacturer in Germany, by which there is a potential high carry-over of various additives into various compound feeds.

A.08 Undesirable substances.

- Approach to regulate mycotoxins in feed

The guidance levels for mycotoxins (deoxynivalenol (DON), T-2 and HT-2 toxin, zearalenone and fumonisins) currently under discussion for compound feed are directly derived from reference points for adverse animal health effects (and exceedance of these guidance levels might consequently result in adverse animal health effects). Therefore, it might be appropriate to establish the levels for compound feed as maximum levels (in the frame of Directive 2002/32/EC) to protect the animal health while maintaining the approach of guidance levels for feed materials, based on available occurrence data, in a Recommendation to ensure flexibility and reasonable use of resources according to seasonal variation.

A letter from FEFAC arguing against this possible approach was received. Also at the mycotoxin forum on 4 September 2020, several stakeholders expressed their concern as regards maximum levels for mycotoxins in feed and this also in the light of climate change, the large year-to-year variation of presence of mycotoxins in feed materials, limitation of the application of certain mitigation measures to prevent/reduce the presence of mycotoxins as the consequence of certain policy initiatives foreseen in the EU Farm to Fork Strategy.

Delegations expressed different views regarding the approach to take in order to manage the risks for animal health related to the presence of mycotoxins in feed. It was agreed to further discuss this issue in detail at a planned meeting of the Working Group "Undesirable Substances in feed".

- Appropriateness of regulatory provisions for nickel in certain feed materials in Directive 2002/32/EC

The feed catalogue provides that fatty acid products (entries 13.6. 2, 3, 4, 6 and 7 in feed catalogue) and (crude) glycerine (entries 13.8.1. and 2 in feed catalogue) may contain up to 50 ppm nickel, but if the nickel content is above 20 ppm, the nickel content

has to be compulsory labelled. Available occurrence data indicate that a maximum level of 20 ppm is achievable.

In addition, possible maximum levels were suggested for minerals and products derived thereof (feed materials), feed additives belonging to the functional group of compounds of trace elements and feed additives belonging to the functional groups of binders and anticaking agents (including mycotoxin binders and radionuclide binders).

Comments were received from Greece as regards the presence of nickel in magnesium oxide and information from EMFEMA on the presence of nickel in magnesium oxide, manganese compounds, zinc compounds, sepiolite and bentonite.

An exchange of views took place. The Committee found it appropriate to establish a maximum level of 20 ppm for nickel in fatty acid products and (crude) glycerine in the frame of Directive 2002/32/EC. It was also concluded that it was not necessary to consider maximum levels for nickel in minerals and derived products and in feed additives belonging to the functional group of trace elements and binders and anticaking agents (including mycotoxins and binders).

- Specific topics (to be specified)

Given the lack of time, it was agreed to discuss the different topics in more detail at the planned meeting of the Working Group "Undesirable Substances in Feed".

A.09 Review of Regulation (EU) 152/2009.

A few delegations indicated to have still some technical comments, which would need to be discussed at technical level in the Working Group "Methods of Analysis". The Commission's representative indicated to organise the meeting of the Working Group in the near future to discuss and address the technical comments before pursuing the discussion on the draft Regulation in the Committee.

A.10 Information point on EU-UK readiness and preparedness as from 1 January 2021.

The Member States were invited before the meeting to submit in written form any questions they had relating to actions needed to implement the EU-UK Withdrawal Agreement. No questions were submitted by the Member States. A Commission's representative updated the Member States on the state of play and invited the Member States to present any questions that may arise at the next Committee meeting, where the Information point will be put again on the agenda.

Section B Drafts presented for discussion prior to an opinion by written procedure

The documents concerning the items under this section were communicated to the Committee members in advance of the meeting for possible comments.

During the meeting, an exchange of views took place on each of the 18 draft measures in order to reach an agreement on the content of the respective documents.

After the meeting, a final version of the documents resulting from the discussions held during the meeting was sent to the Committee members for possible rectification or editorial comments, with a deadline for reply set on 21 September 2020.

In accordance with Article 3(5) of Regulation (EU) No 182/2011, the **written procedure** for the delivery of the Committee opinion on the 18 draft Implementing Regulations concerned was launched on 22 September 2020 with a deadline set on 29 September 2020.

Member States representatives were informed on the outcome of the written procedure by a note sent on 7 October 2020. The Committee opinion delivered on each draft measure is mentioned below in relation to items B.01 to B.18.

B.01 Exchange of views and possible opinion of the Committee on a draft Commission Implementing Regulation concerning the authorisation of the preparation of Bacillus subtilis DSM 25841 as a feed additive for all porcine species, including sows, other than sows in order to have a benefit in suckling piglets (holder of authorisation Chr. Hansen A/S)

The draft refers to the authorisation of a microorganism as feed additive.

Vote taken: Favourable opinion.

B.02 Exchange of views and possible opinion of the Committee on a draft Commission Implementing Regulation concerning the renewal of the authorisation of the preparation of citric acid, sorbic acid, thymol and vanillin as a feed additive for all porcine species (weaned), chickens for fattening, chickens reared for laying, all minor avian species for fattening and all minor avian species reared for laying and repealing Regulations (EU) No 1117/2010 and (EU) No 849/2012 (holder of authorisation Vetagro SpA)

The draft refers to the authorisation of a microorganism as feed additive.

Vote taken: Favourable opinion.

B.03 Exchange of views and possible opinion of the Committee on a draft Commission Implementing Regulation concerning the authorisation of *Bacillus subtilis* DSM 32324, *Bacillus subtilis* DSM 32325 and *Bacillus amyloliquefaciens* DSM 25840 DSM 25840 as a feed additive for all poultry species for fattening or reared for laying/breeding (holder of authorisation Chr. Hansen A/S)

The draft refers to the authorisation *Bacillus subtilis* DSM 32324, *Bacillus subtilis* DSM 32325 and *Bacillus amyloliquefaciens* DSM 25840 as a zootechnical additive for all poultry species for fattening or reared for laying or reared for breeding.

Vote taken: Favourable opinion.

B.04 Exchange of views and possible opinion of the Committee on a draft Commission Implementing Regulation concerning the authorisation of montmorillonite-Illite for all animal species

The draft refers to the authorisation of montmorillonite-illite as anticaking agent in complementary feedingstuffs for all animal species.

Vote taken: Favourable opinion.

B.05 Exchange of views and possible opinion of the Committee on a draft Commission Implementing Regulation concerning the renewal of the authorisation of *Pediococcus pentosaceus* DSM 16244 as a feed additive for all animal species

The draft refers to the renewal of the authorisation of *Pediococcus pentosaceus* DSM 16244 as a silage additive for all animal species.

Vote taken: Favourable opinion.

B.06 Exchange of views and possible opinion of the Committee on a draft Commission Implementing Regulation concerning the authorisation of *Bacillus coagulans* DSM 32016 as a feed additive for suckling and weaned suidae, poultry for fattening and ornamental birds (holder of authorisation Biochem Zusatzstoffe Handels- und Produktionsges. mbH)

The draft refers to the authorisation of *Bacillus coagulans* DSM 32016 as a zootechnical additive for suckling and weaned Suidae piglets, poultry for fattening and ornamental birds.

Vote taken: Favourable opinion.

B.07 Exchange of views and possible opinion of the Committee on a draft Commission Implementing Regulation the authorisation of disodium 5'-inosinate produced by fermentation with *Corynebacterium stationis* KCCM 80161 as a feed additive for all animal species

The draft refers to the authorisation of a flavouring for all animal species.

Vote taken: Favourable opinion.

B.08 Exchange of views and possible opinion of the Committee on a draft Commission Implementing Regulation the authorisation of L-cysteine monohydrochloride monohydrate produced by fermentation using *Escherichia coli KCCM 80109 and Escherichia coli KCCM 80197* as a feed additive for all animal species.

The draft refers to the authorisation of a flavouring for all animal species.

Vote taken: Favourable opinion.

B.09 Exchange of views and possible opinion of the Committee on a draft Commission Implementing Regulation the authorisation of monosodium L-glutamate monohydrate produced by *Corynebacterium glutamicum KCCM 80188* as a feed additive for all animal species.

The draft refers to the authorisation of a flavouring for all animal species.

Vote taken: Favourable opinion.

B.10 Exchange of views and possible opinion of the Committee on a draft Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) concerning the authorisation of iron chelate of lysine and glutamic acid as a feed additive for all animal species.

The draft refers to the authorisation of iron chelate of lysine and glutamic acid as a feed additive for all animal species.

Vote taken: Favourable opinion.

B.11 Exchange of views and possible opinion of the Committee on a draft Commission Implementing Regulation concerning the renewal of the authorisation of selenomethionine produced by *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* CNCM I-3399 with the new name 'selenised yeast *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* CNCM I-3399' as a feed additive, and repealing Regulation (EC) No 900/2009.

The draft refers to the renewal of the authorisation of selenised yeast *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* CNCM I-3399 as a feed additive for all animal species.

Vote taken: Favourable opinion.

B.12 Exchange of views and possible opinion of the Committee on a draft Commission Implementing Regulation concerning the authorisation of L-glutamine produced by *Corynebacterium glutamicum* NITE BP-02524 as a feed additive for all animal species.

The draft refers to the authorisation of L-glutamine produced by *Corynebacterium glutamicum* NITE BP-02524 for all animal species.

Vote taken: Favourable opinion.

B.13 Exchange of views and possible opinion of the Committee on a draft Commission Implementing Regulation concerning the authorisation of L-valine produced by *Escherichia coli* KCCM 80159 as a feed additive for all animal species.

The draft refers to the authorisation of L-valine produced by *Escherichia coli* KCCM 80159 for all animal species.

Vote taken: Favourable opinion.

B.14 Exchange of views and possible opinion of the Committee on a draft Commission Implementing Regulation concerning the authorisation of L-lysine monohydrochloride produced by *Corynebacterium glutamicum* DSM 32932 and L-lysine sulfate produced by *Corynebacterium glutamicum* KFCC 11043 as feed additives for all animal species, and amending Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2020/997.

The draft refers to the authorisation of L-lysine monohydrochloride produced by *Corynebacterium glutamicum* DSM 32932 and L-lysine sulfate produced by *Corynebacterium glutamicum* KFCC 11043 for all animal species.

Vote taken: Favourable opinion.

B.15 Exchange of views and possible opinion of the Committee on a draft Commission Implementing Regulation concerning the renewal of the authorisation of L-histidine monohydrochloride monohydrate produced *Escherichia coli* ATCC 9637 as a feed additive for salmonids and its extension of use to other finfish, and repealing Regulation (EC) No 244/2007.

The draft refers to the renewal of the authorisation of L-histidine monohydrochloride monohydrate produced by *Escherichia coli* ATCC 9637 as a feed additive for salmonids and its extension of use to other finfish.

Vote taken: Favourable opinion.

B.16 Exchange of views and possible opinion of the Committee on a draft Commission Implementing Regulation concerning the authorisation of a preparation of 6-phytase produced by a *Komagataella phaffii* CGMCC 12056 as a feed additive for laying hens and other laying birds (holder of authorisation Andrés Pintaluba S.A).

The draft refers to the authorisation of an enzyme as feed additive.

Vote taken: Favourable opinion.

B.17 Exchange of views and possible opinion of the Committee on a draft Commission Implementing Regulation concerning the authorisation of a preparation of 6-phytase produced by *Komagataella phaffii* DSM 32854 as a feed additive for chickens for fattening, turkeys for fattening, laying hens, chickens and turkeys for breeding, turkeys for laying for breeding, minor poultry species for laying and breeding, ornamental birds, suckling and weaned piglets, pigs for fattening, sows, other minor pig species for fattening and other minor reproductive pig species (holder of authorisation: Huvepharma EOOD).

The draft refers to the authorisation of an enzyme as feed additive.

Vote taken: Favourable opinion.

B.18 Exchange of views and possible opinion of the Committee on a draft Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) amending Regulation (EC) No 429/2008 on detailed rules for the implementation of Regulation (EC) No 1831/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards the preparation and the presentation of applications and the assessment and the authorisation of feed additives ("Transparency Regulation")

The Commission's representative presented the last version of the draft measure, which concerns the amendment to Commission Regulation (EC) No 429/2008 as a result of Regulation (EU) 2019/1382 ("Transparency Regulation").

The Committee was informed about the outcome of the feedback consultation on this draft, which ran for a period of 4 weeks from 31 July 2020 until 28 August 2020. During this period 5 feedbacks were submitted by different stakeholders. The comments relate mainly to the following issues:

- the possibility of confusion for applicants due to the fact that, during the initial period of application of the Transparency Regulation, some applications for the authorisation of a feed additive will contain studies that need to be notified and studies that don't have to be notified;
- the need for time for the applicants to familiarise with the new process and the new platform;
- the fact that the time period required for an application will increase as a consequence of the Transparency Regulation;
- the need of an additional transitional period for the entry into application of the Transparency Regulation, as a consequence of the concerns raised;

and some formal and editorial suggestions.

In response to the comments received, the Commission's representative explained to the Committee members how those contributions were considered and taken into account in view of the submitted draft measure. Member States' representatives were then given the possibility to express their views on the draft measure and on the outcome of the public consultation.

Vote taken: Favourable opinion.

$\begin{array}{ccc} \textbf{M.01} & \textbf{Application regarding per lite as a feed additive (EFSA-Q-2014-00457-FAD-2010-2010)} \end{array}$

The Commission's representative informed that after EFSA's Opinion adopted on 7 May 2020 (EFSA Journal 2020;18(5):6138), the applicant has withdrawn the application.