

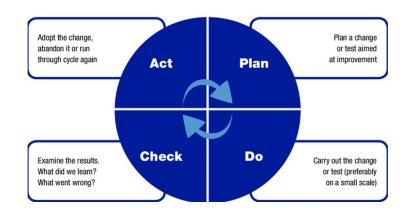
ANIMAL WELFARE INDICATORS

OVERVIEW REPORT SANTE MR-2021-7319

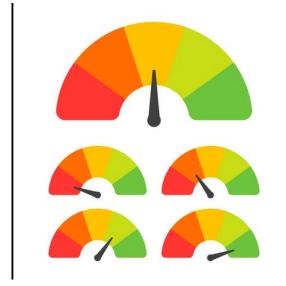
Ana Ramírez Vela

Head of Unit SANTE F2

PROJECT OBJECTIVE



Quality management system for official controls?



Use of indicators:

- Extend and seriousness of problems
- To report outcomes



REPORT METHODOLOGY



7 audits



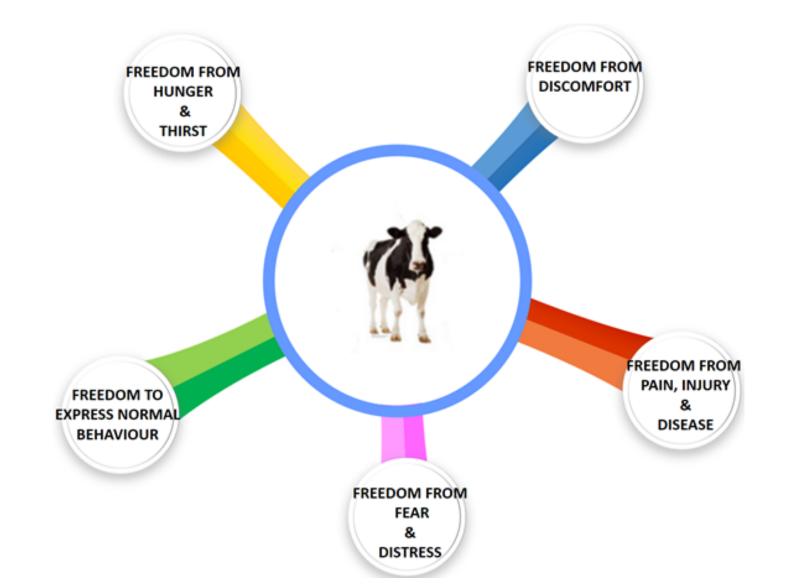
Meetings (academia, quality schemes, industry)



Questionnaires to Member States Questionnaires to private veterinarians

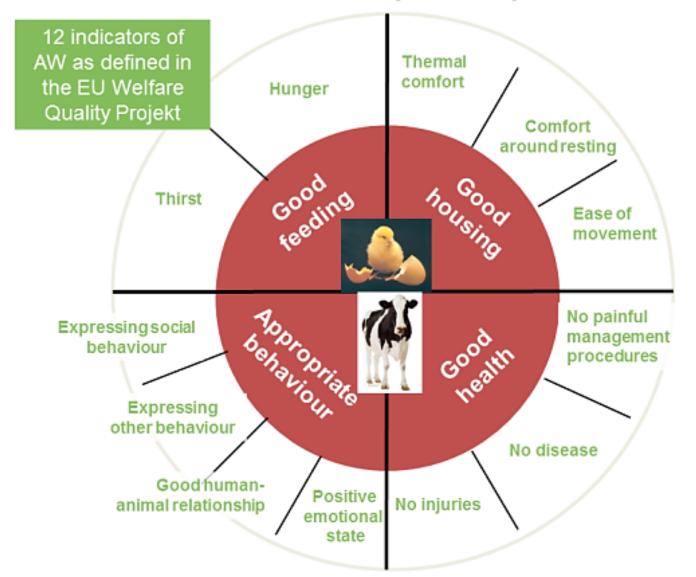


ANIMAL WELFARE IS COMPLEX





The indicator concept: example of Welfare

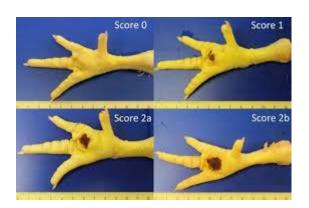


(after Keeling 2011)

European
Commission

ANIMAL WELFARE INDICATORS

Animal-based





Normal

Stands and walks normally. Hind feet land almost exactly in same spot as fore feet.

Mildly Lame

Shortened stride, head dropped slightly. No limp when walking.

Moderately Lame

Slight head bob when walking. Head is dropped and back arched when standing.

Severely Lame

Constant arched back and head bob while walking. Great difficulty moving.

Resource-based





Management-based



Productivity??



Risk factors

Consequences



INPUT

Resources available (resource- based measures)

Management practices (management -

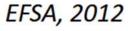
based measures)



OUTCOME

Response of animal (Animal-based measures)

Indicate the animal's welfare (welfare indicator)





VIEWS OF STAKEHOLDERS

- Private veterinarians
- Member States
- Quality schemes



COMPLIANCE

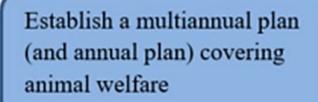
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IDEAL WELLBEING



Quality management of official controls

Act

Do



Monitor and measure against policy, objectives, legal requirements, etc. Implement the controls

Take actions to improve continuously animal welfare



MEASURING COMPLIANCE

- Objective/target: what is the outcome we want
- Baseline: where are we now for certain parameter
- Measure: What, How, When, Who

Risk-based inspections: efficient use of resources, but not useful to measure compliance. The better they are, the more non-compliances they find



- >MANCPs : no specific objectives AW outcomes
- >Generally no baselines
- ➤ Some MS→ generic targets (e.g. achieve >85 % of compliant farms)
- > Reports: no analysis of non-compliances



USE OF INDICATORS BY MS

- Mainly legal requirements (foot pad dermatitis, density...)
- Pigs: FI, SE monitor length tails
- Movement towards indicators



PROJECTS FOR CAP FUNDS

ABSENCE OF

- AW situation before the project
- Parameters they will use to demonstrate improvement (CAP indicators)
- How to monitor those parameters
- Target to achieve



QUALITY SCHEMES

- Resource-based
- Animal-based
- Continuous improvement



CHALLENGES

- Comparability
- Lack of consensus between stakeholders
- Many indicators for determine real welfare
- Need of data analysis
- Drivers
- Many quality schemes
- Stakeholder's engagement



CONCLUSION

- Promising developments to find indicators
- Reporting from MS does not give clear picture
- Challenges to assess compliance
- Projects for CAP: absence of necessary elements to see impact
- AW IS COMPLEX- use of legal requirements
- Mainly focus on provision of resources

