

Amendments to Commission Delegated Regulations (EU) 2020/688 and 2020/689

SANTE/G2

AHAC meeting
10 November 2023

- Amendments:
 - EHD: more diverse risk mitigation possibilities for movement between MS
 - Captive birds: movements on from exhibitions to other MS
 - Equine animals: longer time frame for pre-movement checks
 - BVD testing: a new method authorised and added

Infection with epizootic haemorrhagic disease virusbackground

- Listed disease categorised as D
- Listed species: Antilocapridae, Bovidae, Camelidae, Cervidae, Giraffidae, Moschidae, Tragulidae
- Autumn 2022, EHD notified for the first time in EU
- Current approach in DR (EU) 2020/688
 - For movements of kept bovines, small ruminants, camelids, cervids, other kept ungulates and wild terrestrial animals
 - No outbreaks in 150 km for two years prior to movement
 - Not applicable to animals intended for slaughter



Infection with epizootic haemorrhagic disease virus-proposed approach (article 9 and articles 10,15, 23, 26 and 29)

- Three possibilities for movements (kept bovines, small ruminants, camelids, cervids, other kept ungulates)
 - No outbreaks in two years in 150 km before movement
 - Outbreaks, but animals are either in a seasonally free area or in a vector protected establishment and tested
 - No EHD requirements in MS of destinations agrees, inform other MS and the Commission and accept animals under those conditions from any MS
- Animals intended for slaughter should be slaughtered in 24 hours (in the cases described in the two last bullet points above)



Article 67 – movements of captive birds which participated to an exhibition in another Member State but are not coming back to their Member State of origin



- In the current text, captive birds which participated to an exhibition in another MS shall go back to their MS of origin
- Paragraphs 4 and 5 are amended to authorise the movement of such birds to another MS (not the MS of origin) and establish the conditions for it
- Intra EU certificate delivered at the exhibition, based on the original, signed by official veterinarian
- Model to be inserted in Annex I of Regulation (EU) 2021/403



Article 91(2)(b) – time frame for clinical examination-Equine animals



(b) within the last 48 hours before departure from the establishment of origin in relation to equine animals, or, on the last working day before departure from the establishment of origin, in the case of equine animals referred to in Article 92(2)



- State of play
 - Scrutiny period finalised
 - Publication on 14 November 2023 as CDR (EU) 2023/2515
 - Entry into force on the 21th day after publication



- Amendments:
 - Target population for surveillance programmes (HPAI in mammals)
 - Pathways to gain disease-freedom (freedom based on historical and surveillance data)
 - Maintenance of status free from infection with NDV without vaccination



Targeted animal population-USP

Objective

- To supplement surveillance rules to allow competent authorities to implement surveillance in animal species that are currently not included in the design of the surveillance programmes
- This amendment will further enable and support competent authorities to conduct structured surveillance for HPAI in mammals as appropriate



Pathways to gain disease freedom

Objective:

Make it possible to gain disease-free status based on historical and surveillance data without limitations related to the disease or any time limit

Maintenance of status free from infection with NDV without vaccination

Objective:

• Further clarify the criteria to maintain the status following an outbreak



- State of play
 - Already in force as Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2023/1798 of 10 July 2023



Thank you



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