

Action Code	WHO	WHAT	HOW	WHEN
AGRI 1	EU Institutions	Re-establish the previous marketing standards and develop new ones covering other agri-food sectors.	Amend the single CMO Regulation, the “Breakfast Directives” and the secondary CMO legislation.	
AGRI 2	Farmers, agri-cooperatives and food banks	Promote the establishment of food redistribution networks and integrate farmers and their cooperatives.		
AGRI 3	Member States	Rebalance the power in the food chain.	Transpose and implement the Unfair Trading Practices (UTPs) Directive at national level in order to protect sellers from unfair practices (e.g. short notice cancellations and unilateral contract changes).	

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AGRI 4	EU Institutions	<p>Implement innovation in biotechnology.</p> <p>New plant varieties may be developed to increase yields and tackle new pests and diseases as well as adverse weather conditions.</p>	<p>Clarifying the legal status of new mutagenesis techniques in plant breeding is one of the priorities for the next Commission's work programme. Modern mutagenesis techniques are an important part of new plant breeding techniques.</p>	
AGRI 5	EU Institutions	<p>Improve access to the plant protection products</p>	<p>Improve the functioning of the mutual recognition system for plant protection products under Regulation (EC) No 1107/2009; simplify the criteria and fast-track procedures for low-risk active substances, including biocontrol solutions; and tackle the lack of solutions for treating specialty crops (Minor Uses).</p>	

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AGRI 6	EU Institutions	Appropriate treatment and veterinary medicines should be available in all EU Member States for all species.	Support research into and the availability and affordability of new veterinary medicines (VMPs) while involving farmers in the whole development process; reduce the need for antibiotic treatment by improving animal health (e.g. prevention); and harmonise VMP collection and monitoring systems and the use of antibiotics by Member States.	
AGRI 7	Member States	Provide policy and financial support to facilitate the sector's adaptation; jointly address climate change, job creation and food insecurity.	Food waste prevention can be tackled by enhanced circular economy support, exchanging knowledge of best practices (e.g. looking for suitable customers; adding value to residual flows and by-products) and also climate change adaptation and mitigation in the framework of the new green architecture	

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AGRI 8	EU Institutions. farmers and academia	Ensure better access to technological developments and innovative solutions.	Include farmers and their cooperatives in the research and innovation activities from the beginning of the process. This will improve further uptake of innovative solutions and technologies within the sector. Foster discussions and exchanges of views between researchers, farmers and their cooperatives, in order for the latter to explain the challenges and difficulties that they are encountering.	