

Title

**Summary of the Literature Review for A5547-127 soybean  
October 1, 2019– September 30, 2019**

**Report**

Data or Guideline Requirement

Explanatory note on literature searching  
conducted in the context of GMO applications for (renewed) market authorization  
and annual post-market environmental monitoring reports on GMOs authorised in the EU market.  
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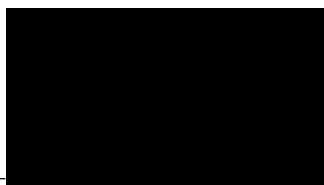
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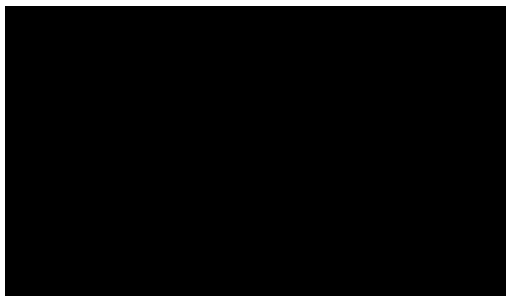
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**SIGNATURE PAGE**

















Principal author:



Date

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**STUDY PERSONNEL**

<b>Electronic database search</b>	
<b>Manual search</b>	   
<b>Stage 1 assessment</b>	 
<b>Stage 2 assessment</b>	<u>Food and Feed safety</u>   <u>Molecular characterization</u>   <u>Environmental safety</u>  
<b>Report</b>	  

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## SUMMARY

Glycine max (soybean) plants were transformed by direct gene transfer using transformation vector pB2/35SAcK. The vector contains a *pat* gene cassette conferring tolerance to the herbicide glufosinateammonium and the betalactamase (*bla*) antibiotic resistance gene. Prior to transformation, the vector was digested with the *PvuI* restriction enzyme to disrupt the coding sequence of the *bla* gene and thereby removing any remote possibility of its expression. The OECD identifier is ACS-GMØØ6-4.

A scoping review was performed for the A5547-127 soybean and its newly expressed protein, phosphinothricin acetyltransferase. The objective of this scoping review was to determine if there were studies about the molecular characterization of A5547-127 soybean, its effect on food and feed safety, or in environmental safety, that might require in-depth examination. A set of broad literature searches was performed using several bibliographic databases covering scientific literature from October 1, 2019 to September 30, 2020. Additional sources of information, such as web pages of food safety, agriculture, and biotechnology-related authorities were searched for the same time window, along with the bibliographies of relevant reviews. The references identified were evaluated for potential relevance to the scoping review questions according to pre-defined criteria.

These literature searches identified a total of 222 unique publications, which were subject to rapid assessment to exclude obviously irrelevant publications. A total of eight publications were progressed for detailed assessment. All but one publications were determined to be not relevant after detailed review. The publication found to be relevant did not have any negative impact on the safety assessment of A5547-127 soybean and, in fact, supports the existing safety assessment.

No new publications were found that contained new data on the molecular characterization of the A5547-127 soybean and its newly expressed protein, phosphinothricin acetyltransferase. Similarly, no new publications were found that suggested any potential adverse effects of this soybean on human health, animal health, or the environment.

In summary, these literature searches and review of the retrieved publications identified only one relevant publication. This relevant publication supports the existing safety assessment of the A5547-127 soybean.

## 1. INTRODUCTION

*Glycine max* (soybean) plants were transformed by direct gene transfer using transformation vector pB2/35SAcK. The vector contains a pat gene cassette conferring tolerance to the herbicide glufosinateammonium and the betalactamase (*bla*) antibiotic resistance gene. Prior to transformation, the vector was digested with the *PvuI* restriction enzyme to disrupt the coding sequence of the *bla* gene and thereby removing any remote possibility of its expression. The OECD identifier is ACS-GMØØ6-4.

The objective of the literature searches described here was to determine if there were publications published between October 1, 2019 and September 30, 2020 that mention the molecular characterization of the A5547-127 soybean, and/or any adverse effect of A5547-127 soybean in food, feed or the environment. In that context, a broad and inclusive literature search was performed and the articles retrieved were reviewed in a comprehensive and transparent manner. This was intended as a scoping review. The literature review was performed as recommended in the European Food Safety Authority (EFSA) explanatory note on literature searching conducted in the context of Genetically Modified Organisms (GMO)<sup>1</sup> applications and post-market environmental monitoring activities (2019).

The literature searches were performed for the A5547-127 soybean and its newly expressed protein phosphinothricin acetyltransferase. The search terms also included relevant synonyms, trade name, intended trait, plant species and general GMO terms.

## 2. OVERALL METHODS

### 2.1. Objective of the scoping review

The objective of the scoping review was to survey the evidence base for the A5547-127 soybean and its newly expressed protein phosphinothricin acetyltransferase, in order to identify any specific issues related to food or feed safety, molecular characterization or environmental safety that might require in-depth examination.

### 2.2. Review questions

Review questions were formulated to conform to PECO structure (Population, Exposure, Comparators, Outcome) if possible, and to address data requirements. They were modeled after the review question examples provided in the EFSA 2019 explanatory note<sup>1</sup>.

**Question 1:** Were any studies published during the reporting period that describe adverse effects on human or animal health or the environment of the A5547-127 soybean and its newly expressed protein phosphinothricin acetyltransferase?

**Key elements:**

**Population:** Human health; animal health; environmental safety

**Exposure:** A5547-127 soybean, derived food/feed products, newly expressed protein in A5547-127 soybean

**Comparators:** When applicable, comparable populations or subjects exposed to appropriate controls (e.g., vehicle only, innocuous control protein, non-GM comparator) or conventional counterpart used for comparative analysis of plant material

**Outcome:** Adverse effects

**Question 2:** Were any studies published during the reporting period that focus on molecular characterization the of A5547-127 soybean and its newly expressed protein phosphinothricin acetyltransferase in soybean?

**Key elements:**

**Population:** A5547-127 soybean and newly expressed protein in A5547-127 soybean



Outcome: Molecular characterization (which would indicate the information/data requirement for molecular characteristics)

### 2.3. Criteria for relevance

Criteria for establishing the relevance of retrieved publications were defined prior to conduct of the search. These criteria were modeled after those given in the EFSA 2019 explanatory note<sup>1</sup> and are described in Table 1.

**Table 1: Eligibility/inclusion criteria to establish the relevance of retrieved publications**

Concepts	Criteria	Comment
Key elements of review questions with PECO structure		
Intervention/exposure	The publication addresses the GMO, derived food/feed products, and/or the intended trait(s) (e.g., newly expressed protein(s)) that are identical or like those under regulatory review	This enables the selection of publications that address the GMO, derived food/feed products, and/or the intended trait(s) under consideration
Population	The publication addresses human and animal health, and/or the environment (including biodiversity, ecosystem services, service providing units, and endangered species) as general protection goals	From the publications that address the GMO under consideration, those that address protection goals relevant to the risk assessment of the GMO are eligible
Outcome	The publication addresses effects/impacts on human and animal health, and/or the environment	Publications that address the GMO under consideration also need to address effects/impacts on entities of concern, and potential determinants of exposure that place these entities at risk, in order to be relevant to the risk assessment of the GMO
Comparator	If the publication reports a comparative study that uses plant material as test material, eligible publications must report a non-GM variety as comparator	In those cases where the publication addresses the GMO under consideration, reports a comparative analysis study and uses plant material as test material, eligible publications also need to include an appropriate non-GM line as comparator

Additional concepts		
Information/data requirements	The publication reports information pertaining to one or more information/data requirement(s) outlined in Appendix A for the GMO and derived food/feed products under consideration, including the intended trait(s)	Publications that potentially contribute to the knowledge informing the risk assessment of the GMO under consideration, and thus the risk hypotheses addressed, taking account of both hazard and exposure, can be considered relevant according to this eligibility/inclusion criterion. Publications addressing other issues such as benefits, socio-economics, ethics, crop protection, detection methods, efficacy, public perception and risk communication can be excluded, as they are not necessarily relevant to the risk assessment of GMOs
Plant species	The publication addresses the same plant species as the GMO under consideration	This eligibility/inclusion criterion permits the exclusion of publications on GMOs that contain the same intended trait(s) as the GMO under consideration, but which are introduced in another plant species
Scope of GMO application	The publication addresses pathways and levels of exposure to the GMO, derived food/feed products, and the intended trait(s) that are relevant for the intended uses of the GMO and derived food/feed products under regulatory review	From the publications that address the GMO under consideration, those that consider pathways and levels of exposure relevant to the scope of the GMO application (i.e., import and processing for food/feed uses, cultivation) are eligible
Target pests/organisms	The publication addresses target pests/organisms that are established in the EU	This permits the exclusion of publications that address interactions between the GMO and target pests/organisms that do not occur in the EU

Stacked events obtained by conventional crosses/subcombinations	The publication addresses the higher stacked event and/or a subcombination or subcombinations of the single events of the higher stacked event, independently of its/their origin	This permits the selection of publications on the higher stacked event and/or subcombinations of the single events of the higher stacked event that are in the scope of the GMO application(e), independently of their origin. This permits the exclusion of publications on the single events of the higher stacked event, because the risk assessment of GMO applications for stacked events covers only the products in the scope of the GMO application – i.e., the higher stacked event and subcombinations of the singles involved, independently of their origin
Molecular stacks	The publication addresses: the molecular stack; all newly expressed proteins in the molecular stack; and/or one or several of the newly expressed proteins in the molecular stack that has/have not been previously risk assessed by EFSA and/or its GMO Panel and for which no safe use has been determined yet by EFSA and/or its GMO Panel	This permits the exclusion of publications that address one or several (not all) of the newly expressed proteins in the molecular stack that has/have been previously risk assessed by EFSA and/or its GMO Panel and for which the safe use has been determined by EFSA and/or its GMO Panel
Previously risk assessed publications	The publication has not been previously risk assessed by EFSA and/or its GMO Panel and is not cited/referenced in an EFSA/GMO Panel output	This permits the exclusion of publications that have been previously risk assessed by EFSA and/or its GMO Panel and cited/referenced in an EFSA/GMO Panel output
Access	Full-text document is accessible	If potentially relevant full-text documents cannot be obtained, they should be listed in a table with a description of the (unsuccessful) methods that have been used to try to obtain a copy

Reporting format	The publication presents original/primary data, or it is a risk assessment from a relevant key organisation (such as regulatory agencies and risk assessment bodies involved in the risk assessment of GMOs)	This permits the exclusion of publications that do not present original/primary data (e.g., editorials, position papers), and the inclusion of relevant risk assessments performed and reported by relevant key organisations. Reviews should only be included if they present data that are not available from a primary research study
Reporting format	A study in a publication should only be presented once, but if it is presented in more than one publication, all publications should be listed and grouped	Duplicate publications should be excluded at the screening stage. Only one copy of a study is required even if it is reported in different publications, and identified in more than one database

Table adapted from EFSA, 2019: Explanatory note on literature searching conducted in the context of GMO applications for (renewed) market authorisation and annual post-market environmental monitoring reports on GMOs authorised in the EU market.

#### 2.4. Reference publication

One publication related to A5547-127 soybean was previously identified and used to test and validate the search strategy:

- Naegeli, H.; Bresson, J. L.; Dalmay, T.; Dewhurst, I. C.; Epstein, M.; Firbank, L. G.; Guerche, P.; Hejatko, J.; Moreno, F. J.; Mullins, E.; Nogue, F.; Rostoks, N.; Serrano, J. J. S.; Savoini, G.; Veromann, E.; Veronesi, F.; Alvarez, F.; Dumont, A. F.; Papadopoulou, N.; Ardizzone, M.; Devos, Y.; Gennaro, A.; Gomez, J. A. R.; Lanzoni, A.; Neri, F. M.; Paraskevopoulos, K. (2019). Assessment of genetically modified soybean MON 87708 x MON 89788 x A5547-127, for food and feed uses, under regulation (EC) no 1829/2003 (application EFSA-GMO-NL-2016-135). *EFSA Journal* **17(7)**:e05733

Although this article is not directly relevant to the A5547-127 soybean, it was selected as reference publication because it mentions the soybean name (A5547-127), the intended trait (herbicide tolerance) and the crop (soybean). Since the reference might have been published outside the searched time, the profile was tested without applying the time limits used in the final search profile (UP>=20191001 and UP<=20200930)

### 3. SEARCH METHODS AND OUTCOMES

The search strategies used here followed the 2019 EFSA explanatory note on literature searching conducted in the context of GMO applications and post-market environmental monitoring activities<sup>1</sup>. The search strategies were designed to be broad and sensitive enough to capture any relevant publications, if available.

An information specialist with background in plant biotechnology selected the databases, identified relevant search terms, developed search profiles, designed search strategies and conducted the searches.

### 3.1. Time window and date of the literature search

The database searches were performed on October 9, 2020. Only documents updated between October 1, 2019 and September 30, 2020, were considered in the search. The dates of most recent database updates are provided in Table 3.

### 3.2. Databases used in the literature search

All searches were performed in the host STN (Scientific and Technical Information Network), an online database service operated jointly by CAS and FIZ Karlsruhe. STN provides access to a broad range of databases from the most renowned database producers worldwide.

The searches described here were performed in five databases: three multidisciplinary/large databases (Biosis, Medline and CA-Plus) and two subject-specific databases focused on agriculture-related topics (Agricola and CABA).

See Appendix 1 for detailed database descriptions.

### 3.3. Search strategy

The search profiles were designed to cover event name, trade name, newly expressed proteins and intended traits. Since the 'trade name' profile, 'newly expressed protein' profile and 'intended trait' profile produced too many results when used on their own, they were combined with additional profiles: the 'trade name' profile and the 'newly expressed protein' profile were combined with a 'plant species' profile while the 'intended trait' profile was combined with a 'general GMO' profile as well as with the 'plant species' profile. See Table 2 for a detailed search profile.

All searches were performed in the Basic Index (BI) field, which includes the following subject headings/field names:

- **Agricola:** title (TI), controlled term (CT), supplementary term (ST), abstract (AB), named person (NA), corporate name (CO), note (NTE), geographic term, CABA and other fields (GT)
- **Biosis:** title (TI), abstract (AB), biosystematic codes (BC), chemical name (CN), controlled term (CT), gene name (GEN), geographic term (GT), organism (ORGN) and supplementary term (ST); as well as CAS Registry Numbers (RN)
- **CA-Plus:** title (TI), supplementary term (ST), index term (IT) and abstract (AB); as well as CAS Registry Numbers
- **CABA:** title (TI), controlled term (CT), supplementary term (ST), broader term (BT), abstract (AB), organism name (ORGN) and geographic term (GT); as well as CAS Registry Numbers
- **Medline:** title (TI), chemical name (CN), gene name (GEN), controlled term (excluding MeSH numbers) (CT), supplementary term (ST), named person (NA), other source (OS), and abstract (AB), as well as CAS Registry Numbers and GenBank Numbers

The search results were limited to documents updated between October 1, 2019 and September 30, 2020 (UP>=20191001 and UP<=20200930), and to non-patent documents (not P/DT). To ensure that documents with indexing errors where two DTs (one eligible and one ineligible) were attached to a single record were not missed, documents with both 'journal' and 'patent' as *document type* were also kept. These putative documents would be identified with (P/DT AND J/DT) in CABA and CAPLUS.

Table 3 summarizes the number of results obtained from each of the databases searched. See Appendix 2 for a complete search history.

**Table 2: Search profile for database search**

Set	Search string	Concepts
1	A5547-127 or A5547-127 or A5547(w)127 or A(w)5547(w)127 or ACS-GM006-4 or ACS-GM006-4 or ACS-GM006-4 or ACS(w)GM006(w)4 or ACS(w)GM006(w)4 or ACS(w)GM006(w)4 or ACSGM006(w)4 or ACSGM006(w)4 or ACSGM006(w)4	Event name
2	libertylink or libertylinktm or libertylinkrtm or liberty(w)link or liberty(w)linktm or liberty(w)linkrtm or LL or LLTM or LLRTM	Trade name
3	((bar or pat)(2a)(gene# or protein# or enzyme#)) or ppt(2w)acetyltransferase or ppt(2w)acetyl(w)transferase or pt(w)n(2w)acetyltransferase or pt(w)n(2w)acetyl(w)transferase or phosphinothricin(w)n(w)acetyltransferase or phosphinothricin(2w)acetyltransferase or phosphinothricin(2w)acetyl(w)transferase or phosphinothricinacetyl(w)transferase	Newly expressed protein
4	(herbicide? or bialaphos or basta or glufosinate or phosphinothricin or liberty?)(5a)(resist? or toleran? or protect?)	Intended trait
5	soy or soya or soja or soybean# or soybean# or soybean# or glycine(w)max or g(w)max	Plant species
6	GMO OR GMOs OR LMO OR LMOs OR GM OR GE OR transgen? OR (genetic?(3a)(modif? OR transform? OR manipulat? OR improv? OR engineer?))	GMO general
7	2 and 5	Trade name AND Plant species
8	3 and 5	Newly expressed protein AND Plant species
9	4 and 5 and 6	Intended trait AND Plant species AND GMO general
10	1 or 7 or 8 or 9	Event name OR (Trade name AND plant species) OR (Newly expressed protein AND Plant species) OR (Intended trait AND Plant species AND GMO general)

**Table 3: Overview of the selected databases and summary of search results from each database**

Database	AGRICOLA	BIOSIS	CAB Abstracts	CAPLUS	MEDLINE
Database Provider	STN International	STN International	STN International	STN International	STN International
Coverage	1970-present	1926-present	1973-present	1907-present	1946-present
Date of search	9 Oct 2020	9 Oct 2020	9 Oct 2020	9 Oct 2020	9 Oct 2020
Datespan of the search	1 Oct 2019 – 30 Sept 2020	1 Oct 2019 – 30 Sept 2020	1 Oct 2019 – 30 Sept 2020	1 Oct 2019 – 30 Sept 2020	1 Oct 2019 – 30 Sept 2020
Latest database update	24 Aug 2020	7 Oct 2020	7 Oct 2020	8 Oct 2020	8 Oct 2020
Number of records identified	32	65	78	83	51
Number of records after duplicate removal	27	44	49	51	51
Number of relevant records after rapid assessment	0	1	1	3	3

#### 4. MANUAL SEARCHES

##### 4.1. Manual searches of web pages of food safety, agriculture, and biotechnology-related authority webpages

In accordance with the EFSA 2019 explanatory note<sup>1</sup> the search in electronic bibliographic databases has been complemented with an internet search in webpages of relevant key organisations involved in the risk assessment of GM plants. Of the 13 key organisations cited in the EFSA 2019 explanatory note<sup>1</sup>, two (Environment and Climate Change Canada and CIBIOGEM) are not involved in the risk assessment of GM plants. US-EPA regulates only GM plants with Plant-Incorporated Protectant (PIP), and Genetic Engineering Approval Committee (GAEC) is included only for cotton. Therefore, the internet search focused on nine key organisations as listed below in Table 4. Search results were manually examined for relevant records that were either published during the time period under consideration (date span of search: October 1, 2019 to September 30, 2020) or refer to relevant records published during this time frame. Relevance of results were determined based on the criteria listed in Table 1. Search terms consisted of A5547-127, A5547-127, Libertylink soy 55, ACS-GMO06-4; PAT/pat or Phosphinothricin in A5547-127 soybean. (All searched singly, with no search limits applied).

**Table 4: Results of search of food safety, agriculture, and biotechnology-related authority websites**

Source Site Name	Website URL	Date of Most Recent Site Update	Date of Search	No. of Relevant Records
US Department of Agriculture (USDA)	<a href="https://www.usda.gov/">https://www.usda.gov/</a>	Oct 30 2020	Nov 2-3 2020	0
US Food and Drug Administration (FDA)	<a href="https://www.fda.gov/">https://www.fda.gov/</a>	Oct 30 2020	Nov 2-3 2020	0
Health Canada	<a href="https://www.canada.ca/en/health-canada.html">https://www.canada.ca/en/health-canada.html</a>	Oct 30 2020	Nov 2-3 2020	0
Canadian Food Inspection Agency	<a href="https://www.canada.ca/en/food-inspection-agency.html">https://www.canada.ca/en/food-inspection-agency.html</a>	Oct 31 2020	Nov 2-3 2020	0
Food Standards Australia New Zealand (FSANZ)	<a href="http://www.foodstandards.gov.au/Pages/default.aspx">http://www.foodstandards.gov.au/Pages/default.aspx</a>	Oct 30 2020	Nov 2-3 2020	0
Office of the Gene Technology Regulator (OGTR)	<a href="http://www.ogtr.gov.au/">http://www.ogtr.gov.au/</a>	Oct 15 2020	Nov 2-3 2020	0
National Technical Commission on Biosafety (CTNBio)	<a href="http://ctnbio.mcti.gov.br/en">http://ctnbio.mcti.gov.br/en</a>	Oct-20	Oct 22-28 2020	0
National Advisory Commission on Agricultural Biotechnology (CONABIA)	<a href="http://www.agroindustria.gob.ar/sitio/areas/biotecnologia/conabia/">http://www.agroindustria.gob.ar/sitio/areas/biotecnologia/conabia/</a>	later than Aug 21 2020	Oct 21-22 2020	0
Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries (MAFF)	<a href="http://www.maff.go.jp/">http://www.maff.go.jp/</a>	Oct 26 2020	Oct 26 2020	0

#### 4.2. Manual searches of reference lists of recent review articles

Recent review articles as sources of reference lists to search for potentially relevant studies were identified via searches of PubMed.gov for general terms such as “GMO” or “GM crops” in the titles and abstracts. The search of PubMed.gov was also restricted to recent reviews published between October 1, 2019 and September 30, 2020. The resulting number of relevant studies found within the bibliographies of these review articles is given in Table 5.



**Table 5:** Documents for which reference lists were scanned for relevant studies

No	Author(s) and Year	Title	Source	Number of relevant bibliographic references retrieved
1	Ansari WA, Chandanshive SU, Bhatt V, Nadaf AB, Vats S, Katara JL, Sonah H, Deshmukh R. 2020	Genome Editing in Cereals: Approaches, Applications and Challenges	Int J Mol Sci. 2020 Jun 5;21(11):4040. doi: 10.3390/ijms21114040.	0
2	Arpaia S, Christiaens O, Giddings K, Jones H, Mezzetti B, Moronta-Barrios F, Perry JN, Sweet JB, Taning CNT, Smaghe G, Dietz-Pfeilstetter A. 2020	Biosafety of GM Crop Plants Expressing dsRNA: Data Requirements and EU Regulatory Considerations	Front Plant Sci. 2020 Jun 24;11:940. doi: 10.3389/fpls.2020.00940. eCollection 2020.	0
3	Babar U, Nawaz MA, Arshad U, Azhar MT, Atif RM, Golokhvast KS, Tsatsakis AM, Shcherbakova K, Chung G, Rana IA. 2020	Transgenic crops for the agricultural improvement in Pakistan: a perspective of environmental stresses and the current status of genetically modified crops	GM Crops Food. 2020;11(1):1-29. doi: 10.1080/21645698.2019.1680078. Epub 2019 Nov 3.	0
4	Bachtarzi H, Farries T. 2019	The Genetically Modified Organism Medicinal Framework in Europe, United States, and Japan: Underlying Scientific Principles and Considerations Toward the Development of Gene Therapy and Genetically Modified Cell-Based Products	Hum Gene Ther Clin Dev. 2019 Sep;30(3):114-128. doi: 10.1089/humc.2019.042. Epub 2019 Jun 21.	0
5	Bedair M, Glenn KC. 2020	Evaluation of the use of untargeted metabolomics in the safety assessment of genetically modified crops	Metabolomics. 2020 Oct 9;16(10):111. doi: 10.1007/s11306-020-01733-8.	0
6	Feng XJ, Yi HM, Ren XX, Ren JL, Ge JR, Wang FG. 2020	[Digital PCR and its application in biological detection]	Yi Chuan. 2020 Apr 20;42(4):363-373. doi: 10.16288/j.ycz.19-351.	0

No	Author(s) and Year	Title	Source	Number of relevant bibliographic references retrieved
7	Giraldo PA, Shinozuka H, Spangenberg GC, Cogan NOI, Smith KF. 2019	Safety Assessment of Genetically Modified Feed: Is There Any Difference From Food?	Front Plant Sci. 2019 Dec 11;10:1592. doi: 10.3389/fpls.2019.01592. eCollection 2019.	0
8	Hameed A, Mehmood MA, Shahid M, Fatma S, Khan A, Ali S. 2020	Prospects for potato genome editing to engineer resistance against viruses and cold-induced sweetening	GM Crops Food. 2020 Oct 1;11(4):185-205. doi: 10.1080/21645698.2019.1631115. Epub 2019 Jul 6.	0
9	Holme IB, Gregersen PL, Brinch-Pedersen H. 2019	Induced Genetic Variation in Crop Plants by Random or Targeted Mutagenesis: Convergence and Differences	Front Plant Sci. 2019 Nov 14;10:1468. doi: 10.3389/fpls.2019.01468. eCollection 2019.	0
10	Jyoti A, Kaushik S, Srivastava VK, Datta M, Kumar S, Yugandhar P, Kothari SL, Rai V, Jain A. 2019	The potential application of genome editing by using CRISPR/Cas9, and its engineered and ortholog variants for studying the transcription factors involved in the maintenance of phosphate homeostasis in model plants	Semin Cell Dev Biol. 2019 Dec;96:77-90. doi: 10.1016/j.semcdb.2019.03.010. Epub 2019 Apr 7.	0
11	Kadoić Balaško M, Mikac KM, Bažok R, Lemic D. 2020	Modern Techniques in Colorado Potato Beetle ( <i>Leptinotarsa decemlineata</i> Say) Control and Resistance Management: History Review and Future Perspectives	Insects. 2020 Sep 1;11(9):581. doi: 10.3390/insects11090581.	0
12	Kamle M, Mahato DK, Devi S, Soni R, Tripathi V, Mishra AK, Kumar P. 2020	Nanotechnological interventions for plant health improvement and sustainable agriculture	3 Biotech. 2020 Apr;10(4):168. doi: 10.1007/s13205-020-2152-3. Epub 2020 Mar 14.	0
13	Kauffmann F, Van Damme P, Leroux-Roels G, Vandermeulen C, Berthels N, Beuneu C, Mali S. 2019	Clinical trials with GMO-containing vaccines in Europe: Status and regulatory framework	Vaccine. 2019 Sep 30;37(42):6144-6153. doi: 10.1016/j.vaccine.2019.08.018. Epub 2019 Sep 4.	0
14	Kenter MJH, Clevers JC, Cornelissen J, Medema RH. 2019	[Environmental regulations impede cancer research and treatment]	Ned Tijdschr Geneesk. 2019 Dec 5;163:D4267.	0

No	Author(s) and Year	Title	Source	Number of relevant bibliographic references retrieved
15	Keshani P, Sharifi MH, Heydari MR, Joulaei H. 2020	The Effect of Genetically Modified Food on Infertility Indices: A Systematic Review Study	ScientificWorldJournal. 2020 Aug 13;2020:1424789. doi: 10.1155/2020/1424789. eCollection 2020.	0
16	Kumar K, Gambhir G, Dass A, Tripathi AK, Singh A, Jha AK, Yadava P, Choudhary M, Rakshit S., 2020	Genetically modified crops: current status and future prospects	Planta. 2020 Mar 31;251(4):91. doi: 10.1007/s00425-020-03372-8.	0
17	Papadopoulou N, Devos Y, Álvarez-Alfageme F, Lanzoni A, Waigmann E., 2020	Risk Assessment Considerations for Genetically Modified RNAi Plants: EFSA's Activities and Perspective	Front Plant Sci. 2020 Apr 21;11:445. doi: 10.3389/fpls.2020.00445. eCollection 2020.	0
18	Pottinger SE, Innes RW. 2020	RPS5-Mediated Disease Resistance: Fundamental Insights and Translational Applications	Annu Rev Phytopathol. 2020 Aug 25;58:139-160. doi: 10.1146/annurev-phyto-010820-012733. Epub 2020 Apr 13.	0
19	Rumin J, Nicolau E, Junior RGO, Fuentes-Grünwald C, Picot L. 2020	Analysis of Scientific Research Driving Microalgae Market Opportunities in Europe	Mar Drugs. 2020 May 18;18(5):264. doi: 10.3390/md18050264.	0
20	Woźniak E, Waszkowska E, Zimny T, Sowa S, Twardowski T. 2019	The Rapeseed Potential in Poland and Germany in the Context of Production, Legislation, and Intellectual Property Rights	Front Plant Sci. 2019 Nov 5;10:1423. doi: 10.3389/fpls.2019.01423. eCollection 2019.	0

## 5. RESULTS OF THE STUDY IDENTIFICATION AND SELECTION PROCESS

The database searches (Section 3) identified a total of 309 references, which were reduced to 222 after removal of duplicates (Table 3). No additional studies were identified in the manual searches (Section 4).

### 5.1. Screening of titles and abstracts to exclude obviously irrelevant references (Stage 1)

All references identified in the database searches described in Section 3 were assessed for relevance based on information in their title and abstract by two reviewers independently. If opinions of relevance differed, the discrepancies were discussed between the reviewers and if a disagreement persisted, the publication under the discussion was transferred to Stage 2 for detailed evaluation by the experts. In this search, the two reviewers did not disagree in any evaluation.

Clearly irrelevant records were tagged as "Not Relevant". These included:

- Duplicated entries
- Secondary literature (reviews), other than assessments from Regulatory Agencies

- Articles on non-relevant topics like detection methods, socio-economic implications of GM crops, GM policy, agronomical performance, other herbicide resistant GM crops, unrelated topics, etc.

Publications which appear to be relevant and those of unclear relevance were tagged as “Relevant” and progressed to Stage 2 (detailed assessment; see Section 5.2).

The number of publications excluded after rapid assessment for relevance is presented in Table 6 documenting the selection process.

## 5.2. Detailed assessment of eligible references (Stage 2)

Publications tagged as “Relevant” in Stage 1 were assessed in detail independently by two scientific experts in each of three corresponding areas (i.e., Molecular Biology, Food and Feed Safety, Environmental Safety), based on the full text of the publications.

If opinions of relevance differed between reviewers within each area, the initial reviewers discussed the discrepancy as necessary and consulted additional reviewers to resolve the discrepancy if needed. All eligible references were assessed in detail. This detailed assessment included evaluation of the scope of the article and the study quality and reliability. Categorization of reliability (as described in the EFSA 2019 explanatory note<sup>1</sup> and reported in Table 11) was dependent upon the following:

- appropriateness of methodology
- whether the description of methodology would allow independent repetition of the study
- extent of characterization of test materials
- reporting of evidence of reproducibility

Table 6 gives an overview of the reference selection process and results of the detailed assessment.

**Table 6: Results of the publication selection process**

Total number of publications retrieved after all searches of the scientific literature (excluding duplicates)	222
Number of publications excluded from the search results after rapid assessment for relevance (Stage 1)	214
Total number of full-text documents assessed in detail	8
Number of publications excluded from further consideration after detailed assessment for relevance	7
Total number of unobtainable/unclear publications	0
Total number of relevant publications	1

Table 7 lists the publications determined to be relevant along with their potential impact on the safety assessment based on detailed evaluation. Publications that were clearly not relevant after a detailed assessment are listed in Table 8. Table 9 lists the publications for which full-text documents were unobtainable for detailed assessment or for which relevance was unclear after detailed assessment.

**Table 7: Report of all relevant publications retrieved after detailed assessment of full-text documents for relevance: ordered by category of information/data requirement(s)**

Main category of information/data requirement	Study (Author(s) and year)	Title	Source
Food and Feed Safety	Chen, Bo-Chou Chao, Mei-Li Chang, Hui-Wen Lin, Hsin-Tang Chu, Wen-Shen. 2019.	Comparison of compositions of imported genetically modified and organic soybeans purchased from Taiwan market.	Journal of Food and Nutrition Research (Newark, DE, United States).

**Table 8: Report of publications excluded from the risk assessment after detailed assessment of full-text documents**

Study (Author(s) and year)	Title	Source	Reason(s) for exclusion based on eligibility/inclusion criteria listed in Table 1
Fast Brandon J Shan Guomin Herman Rod A Gampala Satyalinga Srinivas. 2020.	Transgene expression in sprayed and non-sprayed herbicide -tolerant genetically engineered crops is equivalent.	Regulatory toxicology and pharmacology : RTP, (2020 Mar) Vol. 111, pp. 104572.	A5547-127 soybean was not included in the study.
Sahin, Olcay Karlik, Elif Meric, Sinan Ari, Sule Gozukirmizi, Nermin. 2020.	Genome organization changes in GM and non-GM soybean [Glycine max (L.) Merr.] under salinity stress by retro-transposition events.	Genetic Resources and Crop Evolution (2020 ), 67(6), 1551-1566.	The study was not about safety assessment. In addition, A5547-127 soybean was not included in the study.

Study (Author(s) and year)	Title	Source	Reason(s) for exclusion based on eligibility/inclusion criteria listed in Table 1
Naegeli Hanspeter, Bresson Jean-Louis, Dalmay Tamas, Dewhurst Ian Crawford, Epstein Michelle M, Firbank Leslie George, Guerche Philippe, Hejatkó Jan, Moreno Francisco Javier, Mullins Ewen, Nogue Fabien, Rostoks Nils, Sanchez Serrano Jose Juan, Savoini Giovanni, Veromann Eve, Veronesi Fabio, Alvarez Fernando, Ardizzzone Michele, Papadopoulou Nikolettá, Paraskevopoulos Konstantinos 2019.	Assessment of genetically modified soybean A2704-12 for renewal of authorisation under Regulation (EC) No 1829/2003 (application EFSA-GMO -RX-009).	EFSA journal. European Food Safety Authority, (2019 Jan) Vol. 17, No. 1, pp. e05523.	A5547-127 soybean was not included in the study.
Naegeli, H., Bresson, J. L., Dalmay, T. Dewhurst, I. C., Epstein, M., Firbank, L. G., Guerche, P., Hejatkó, J., Moreno, F. J., Mullins, E., Nogue, F., Rostoks, N., Serrano, J. J. S., Savoini, G., Veromann, E., Veronesi, F., Alvarez, F., Dumont, A. F., Papadopoulou, N., Ardizzzone, M., Devos, Y., Gennaro, A., Gomez, J. A. R., Lanzoni, A., Neri, F. M., Paraskevopoulos, K. (et al.) 2019.	Assessment of genetically modified soybean MON 87708 .times. MON 89788 .times. A5547 -127 , for food and feed uses, under regulation (EC) no 1829/2003 (application EFSA-GMO-NL-2016-135).	EFSA journal. European Food Safety Authority, (2019 Jan) Vol. 17, No. 1, pp. e05523.	Report findings are not specific to the A5547-127 soybean. The published findings focus on MON 87708 x MON 89788 x A5547-127 soybean.
Stenoien, Carl Nail, Kelly R Zalucki, Jacinta M Parry, Hazel Oberhauser, Karen S Zalucki, Myron P. 2018.	Monarchs in decline: a collateral landscape-level effect of modern agriculture.	Insect science, (2018 Aug) Vol. 25, No. 4, pp. 528-541. Electronic Publication Date: 1 Dec 2016 Journal code: 101266965. E-ISSN: 1744-7917. L-ISSN: 1672-9609.	No environmental risk assessment findings reported related to A5547-127 soybean in this review article.
Ricroch, Agnes [Reprint Author] Akkoyunlu, Serife Martin-Laffon, Jacqueline Kuntz, Marcel. 2018.	Assessing the Environmental Safety of Transgenic Plants: Honey Bees as a Case Study.	Kuntz, M [Editor]. Adv. Bot. Res., (2018) pp. 111-167. Transgenic Plants and Beyond. Publisher: Academic Press Ltd. – Elsevier Science Ltd., 24 – 28 Oval Road, London NW1 7DX, UK. Series: Advances in Botanical Research.	No environmental risk assessment findings reported related to A5547-127 soybean in this review article.

Study (Author(s) and year)	Title	Source	Reason(s) for exclusion based on eligibility/inclusion criteria listed in Table 1
Kim, Hye Jin Kim, Do Young Moon, Ye Seul Park, In Soon Park, Kee Woong Chung, Young Soo Kim, Young Joong Nam, Kyong-Hee Kim, Chang-Gi. 2019.	Gene flow from herbicide resistant transgenic soybean to conventional soybean and wild soybean.	Applied Biological Chemistry (2019 ), 62(1), 1-8.	Examined gene flow from Bert-4-3 soybean to wild cultivars. No environmental risk assessment conducted using A5547-127 soybean.

**Table 9: Report of unobtainable/unclear publications**

Study (Author(s) and year)	Title	Source	Description of (unsuccessful) methods used to try and obtain a copy of the publication
No publications in this category.			

## 6. NARRATIVE SYNTHESIS/SUMMARY OF RELEVANT STUDIES

A total of eight publications were selected during Stage 1 evaluation (rapid assessment based on title and abstract). After Stage 2 evaluation (detailed review based on full text), it was determined that one publication was relevant for the safety assessment of the A5547-127 soybean and its newly expressed protein phosphinothricin acetyltransferase.

In the reference that was identified as relevant, Chen et al., (2019) showed the substantial equivalence of A5547-127 soybean to organic soybeans. This study falls into the main category of food and feed safety assessment of the A5547-127 soybean. The findings support the existing safety assessment of the A5547-127 soybean and its newly expressed protein, phosphinothricin acetyltransferase.

Table 10 and Table 11 list the relevant publication along with a summary of any adverse effects reported and the reliability of the publications.

**Table 10: Report of the summary of all relevant publications retrieved after detailed assessment of full-text documents for relevance: ordered by category of information/data requirement(s)**

Main category of information/data requirement	Study (Author(s) and year)	Intervention/ test materials used	Adverse effects reported	Which adverse effect reported
Food and Feed Safety	Chen, Bo-Chou Chao, Mei-Li Chang, Hui-Wen Lin, Hsin-Tang Chu, Wen-Shen. 2019.	Different varieties of soybean samples (FG72, CV127, A5547-127, A2704-12).	No adverse effects reported.	Not applicable.

**Table 11: Report of the reliability and implications for the risk assessment of all relevant publications retrieved after detailed assessment of full-text documents for relevance: ordered by category of information/data requirement(s)**

Main category of information/data requirement	Study (Author(s) and year)	Summary of reliability appraisal	Implications for risk assessment
Food and Feed Safety	Chen, Bo-Chou Chao, Mei-Li Chang, Hui-Wen Lin, Hsin-Tang Chu, Wen-Shen. 2019.	The assessment presented reliable methods and findings.	Report findings and conclusions support the safe status of A5547-127 soybean.



## 7. CONCLUSION

The literature searches performed for the A5547-127 soybean and its newly expressed protein phosphinothricin acetyltransferase for the period from October 1, 2019 to September 30, 2020, identified a total of 222 unique publications (after duplicate removal). A total of 8 publications were progressed for detailed assessment after excluding 214 obviously irrelevant publications during Stage 1 evaluation (rapid assessment based on title and abstract).

The eight publications that progressed to Stage 2 were evaluated in detail, based on full text, for potential relevance, following the pre-established criteria listed in Table 1. One relevant publication with bearing on human and animal safety was identified. This publication supports the existing food and feed safety assessment of A5547-127 soybean. No relevant publications with bearing on molecular characterization or environmental safety were identified. No issues or topics were identified that would trigger or warrant more specific question formulation.

## 8. REFERENCES

No.	Author(s), title, source, edition, year, pages
1.	Devos Y, Guajardo IM, Alvarez F and Glanville J. Explanatory note on literature searching conducted in the context of GMO applications for (renewed) market authorisation and annual post-market environmental monitoring reports on GMOs authorised in the EU market. EFSA supporting publications 2019:EN-1614. 62 pages. doi:10.2903/sp.efsa.2019.EN-1614.

## 9. APPENDICES

### Appendix 1 Database descriptions

Host	File	Description
STN	AGRICOLA	<p>Agriculture Online Access is a bibliographic database containing selected worldwide literature of agriculture and related fields. AGRICOLA is the locator and bibliographic access and control system of the National Agricultural Library (NAL) collections and also includes records from other cooperating institutions. Coverage of the database includes agricultural economics and rural sociology, agricultural production, animal sciences, chemistry, entomology, food and human nutrition, forestry, natural resources, pesticides, plant science, soils and fertilizers, and water resources. Also covered are related areas such as biology and biotechnology, botany, ecology, and natural history.</p> <p>The database draws on bibliographies, serial articles, book chapters, monographs, computer files, serials, maps, audiovisuals, and reports. Bibliographic information, abstracts, geographic terms, controlled terms, and supplementary terms are searchable.</p>
STN	BIOSIS	<p>BIOSIS Previews® is the largest and most comprehensive life science database in the world. Amongst others subject coverage includes Agriculture, Biochemistry, Biophysics, Botany, Environmental Biology, Physiology, Toxicology.</p> <p>Sources include periodicals, journals, conference proceedings, reviews, reports, patents, and short communications. Nearly 6,000 life source journals, 1,500 international meetings as well as review articles, books, and monographs are reviewed for inclusion.</p> <p>Bibliographic information, indexing terms, abstracts, and CAS Registry Numbers are all searchable.</p>
STN	CABA/CAB	<p>The CAB Abstracts database covers worldwide literature from all areas of agriculture and related sciences including Agriculture, Agricultural chemicals, Animal sciences and production, Crop protection, Crop sciences and production, Environment, Soils and fertilizers.</p> <p>Sources for CABA include journals, books, reports, published theses, conference proceedings, and patents.</p> <p>Bibliographic information, indexing terms, abstracts, and CAS Registry Numbers are searchable.</p>
STN	CAS-CA/CAPLUS	<p>The Chemical Abstracts (CA) database covers all areas of Biochemistry, Chemistry and Chemical engineering, and related sciences.</p> <p>Sources include over 8,000 journals, patents from 38 national patent offices and two international patent organizations, technical reports, books, conference proceedings, and dissertations. Electronic only journals and Web preprints are also covered.</p> <p>Bibliographic terms, indexing terms, roles, CAS Registry Numbers, International Patent Classification, and abstracts are searchable.</p>

Host	File	Description
STN	MEDLINE	<p>MEDLINE contains information on every area of medicine. The MEDLINE database corresponds to Index Medicus, Index to Dental Literature, and International Nursing Index; OLDMEDLINE, with data from NLM's from the Cumulated Index Medicus (1960-1965) and Current List of Medical Literature (1958-1959); and, since August 2001, IN-PROCESS records, the latest documents before they have been completely indexed for inclusion on MEDLINE.</p> <p>Sources include journals and chapters in books or symposia. Bibliographic information, indexing terms, abstracts, chemical names, and CAS Registry Numbers are all searchable.</p> <p>Online thesauri are available for the Medical Subject Headings (/MN), Controlled Terms (/CT) and Chemical Name (/CN) fields.</p>

**Appendix 2 Search history**

```
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        ACS-GM006-4 OR ACS-GM006-4 OR ACS-GMO06-4 OR ACS(W)GM006(W)4
        OR ACS(W)GM006(W)4 OR ACS(W)GMO06(W)4 OR ACSGM006(W)4 OR
        ACSGM006(W)4 OR ACSGMO06(W)4
L2      12917 SEA LIBERTYLINK OR LIBERTYLINKTM OR LIBERTYLINKRTM OR LIBERTY(W)
        )LINK OR LIBERTY(W)LINKTM OR LIBERTY(W)LINKRTM OR LL OR LLTM
        OR LLRTM
L3      1389 SEA ((BAR OR PAT)(2A)(GENE# OR PROTEIN# OR ENZYME#)) OR
        PPT(2W)ACETYLTRANSFERASE OR PPT(2W)ACETYL(W)TRANSFERASE OR
        PT(W)N(2W)ACETYLTRANSFERASE OR PT(W)N(2W)ACETYL(W)TRANSFERASE
L4      202 SEA PHOSPHINOTHRICIN(W)N(W)ACETYLTRANSFERASE OR PHOSPHINOTHRICI
        N(2W)ACETYLTRANSFERASE OR PHOSPHINOTHRICIN(2W)ACETYL(W)TRANSFER
        ASE OR PHOSPHINOTHRICINACETYL(W)TRANSFERASE
L5      1463 SEA (L3 OR L4)
L6      3074 SEA (HERBICID? OR BIALAPHOS OR BASTA OR GLUFOSINATE OR
        PHOSPHINOTHRICIN OR LIBERTY?) (5A) (RESIST? OR TOLERAN? OR
        PROTECT?)
L7      63483 SEA SOY OR SOYA OR SOJA OR SOYBEAN# OR SOYABEAN# OR SOJABEAN#
        OR GLYCINE(W)MAX OR G(W)MAX
L8      3601494 SEA GMO OR GMOS OR LMO OR LMOS OR GM OR GE OR TRANSGEN? OR
        (GENETIC?(3A) (MODIF? OR TRANSFORM? OR MANIPULAT? OR IMPROV? OR
        ENGINEER?))
L9      48 SEA L2 AND L7
L10     50 SEA L5 AND L7
L11     223 SEA L6 AND L7 AND L8
L12     305 SEA L1 OR L9 OR L10 OR L11
L13     61 SEA L12 AND PY>=2018
L14     51 SEA L13 AND UP>=20181001 AND UP<=20200930

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        OR ACS(W)GM006(W)4 OR ACS(W)GMO06(W)4 OR ACSGM006(W)4 OR
        ACSGM006(W)4 OR ACSGMO06(W)4
L16     14011 SEA LIBERTYLINK OR LIBERTYLINKTM OR LIBERTYLINKRTM OR LIBERTY(W)
        )LINK OR LIBERTY(W)LINKTM OR LIBERTY(W)LINKRTM OR LL OR LLTM
        OR LLRTM
L17     2747 SEA ((BAR OR PAT)(2A)(GENE# OR PROTEIN# OR ENZYME#)) OR
        PPT(2W)ACETYLTRANSFERASE OR PPT(2W)ACETYL(W)TRANSFERASE OR
        PT(W)N(2W)ACETYLTRANSFERASE OR PT(W)N(2W)ACETYL(W)TRANSFERASE
L18     326 SEA PHOSPHINOTHRICIN(W)N(W)ACETYLTRANSFERASE OR PHOSPHINOTHRICI
        N(2W)ACETYLTRANSFERASE OR PHOSPHINOTHRICIN(2W)ACETYL(W)TRANSFER
        ASE OR PHOSPHINOTHRICINACETYL(W)TRANSFERASE
L19     2847 SEA (L17 OR L18)
L20     9418 SEA (HERBICID? OR BIALAPHOS OR BASTA OR GLUFOSINATE OR
        PHOSPHINOTHRICIN OR LIBERTY?) (5A) (RESIST? OR TOLERAN? OR
        PROTECT?)
L21     162007 SEA SOY OR SOYA OR SOJA OR SOYBEAN# OR SOYABEAN# OR SOJABEAN#
        OR GLYCINE(W)MAX OR G(W)MAX
L22     446752 SEA GMO OR GMOS OR LMO OR LMOS OR GM OR GE OR TRANSGEN? OR
        (GENETIC?(3A) (MODIF? OR TRANSFORM? OR MANIPULAT? OR IMPROV? OR
        ENGINEER?))
L23     111 SEA L16 AND L21
L24     115 SEA L19 AND L21
L25     393 SEA L20 AND L21 AND L22
L26     592 SEA L15 OR L23 OR L24 OR L25
L27     81 SEA L26 AND PY>=2018
L28     65 SEA L27 AND UP>=20181001 AND UP<=20200930

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OR ACS(W)GM006(W)4 OR ACS(W)GMO06(W)4 OR ACSGM006(W)4 OR  
ACSGM006(W)4 OR ACSGMO06(W)4  
L30 2864 SEA LIBERTYLINK OR LIBERTYLINKTM OR LIBERTYLINKRTM OR LIBERTY(W)  
)LINK OR LIBERTY(W)LINKTM OR LIBERTY(W)LINKRTM OR LL OR LLTM  
OR LLRTM  
L31 723 SEA ((BAR OR PAT)(2A)(GENE# OR PROTEIN# OR ENZYME#)) OR  
PPT(2W)ACETYLTRANSFERASE OR PPT(2W)ACETYL(W)TRANSFERASE OR  
PT(W)N(2W)ACETYLTRANSFERASE OR PT(W)N(2W)ACETYL(W)TRANSFERASE  
L32 240 SEA PHOSPHINOTHRICIN(W)N(W)ACETYLTRANSFERASE OR PHOSPHINOTHRICI  
N(2W)ACETYLTRANSFERASE OR PHOSPHINOTHRICIN(2W)ACETYL(W)TRANSFER  
ASE OR PHOSPHINOTHRICINACETYL(W)TRANSFERASE  
L33 798 SEA (L31 OR L32)  
L34 7656 SEA (HERBICID? OR BIALAPHOS OR BASTA OR GLUFOSINATE OR  
PHOSPHINOTHRICIN OR LIBERTY?) (5A) (RESIST? OR TOLERAN? OR  
PROTECT?)  
L35 85416 SEA SOY OR SOYA OR SOJA OR SOYBEAN# OR SOYABEAN# OR SOJABEAN#  
OR GLYCINE(W)MAX OR G(W)MAX  
L36 93951 SEA GMO OR GMOS OR LMO OR LMOS OR GM OR GE OR TRANSGEN? OR  
(GENETIC?(3A) (MODIF? OR TRANSFORM? OR MANIPULAT? OR IMPROV? OR  
ENGINEER?))  
L37 65 SEA L30 AND L35  
L38 38 SEA L33 AND L35  
L39 366 SEA L34 AND L35 AND L36  
L40 459 SEA L29 OR L37 OR L38 OR L39  
L41 38 SEA L40 AND PY>=2018  
L42 32 SEA L41 AND UP>=20181001 AND UP<=20200930

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OR ACS(W)GM006(W)4 OR ACS(W)GMO06(W)4 OR ACSGM006(W)4 OR  
ACSGM006(W)4 OR ACSGMO06(W)4  
L44 4868 SEA LIBERTYLINK OR LIBERTYLINKTM OR LIBERTYLINKRTM OR LIBERTY(W)  
)LINK OR LIBERTY(W)LINKTM OR LIBERTY(W)LINKRTM OR LL OR LLTM  
OR LLRTM  
L45 1482 SEA ((BAR OR PAT)(2A)(GENE# OR PROTEIN# OR ENZYME#)) OR  
PPT(2W)ACETYLTRANSFERASE OR PPT(2W)ACETYL(W)TRANSFERASE OR  
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L46 368 SEA PHOSPHINOTHRICIN(W)N(W)ACETYLTRANSFERASE OR PHOSPHINOTHRICI  
N(2W)ACETYLTRANSFERASE OR PHOSPHINOTHRICIN(2W)ACETYL(W)TRANSFER  
ASE OR PHOSPHINOTHRICINACETYL(W)TRANSFERASE  
L47 1582 SEA (L45 OR L46)  
L48 17347 SEA (HERBICID? OR BIALAPHOS OR BASTA OR GLUFOSINATE OR  
PHOSPHINOTHRICIN OR LIBERTY?) (5A) (RESIST? OR TOLERAN? OR  
PROTECT?)  
L49 184857 SEA SOY OR SOYA OR SOJA OR SOYBEAN# OR SOYABEAN# OR SOJABEAN#  
OR GLYCINE(W)MAX OR G(W)MAX  
L50 173769 SEA GMO OR GMOS OR LMO OR LMOS OR GM OR GE OR TRANSGEN? OR  
(GENETIC?(3A) (MODIF? OR TRANSFORM? OR MANIPULAT? OR IMPROV? OR  
ENGINEER?))  
L51 130 SEA L44 AND L49  
L52 105 SEA L47 AND L49  
L53 732 SEA L48 AND L49 AND L50  
L54 922 SEA L43 OR L51 OR L52 OR L53  
L55 96 SEA L54 AND PY>=2018  
L56 78 SEA L55 AND UP>=20181001 AND UP<=20200930  
L57 78 SEA L56 NOT P/DT  
L58 0 SEA L56 AND (P/DT AND J/DT)  
L59 78 SEA L57 OR L58

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OR ACS(W)GM006(W)4 OR ACS(W)GM006(W)4 OR ACSGM006(W)4 OR  
ACSGM006(W)4 OR ACSGM006(W)4

L61 18876 SEA LIBERTYLINK OR LIBERTYLINKTM OR LIBERTYLINKRTM OR LIBERTY(W)  
)LINK OR LIBERTY(W)LINKTM OR LIBERTY(W)LINKRTM OR LL OR LLTM  
OR LLRTM

L62 6879 SEA ((BAR OR PAT)(2A)(GENE# OR PROTEIN# OR ENZYME#)) OR  
PPT(2W)ACETYLTRANSFERASE OR PPT(2W)ACETYL(W)TRANSFERASE OR  
PT(W)N(2W)ACETYLTRANSFERASE OR PT(W)N(2W)ACETYL(W)TRANSFERASE

L63 761 SEA PHOSPHINOTHRICIN(W)N(W)ACETYLTRANSFERASE OR PHOSPHINOTHRICI  
N(2W)ACETYLTRANSFERASE OR PHOSPHINOTHRICIN(2W)ACETYL(W)TRANSFER  
ASE OR PHOSPHINOTHRICINACETYL(W)TRANSFERASE

L64 7168 SEA (L62 OR L63)

L65 26416 SEA (HERBICID? OR BIALAPHOS OR BASTA OR GLUFOSINATE OR  
PHOSPHINOTHRICIN OR LIBERTY?) (5A) (RESIST? OR TOLERAN? OR  
PROTECT?)

L66 391227 SEA SOY OR SOYA OR SOJA OR SOYBEAN# OR SOYABEAN# OR SOJABEAN#  
OR GLYCINE(W)MAX OR G(W)MAX

L67 663730 SEA GMO OR GMOS OR LMO OR LMOS OR GM OR GE OR TRANSGEN? OR  
(GENETIC?(3A) (MODIF? OR TRANSFORM? OR MANIPULAT? OR IMPROV? OR  
ENGINEER?))

L68 212 SEA L61 AND L66

L69 488 SEA L64 AND L66

L70 5630 SEA L65 AND L66 AND L67

L71 6145 SEA L60 OR L68 OR L69 OR L70

L72 1527 SEA L71 AND PY>=2018

L73 811 SEA L72 AND UP>=20181001 AND UP<=20200930

L74 83 SEA L73 NOT P/DT

L75 0 SEA L73 AND (P/DT AND J/DT)

L76 83 SEA L74 OR L75

FILE 'MEDLINE, BIOSIS, AGRICOLA, CABA, HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 09:54:14 ON 09  
OCT 2020

L77 222 DUP REM L14 L28 L42 L59 L76 (87 DUPLICATES REMOVED)  
ANSWERS '1-51' FROM FILE MEDLINE  
ANSWERS '52-95' FROM FILE BIOSIS  
ANSWERS '96-122' FROM FILE AGRICOLA  
ANSWERS '123-171' FROM FILE CABA  
ANSWERS '172-222' FROM FILE HCAPLUS