

# EUROPEAN COMMISSION HEALTH & CONSUMERS DIRECTORATE-GENERAL

Unit 04 - Veterinary Control Programmes

SANCO/3859/2008

Programmes for the eradication, control and monitoring of certain animal diseases and zoonoses

# Survey programme for Avian Influenza in poultry and wild birds

Approved\* for 2009 by Commission Decision 2008/897/EC



\* in accordance with Commission Decision 90/424/EEC





# PROGRAMME FOR

# SURVEILLANCE OF AVIAN INFLUENZA IN DOMESTIC POULTRY AND WILD BIRDS IN THE REPUBLIC OF BULGARIA FOR THE YEAR OF 2009

# 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE PROGRAMME:

Member State: Republic of Bulgaria

Disease: Avian Influenza Year of implementation: 2009 Reference to this document:

- Law on veterinary activity (SG 87/1 November 2005 in force since 1 May 2006)
   "Art. 123. (1) The NVS shall draft national programs for epizootic surveillance of some specific contagious diseases.
- (2) The Minister of Agriculture and Forestry shall approve the programs under paragraph I upon a proposal of the Director General of the NVS."
  - Ordinance № SG-103 of 21 August 2006 on the measures for prevention, control and cradication of Avian Influenza (flu) disease; issued by the Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry and entered into force from 01.07.2007, SG No 83 of 13 October 2006 (harmonized with Council Directive 2005/94 EEC).
  - Commission Decision 2007/268 on the implementation of surveillance programmes for avian influenza in poultry and wild birds to be carried out in the Member States and amending Decision 2004/450/EC

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# 2. DESCRIPTION OF THE SURVEILLANCE PROGRAMME IN POULTRY:

# 2.1 Objectives, general requirements and criteria

# A. Objectives:

The serological surveillance of highly pathogenic Avian Influenza subtypes H5 and H7 has the following objectives:

- To detect clinical and subclinical infections and to undertake early protection measures for control the spread of the disease and possible mutation of the virus.
- To detect poultry populations infected with H5 and H7, which are susceptible to the disease and are reared in areas where the risk of disease introduction is considered to be higher.
- To prove that a region is free from notifiable avian influenza in the frame of intercommunity trade from 01.01.2008 and in the frame of international trade according to the rules of World Organisation for Animal (lealth (OIE), Paris.

### B. General requirements and criteria:

- The sampling shall not extend beyond 31 December 2009 and shall cover a production period.
- Testing of samples shall be carried out at National Reference Laboratory for Avian Influenza under the National Diagnostic and Research Veterinary Institute /NDRVI/, Sofa National Reference Laboratory for Diagnostics of Avian Influenza and Newcastle Disease in Varna.
- 3. All results, both serological and virological, shall be sent to the Community Reference Laboratory for Avian Influenza. All isolates positive for Avian Influenza will be submitted to the Community Reference Laboratory.

The samples should be addressed to:

Avian Virology, VLA Weybridge, New Haw, Addlestone, and Surrey KT15 3NB, United Kingdom

Community Reference Laboratory contacts

Ian H. Brown, Director of the Reference Laboratory

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#### 2.2 DESIGN AND IMPLEMENTATION:

# Serological and virological examination of domestic poultry

<u>Serological EXAMINATION</u> for Avian influenza of the following species and birds category:

- Domestic hens, kept in non-commercial holdings or in industrial holdings;
- Domestic birds of the gallinaccous species /breeding stocks, laying hens, turkeys, of ratites/;
- Domestic waterfowls /ducks and geese/;
- Birds, reared and used for hunting (pheasants, partridge, quaits, half-savage birds);

# SAMPLE SELECTION, COLLECTION AND SENDING:

For serological analyses are sent serum samples of clinically healthy birds.

> <u>Blood</u> obtained by a single-use closed blood sampling system. The blood is collected of the internal part of the wing from v. cutanea ulnaris and v. Brachialis, using vacuum container type butterfly.

The samples are chilled immediately on ice and submitted to the laboratory as quickly as possible. If rapid transportation can not be guaranteed the samples can be stored for 48 to 72 hours at  $0 - 4^{\circ}$ C and for a longer period – at  $-70^{\circ}$  C. The specimens for virological sampling should not be transported on dry ice, since the  $CO_2$  inactivate immediately the avian influenza virus.

The plan for laboratory surveillance for 2009 is based on a regional principle as regards to the samples which have to be taken from different bird species and sent for analyses. The programme includes examination of live poultry. It is preferable the samples taken from domestic poultry from gallinaceous species and waterfowls to be sent with a separate cover letters. The samples should be taken within the migratory period of the wild birds and can include considerable number of slaughtered domestic poultry.

In case of taking samples from one settlement the latter must be collected from at least three different backyards/ flocks.

Table 2.2.1 Poultry holdings (except ducks and geese):

| NUTS<br>(2)code       | Total<br>number o<br>holdings | Total<br>f number of<br>holdings to<br>be sampled | Number of<br>samples per<br>holding | Total<br>number of<br>tests to be<br>performed<br>per method | Methods of<br>Laboratory<br>analysis |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|
| BG311                 | 1- layin<br>hens              | g l   | 20                                  | 19- ELISA;<br>1 - AGID                                       | ELISA;<br>PCR; HI;<br>AGID           |
| <u>BG312</u>          | 1- layin<br>hens              | g l   | 20                                  | 19- ELISA;<br>1 - AGID                                       | ELISA;<br>PCR; HI;<br>AGID           |
| B <u>G313</u>         | 2- layin<br>hens              | g 2   | 20                                  | 37- ELISA;<br>3 - AGID                                       | ELISA;<br>PCR; HI;<br>AGID           |
| <u>B</u> G <u>314</u> | 3- layin<br>hens              | g 3   | 20                                  | 55- ELISA;<br>5 - ΛGID                                       | ELISA;<br>PCR; fili;<br>AGID         |
| <u>B</u> G3 <u>15</u> | 2- layin<br>hens              | y 2   | 20                                  | 37- ELISA;<br>3 - AGID                                       | ELISA;<br>PCR; HI;<br>AGID           |
| <u>BG3</u> 21,        | 2- layin<br>hens              | g 2   | 20                                  | 37- ELISA;<br>3 - AGID                                       | ELISA;<br>PCR; Hf;<br>AGID           |
| <u>BG322</u>          | ]- layin<br>hens              | g l   | 20                                  | 19- ELISA;<br>1 - AGID                                       | ELISA;<br>PCR; HI;<br>AGID           |
| <u>BG</u> 32 <u>3</u> | 3- layin<br>hens              | g 3   | 20                                  | 55- ELISA;<br>5 - AGID                                       | ELJSA;<br>PCR; HI;<br>AGID           |
| <u>BG324</u>          | 1- layin<br>hens              | g (   | 20                                  | 19- ELISA;<br>1 - AGID                                       | ELISA;<br>PCR; HI;<br>AGID           |

| BG325        | 2-<br>hens | laying | 2  | 20 | 37- ELISA;<br>3 - AGID | ELISA;<br>PCR;<br>AGID | НI;     |
|--------------|------------|--------|----|----|------------------------|------------------------|---------|
| <u>BG331</u> | 4-<br>hens | laying | 4  | 20 | 74- ELISA;             | ELISA;<br>PCR;         | 111;    |
|              |            |        |    |    | 6 - AGID               | AGID                   |         |
| BG332        | l-<br>hens | laying | Į. | 20 | 19- ELISA;             | ELISA;<br>PCR;         | н];     |
|              | 11011.7    |        |    |    | I - AGID               | AGID                   | •,      |
| <u>BG334</u> | 3-         | laying | 3  | 20 | 55- ELISA;             | ELISA;                 |         |
|              | hens       |        |    |    | 5 - AGID               | PCR;<br>AGID           | 10;     |
| <u>BG341</u> | 2-         | laying | 2  | 20 | 37- ELISA;             | ELISA;                 | • • • • |
|              | hens       |        |    |    | 3 - AGID               | PCR;<br>AGID           | [{];    |
| <u>BG342</u> | J-         | laying | 1  | 20 | 19- ELISA;             | ELISA;                 | ,,,     |
|              | hens       |        |    |    | I - AGID               | PCR;<br>AGID           | HI;     |
| <u>BG343</u> | 2-         | laying | 2  | 20 | 37- ELISA;             | ELISA;                 |         |
|              | hens       |        |    |    | 3 - AGID               | PCR;<br>AGID           | HI;     |
| BG344        | 3-         | laying | 3  | 20 | 55- ELISA;             | ELISA;                 |         |
|              | hens       |        |    |    | 5 - AGID               | PCR;<br>AGID           | HI;     |
| <u>BG411</u> | 2-         | laying | 2  | 20 | 37- ELISA;             | ELISA;                 | 171.    |
|              | hens       |        |    |    | 3 - AGID               | PCR;<br>AGID           | HI;     |
| BG412        | 4-         | laying | 4  | 20 | 74- ELISA;             | ELISA;                 | T (T.   |
|              | hens       |        |    |    | 6 -AGID                | PCR;<br>AGID           | ні;     |
| BG413        | 1-         | laying | 1  | 20 | 19- ELISA;             | ELISA;                 | 10.     |
|              | hens       |        |    |    | L-AGID                 | PCR;<br>AGID           | 101;    |
| <u>BG414</u> | 2-         | laying | 2  | 20 | 37- ELISA;             | ELISA;                 | ur.     |
|              | hens       |        |    |    | 3 -AGID                | PCR;<br>AGID           | HI;     |

| 1 0(2)                |               | 50 | 2  | 76- AGID   |                |               |
|-----------------------|---------------|----|----|------------|----------------|---------------|
| Total                 |               | 53 | 20 | 984- ELISA |                |               |
|                       | hens          |    |    | 1 -AGID    | PCR;<br>AGID   | HI            |
| B <u>G42</u> 5        | l- laying     | 1  | 20 | 19- ELISA; | ELISA;         | 111.          |
|                       |               |    |    | I -AGID    | PCR;<br>AGID   | HI;           |
| <u>BG</u> 4 <u>24</u> | I-laying hens | 1  | 20 | 19- ELISA; | ELISA;         | 711.          |
|                       |               |    |    | 1 -AGID    | PCR;<br>AGID   | HI;           |
| <u>B</u> G423         | 1-laying hens | 1  | 20 | 19- ELISA; | ELISA;         | T.I.          |
|                       | heлs          |    |    | 3 -AGID    | PCR;<br>AGID   | HII;          |
| BG <u>42</u> 2        | 2 -laying     | 2  | 20 | 37- ELISA; | ELISA;         | t <b>1</b> 7. |
|                       | hens          |    |    | 6 -AGID    | AGID           | п.,           |
| <u>BG</u> 42 <u>1</u> | 4 -laying     | 4  | 20 | 74- ELISA; | ELISA;<br>PCR; | HI;           |
|                       | hens          |    |    | 1 -AGID    | PCR;<br>AGID   | r11,          |
| BG415                 | }- laying     | 1  | 20 | 19- ELISA; | ELISA;         | HI;           |

Table 2.2.2 Pheasants holdings to be sampled:

| NUTS<br>(2)code | Total<br>number of<br>holdings | Total<br>number of<br>holdings to<br>be sampled | Number of<br>samples per<br>holding | Total<br>number of<br>tests to be<br>performed<br>per method | Methods of<br>Laboratory<br>analysis |
|-----------------|--------------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|
| B <u>G314</u>   | 1- pheasants                   | 1   | 20                                  | 20-HI  | ELISA;<br>PCR; HI;<br>AGID           |
| <u>BG343</u>    | 2- pheasants                   | 2   | 20                                  | 40- ELISA  | ELISA;<br>PCR; HI;<br>AGID           |
| <u>BG344</u>    | I- pheasants                   | 1   | 20                                  | 20- ELISA  | ELISA:<br>PCR; HI;                   |

f- I fI

AGID

Total

4

80- ELISA

Table 2.2.3 Farmed game holdings to be sampled:

| NUTS<br>(2)code | Total<br>number of<br>holdings | Total<br>number of<br>holdings to<br>be sampled | Number of<br>samples per<br>holding | Total<br>number of<br>tests to be<br>performed<br>per method | Methods of<br>Laboratory<br>analysis |
|-----------------|--------------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|
| <u>BG342</u>    | 1- farm game<br>birds          | 1   | 20                                  | 20 H1  | ELISA;<br>PCR; HI;<br>AGID           |
| Total           | i                              | 1   |                                     | 20- H1   |                                      |

Table 2.2.4 Turkey holdings to be sampled:

| NUTS<br>(2)code | Total<br>number of<br>holdings | Total<br>number of<br>holdings to<br>be sampled |    | Total<br>number of<br>tests to be<br>performed<br>per method | Methods of<br>Laboratory<br>analysis |
|-----------------|--------------------------------|---|----|--|--------------------------------------|
| BG3 <u>31</u>   | 2- turkey                      | 2   | 20 | 40- III  | ELISA;<br>PCR; HI;<br>AGID           |
| <u>BG342</u>    | 2- turkey                      | 2   | 20 | 40 HI  | ELISA;<br>PCR; HI;<br>AGID           |
| <u>BG342</u>    | 2- turkey                      | 2   | 20 | 40- HI   | ELISA;<br>PCR; III;<br>AGID          |
| Total           |                                | 6   | 20 | 120- HI  |                                      |

Table 2.2.5 Duck and geese holdings to be sampled:

| NUTS code      | Total<br>number of<br>ducks and<br>geesc<br>holdings |    | Number of<br>samples per<br>holding | Total number of samples to be performed per method | - ·        |
|----------------|--|----|-------------------------------------|--|------------|
| BG315          | 3- ducks<br>mallards                                 | 3  | 40                                  | 120- HI  | HI; AGID   |
| BG324          | 2- ducks<br>mallards                                 | 2  | 40                                  | 80- HI   | HI; AGID   |
| B <u>G3</u> 25 | l- ducks   | 1  | 40                                  | 40- HI   | HI; AGID   |
| <u>BG</u> 331  | 5- ducks<br>mallards                                 | 5  | 40                                  | 200- HI  | HI; AGID   |
| B <u>G33</u> 2 | 4- fatting<br>ducks                                  | 4  | 40                                  | 160- HI  | HI ; AGID  |
| <u>BG</u> 342  | 5- ducks<br>mallards                                 | 5  | 40                                  | 200- HI  | III ; AGIĐ |
| <u>BG344</u>   | 13- ducks<br>mallards                                | 13 | 40                                  | 520- HI  | III ; AGID |
| <u>BG422</u>   | 17- ducks<br>mallards                                | 17 | 40                                  | 680-111  | HI; AGID   |
| <u>BG</u> 423  | 9 fatting<br>ducks                                   | 9  | 40                                  | 360- HI  | III; AGID  |
| Total          |  | 59 | 40                                  | 2360- HI   |            |

Table 2.2.6 Backyard flocks:

| NUTS<br>code | Settlement:              | Bird species<br>and number<br>of samples:     | Number of backyards:           | Total number of samples: | Methods of<br>laboratory<br>analysis |
|--------------|--------------------------|---|--------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| BG413        | Byalo Pole village       | gallinaccous<br>species –625<br>Water birds – | 81<br>backyards<br>5 backyards | 53<br>25                 | ELISA; PCR;<br>HI; AGID              |
|              | Cherniche<br>village     | gallinaceous<br>species - 460<br>Waterfowls   | 58<br>l                        | 42<br>5                  | ELISA; PCR;<br>HI; AGID              |
| :            | Toplonitza<br>village    | gallinaceous<br>species 260                   | 22                             | 22                       | ELISA; PCR;<br>HI; AGID              |
|              | Total:                   |   |                                | 147                      |                                      |
| BG341        | Chemi Vrah<br>village    | gallinaceous<br>species -<br>3000             | 215<br>9                       | 53<br>45                 | ELISA; PCR;<br>HI; AGID              |
|              | j                        | waterfowls -                                  |                                |                          |                                      |
|              | Dolno Ezerovo<br>village | gallinaceous<br>species -<br>3200             | 207                            | 60                       | ELISA; PCR;<br>HI; AGID              |
|              | Kraimorie                | gallinaceous                                  | 22                             | 22                       | ELISA; PCR;                          |
|              | village                  | species - 318<br>waterfowls -                 | 2                              | 10                       | HI; AGID                             |
| ļ            | Dimchevo<br>village      | gallinaceous<br>species - 545                 | 55                             | 42                       | ELISA; PCR;<br>HI; AGID              |
|              | water                    | waterfowls<br>55                              | 6                              | 30                       |                                      |
|              | Total:                   |   | ,                              | 262                      |                                      |

| NUTS<br>ende | Settlement:     | Bird species<br>and number<br>of samples: | Number of backyards: | Total number<br>of samples: | Methods of<br>laboratory<br>analysis |
|--------------|-----------------|---|----------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| BG331        | Kazashko        | gallinaceous                              | 52                   | 42                          | ELISA; PCR;                          |
|              | village         | species - 250                             | 9                    | 20                          | ਸੀ; AGID                             |
|              |                 | waterfowls -<br>55                        |                      |                             |                                      |
|              | Strashimirovo   | gallinaceous                              | 105                  | 53                          | ELISA; PCR;                          |
|              | · village       | species -<br>1175                         | 3                    | 15                          | HI; AGID                             |
|              | :               | waterfowls -<br>                          |                      |                             |                                      |
|              | Ezerovo village | gallinaceous                              | 60                   | 42                          | ELISA; PCR;                          |
|              |                 | species - 661 3 15                        | 15                   | нĭ; лGID                    |                                      |
|              |                 | waterfowls -                              | :<br>:<br>           |                             |                                      |
|              | Total:          |   | <u> </u>             | 187                         |                                      |
| <u>BG321</u> | Town Svishtov   | Gallinaceous<br>species -<br>1532         | 48                   | 35                          | ELISA; PCR;<br>HI; AGID              |
|              | Vardam village  | Gallinaceous<br>species - 396             | 21                   | 21                          | ELISA; PCR;<br>HI; AGID              |
|              | Total:          |   |                      | 56                          |                                      |
| <u>BG311</u> | Vrav village    | gallinaceous                              | 50                   | 35                          | ELISA; PCR;                          |
|              | :               | species -<br>2100                         | 9                    | 30                          | HI; AGID                             |
|              | :               | waterfowls -<br>_ 86                      |                      | <u></u>                     |                                      |
|              | Koshava village | gallinaccous                              | 50                   | 35                          | ELISA; PCR;                          |
|              |                 | species -<br>3100                         | 8                    | 20                          | HI; AGID                             |
|              |                 | waterfowls -<br>65                        |                      | İ                           |                                      |

| NUTS<br>code | Settlement:     | Bird species<br>and number<br>of samples: | Number of backyards: | Total number of samples: | Methods of<br>laboratory<br>analysis |
|--------------|-----------------|---|----------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| ļ            | Archar village  | gallinaceous                              | 70                   | 42                       | ELISA; PCR;                          |
| İ            |                 | species -<br>4128                         | ! <b>!!</b><br>i     | 20                       | HI; AGID                             |
|              |                 | waterfowls -<br>87                        |                      | ,                        |                                      |
| <u> </u>     | Total:          |   |                      | 182                      |                                      |
| <u>BG313</u> | town Oryahovo   | gallinaceous                              | 50                   | 35                       | ELISA; PCR;                          |
|              |                 | species -<br>5000                         | 55                   | 70                       | HI; AGID                             |
| i<br>i       |                 | waterfowls -<br>2000                      |                      |                          |                                      |
|              | Ostrov village  | gallinaccous<br>species                   | 1109                 | <b>60</b>                | ELISA; PCR;<br>HI: AGID              |
|              |                 | 15 250                                    | 60                   | 70                       |                                      |
|              |                 | waterfowls -<br>800                       |                      |                          |                                      |
|              | Town, Kozloduí  | gallinaceous<br>species –                 | 600                  | 60                       | ELISA; PCR;<br>HI; AGID              |
|              |                 | 48 000<br>waterfowls -                    | 86                   | 90                       |                                      |
|              |                 | 1200                                      |                      |                          | l                                    |
|              | Total:          |   |                      | 385                      | ,,                                   |
| BG332        | Shabla village  | gallinaceous<br>species – 5<br>900        | 610                  | 60                       | ELISA; PCR;                          |
|              |                 | waterfowls -                              | 92                   | 100                      |                                      |
|              | Ezerete village | gallinaceous                              | 51                   | 42                       | ELISA; PCR;                          |
| i            |                 | species -<br>1512                         | 11                   | 20                       | HI; AGID                             |
|              | ļ               | waterfowls - 110                          |                      |                          |                                      |

| NUTS<br>code | Settlement:             | Bird species<br>and number<br>of samples:           | Number of backyards: | Total number of samples: | Methods of laboratory analysis |
|--------------|-------------------------|---|----------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------|
|              | Durankulak<br>village   | gallinaceous<br>species -3200                       | 184                  | 153                      | ELISA; PCR;<br>HI; AGID        |
|              |                         | waterfowls - 900                                    | 815                  | 300                      |                                |
|              | Vaklino village         | gallinaceous<br>species -<br>1532                   | 135                  | 53                       | ELISA; PCR;<br>HI; AGID        |
|              |                         | waterfowls -  | 89                   | 100                      |                                |
|              | Total:                  |   |                      | 828                      |                                |
| <u>BG425</u> | Ostrivitca<br>village   | gallinaceous<br>species - 120<br>waterfowls -<br>12 | 12<br>3              | 12<br>10                 | ELISA; PCR;<br>HI; AGID        |
|              | Shiroko Pole<br>village | gallinaceous<br>species - 600<br>waterfowls -8      | 59<br>2              | 42                       | ELISA; PCR;<br>HI; AGID        |
|              | Gluhar village          | gallinaceous<br>species - 886<br>waterfowls<br>28   | 68                   | 42<br>15                 | ELISA; PCR;<br>[][; AGID       |
|              | Padartci village        | gallinaceous<br>species - 350                       | 19                   | 19                       | ELISA; PCR;<br>HI; AGID        |
|              | Kokoshane<br>village    | gallinaceous<br>species - 66                        | 7                    | 7                        | ELISA; PCR;<br>HI; AGID        |
|              | Total:                  | <u> </u>  | <del> </del>         | 151                      |                                |
| BG312        | Slivata Village         | hens - 800<br>waterfowls -<br>90                    | 80                   | 53<br>15                 | ELISA; PCR;<br>HI; AGID        |
|              | Dolno Ligavo<br>village | hens - 1 729<br>watrefowls -                        | <b>88</b> 7          | 53<br>15                 | ELISA; PCR;<br>HI; AGID        |

| NUTS<br>code | Settlement:          | Bird species<br>and number<br>of samples: | Number of backyards: | Total number of samples: | Methods of laboratory analysis |
|--------------|----------------------|---|----------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------|
| i .          | Dolni Teibar         | hens - 240                                | 29                   | 29                       | ELISA; PCR;                    |
|              | village              | waterfowls -<br>89                        | 4                    | 10                       | HI; AGID                       |
|              | Gorno                | hens -2047                                | 186                  | 53                       | ELISA; PCR;                    |
| !<br>        | Teerovene<br>village | waterfowls -<br>35                        | 3                    | 10                       | HI; AGID                       |
|              | Total:               |   |                      | 238                      |                                |
| BG423        | Poibrene village     | gallinaceous<br>species – 1<br>216        | 56                   | 42                       | ELISA; PCR;<br>HI; AGID        |
|              |                      | watrefowls - 315                          | 26                   | 40                       |                                |
|              | Total:               |   |                      | 82                       |                                |
| <u>BG314</u> | Zagrajden<br>village | gallinaceous<br>species- 4<br>340         | 55                   | 42                       | ELISA; PCR;<br>HI; AGID        |
|              |                      | watrefowls –                              | 67                   | 70                       |                                |
|              | Dolni Vit<br>Village | gallinaceous<br>species- 4                | 115                  | 53                       | ELISA; PCR;<br>HI; AGID        |
|              |                      | 680<br>watrefowls –<br>5120               | 86                   | 100                      |                                |
|              | Total:               |   |                      | 265                      |                                |
| <u>BG421</u> | Belovitea<br>village | gallinaceous<br>species – 3<br>000        | 240                  | 53 20                    | ELISA; PCR;<br>HI; AGID        |
|              | i<br>                | waterfowls - 68                           |                      |                          | :<br>                          |

| NUTS<br>code | Settlement:              | Bird species<br>and number<br>of samples: | Number of backyards: | Total number of samples: | Methods of<br>laboratory<br>analysis |
|--------------|--------------------------|---|----------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------------|
|              | Malo Krushovo<br>village | gallinaceous<br>species –<br>[210         | 80<br>6              | 42<br>18                 | ELISA; PCR;<br>HI; AGID              |
|              | ļ                        | waterfowls -                              |                      |                          |                                      |
|              | Trilistni village        | gallinaceous<br>species - 5<br>500        |                      | 4                        | ELISA; PCR;<br>HI; AGID              |
|              | Total:                   |   |                      | 137                      |                                      |
| BG324        | Kroyach village          | gallinaceous<br>species - 820             | 43                   | 35                       | ELISA; PCR;<br>[II]; AGID            |
|              |                          | waterfowls -<br>315                       | 32                   | 50                       |                                      |
|              | Total:                   |   |                      | 85                       | <u> </u><br>                         |
| BG323        | Krivina village          | gallinaceous<br>- 9125                    | 96                   | 53                       | ELISA; PCR;<br>HI; AGID              |
| :            |                          | waterfowls -                              | 8                    | 20                       | !<br>                                |
|              | Batin village            | gallinaceous<br>- 4250                    | 77                   | 53                       | ELISA; PCR;<br>HI; AGID              |
| <u>.</u>     | Ryahovo<br>Village       | gallinaccous<br>-5556                     | 72                   | 53                       | ELISA; PCR;<br>HI; AGID              |
| <br> <br> -  | , vinage                 | waterfowls -<br>213                       | 14                   | 30                       | <u> </u>                             |
| İ            | Total:                   |   | <u>†</u>             | 209                      |                                      |
| BG325        | Sreharna village         | gallinaceous<br>species -<br>7000         | 42                   | 35                       | FLISA; PCR;<br>III; AGID             |
|              | !<br>                    | waterfowls -                              | 8                    | 30                       | <u> </u>                             |

| NUTS<br>code | Settlement:      | Bird species<br>and number<br>of samples: | Number of backyards: | Total number of samples: | Methods of laboratory analysis |
|--------------|------------------|---|----------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------|
|              | Vetren village   | gallinaceous<br>species -5842             | 51<br>9              | 42<br>40                 | ELISA; PCR;<br>HI; AGID        |
| !            |                  | waterfowls -<br>152                       |                      |                          |                                |
|              | Popina village   | gallinaceous<br>species -<br>4125         | 46<br>5              | 35<br>10                 | ELISA; PCR;<br>III; AGID       |
| <u>'</u><br> |                  | waterfowls -<br>70                        |                      |                          |                                |
|              | Total:           |   |                      | 192                      |                                |
| BG342        | Banya village    | gallinaceous<br>species -<br>2252         | 125                  | 53                       | ELISA; PCR;<br>HI; AGID        |
|              |                  | waterfowls -                              | 35                   | 35                       |                                |
|              | Total:           | <u> </u>                                  |                      | 88                       |                                |
| <u>BG334</u> | Lomtci village   | gallinaceous                              | 55                   | 42                       | ELISA; PCR;                    |
|              |                  | species – 3<br>200                        | 30 <sup>!</sup>      | 50                       | HI; AGID                       |
| İ            |                  | waterfowls –<br>526                       |                      |                          |                                |
|              | Total:           |   |                      | 92                       |                                |
| <u>BG422</u> | Galabete village | gallinaceous                              | 47                   | 35                       | ELISA; PCR;                    |
|              |                  | species - 490<br>waterfowls -<br>21       | 3                    | 10                       | HII; AGID                      |
|              | Nikolovo         | gallinaceous                              | 22                   | 22                       | ELISA; PCR;                    |
| į            | village          | species -190<br>waterfowls -<br>45        | 6                    | 20                       | III; AGID                      |
|              | Total:           | i   |                      | 87                       |                                |

| NUTS<br>code | Settlement:           | Bird species<br>and number<br>of samples:            | Number of backyards: | Total number of samples: | Methods of<br>laboratory<br>analysis |
|--------------|-----------------------|--|----------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| BG333        | Kiolmen village       | gallinaceous<br>species - 112<br>waterfowls -        | 5                    | 5<br>20                  | ELISA; PCR;<br>III; AGID             |
|              | village Malomir       | gallinaceous<br>species - 412<br>waterfowls -<br>80  | 25<br>7              | 25<br>20                 | ELISA; PCR;<br>Hi; AGID              |
|              | Tushovitca<br>village | gallinaceous<br>species - 641<br>waterfowls -<br>512 | 48 32                | 35                       | ELISA; PCR;<br>fil; AGID             |
|              | Sushina village       | gallinaceous<br>species -191<br>waterfowls -<br>45   | 19<br>4              | 19                       | ELISA; PCR;<br>HI; AGID              |
|              | Kochovo village       | gallinaceous<br>species -1<br>680                    | 105<br>60            | 53                       | ELISA; PCR;<br>HI; AGID              |
|              | Han Krum<br>village   | gallinaceous<br>species - 675<br>waterfowls -        | 78<br>42             | 53                       | ELISA; PCR;                          |
|              | Total:  Total for t   | he country:  | <u> </u>             | 400 4073                 |                                      |

<u>Total number of sample per method:</u> Gallinaccous species: ELISA- 2094; AGID- 158;

Waterfowls: HI- 1821

# 2.3 LABORATORY TESTING: DESCRIPTION OF THE LABORATORY TESTS:

- 1. Laboratory tests shall be carried out in accordance with the avian influenza diagnostic manual (Commission Decision 2006/437/EC) laying down the procedures for the confirmation and differential diagnosis of avian influenza (including examination of sera from ducks and geese by haemagglutination-inhibition (HI) test).
- 2.. All positive serological findings shall be confirmed by the National Laboratories for avian influenza by a haemagglutination-inhibition test, using designated strains supplied by the Community Reference Laboratory for Avian Influenza:
- H5 (a) initial test using Ostrich/Denmark/72420/96 (H5N2);
- (b) test all positives with Duck/Denmark/64650/03 (H5N7) to eliminate N2 cross reactive antibody.
- H7 (a) initial test using Turkey/England/647/77 (H7N7);
- (b) test all positives with African Starling/983/79 (H7N1) to eliminate N7 cross reactive antibody.

# 3. DESCRIPTION OF THE SURVEILLANCE PROGRAMME IN WILD BIRDS:

# 3.1 Objectives, general requirements and criteria:

#### · A. Objectives:

Virological surveillance for avian influenza in wild birds aim to identify the risk of introduction of AI viruses (LPAI and HPAI) to domestic poultry by:

- to ensure early detection of HPAI HSN1 by investigating increased incidence of morbidity and mortality in wild birds, in particular in selected 'higher risk' species.
- in the event that HPAI H5N1 is detected in wild birds, then surveillance of live and dead wild birds shall be enhanced to determine whether wild birds of other species can act as asymptomatic carriers or 'bridge species' (see table below).
- to continue a 'baseline' surveillance of different species of free living migratory birds as part of continuous monitoring of LPAI viruses. Ansertformes (water fowl) and Charadriiformes (shorebirds and gulls) shall be the main sampling targets to assess if they carry LPAI viruses of H5 and H7 subtypes (which would in any case also detect HPAI H5NI and other HPAI, if present). 'Higher risk species' must be targeted in particular.

# B. General requirements and criteria:

- 1. Sampling shall not extend beyond 31 December 2008.
- Testing of samples shall be carried out at National Reference Laboratory for Avian Influenza under the National Diagnostic and Research Veterinary Institute /NDRVI/, Sofa National Reference Laboratory for Diagnostics of Avian Influenza and Newcastle Disease in Varna.

 All results, both scrological and virological, shall be sent to the Community Reference Laboratory for Avian Influenza. All isolates positive for Avian Influenza will be submitted to the Community Reference Laboratory.

The samples should be addressed to:

Avian Virology, VLA Weybridge, New Haw, Addlestone, and Surrey KT15 3NB, United Kingdom

Community Reference Laboratory contacts

Ian H. Brown, Director of the Reference Laboratory

Direct TEL: +44 1932 357 339; Direct FAX: +44 1932 357 239;

Email: i.h.brown@vla.defra.gsi.gov.uk

Ruth Manvell, Reference Laboratory Manager

Direct TEL: +44 1932 357 736 or +44 1932 357 708

Direct FAX: +44 1932 357 856

Email: r\_manvell@vla.dofra.gsi.gov.uk

The list of wild bird species presenting a higher risk of susceptibility in relation to avian influenza.

List of wild bird species presenting a higher risk in relation to avian influenza \*

| Species   | LATIN NAME          |
|---|---------------------|
| Bewick's Swan   | Cygnus columbiama   |
| Whooper Swan  | Cygnus cygnus       |
| Mute Swan   | Cygnus olor         |
| Geese   |                     |
| Pink-footed Goose                                     | Anser brachyrhnchus |
| Bean Goose  | Anser fabalis       |
| Greater White-fronted Goose (European race) alhifrons | Anser albifrons     |
| Lesser White-fronted Goose                            | Anser erythropus    |
| Greylag Goose   | Anser anser         |
| Barnacle Goose  | Branta leucopsis    |
| Brent Goose   | Branta bernicla     |
| Red-breasted Goose                                    | Branta ruficollis   |
| Canada Goose  | Branta canadensis   |
| Ducks   | <u> </u>            |
| Eurasian Wigeon                                       | Anas penelope       |
| Common Teal   | Anas crecca         |
| Mallard   | Anas platyrhynchos  |
| Northern Pintail                                      | Anas acuta          |

| Garganey               | Anas querquedula            |
|------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Northern Shoveler      | Anas clypeata               |
| Marbled Teal           | Marmaronetta angustirostris |
| Red-crested Pochard    | Netta rufina                |
| Common Pochard         | Aythya ferina               |
| Tufted Duck            | Aythya fuligula             |
| Waders                 |                             |
| Northern Lapwing       | Vanellus vanellus           |
| Eurasian Golden Plover | Pluvialis apricaria         |
| Black-tailed Godwit    | Limosa limosa               |
| Ruff                   | Philomachus pugnax          |
| Gulls                  |                             |
| Black-headed Gulf      | Larus ridibundus            |
| Common Gull            | Larus canus                 |

# LIST OF BIRDS LIVING IN PROXIMITY TO DOMESTIC POULTRY

| Species               | Latin name             | EURING code |  |
|-----------------------|------------------------|-------------|--|
| Domestic Goose        | Anser anser domesticus | 01610       |  |
| Domestic mallard      | Anas platyrhynchos     | 01860       |  |
| Domestic Muscovy Duck | Cairina moschata       | 01750       |  |
| Feral Pigeon          | Columba livia          | 06650       |  |
| House Sparrow         | Passer domesticus      | 15910       |  |

# 3.2 DESIGN AND IMPLEMENTATION:

- 1. It is necessary the participation of omithological institutions and organizations responsible for the ringing of birds. Where necessary this must be done under the supervision of these organizations or by the hunters.
- 2. The active surveillance in living or hunted birds shall be targeted on:
  - a) populations from different wild birds species presenting a "higher risk" identified on the basis of:

- origin and the migratory flyways;
- the number of the wild birds in the Community;
- the probability of contact with domestic poultry;
- b) identification of areas of a higher risk based on:
  - mixed sites frequented by high number of different species migratory birds but mostly those in annex 1:
  - in proximity to domestic poultry farms;
  - location of the migratory flyway;
- 3. The passive surveillance in wild birds, found dead, should be focused on the presence of increased mortality or outbreaks of acute infectious disease:

/a/ in wild birds listed in p.3.1 and other wild birds in contact with them;

/b/ in areas described p. 2 /b/

Increased incidences of mortality of different bird species concentrated in one place is an additional factor that should be taken into consideration.

A detailed description of the number of samples per villages and the sampling method (virological).

The frequency of the surveillance in the critical points should be identified individually depending on each of the specificity of the critical points and on the type of the disease (infectious agent, sources of the infection, way of transmission, driving forces of the infectious process, incubation period, natural reservoirs, environmental factors, season, agricultural activities and etc.).)

The surveillance frequency could be with decreased intensity in regions considered of lower risk.

The National Veterinary Service has prepared model cover letters, according to the European Commission requirements, for submission of the samples to the National Reference Laboratories "Newcastle disease and Avian Influenza A".

# Sampling procedures:

1. Oropharyngeal and cloacal swabs for virological examination shall be taken from apparently healthy free living birds. If for any reason it is impractical to take cloacal swabs from live birds carefully collected fresh faeces samples may serve as an alternative. However, traceability in case of mixed sites frequented by different bird species must be ensured.

- 2. Cloacal and tracheal/oropharyngeal swabs and/or tissues (namely the brain, heart, lung, trachea, kidney and intestines) from wild birds found dead or shot shall be sampled for virus isolation and molecular detection (PCR).
- 3. Specific care has to be taken for the storage and transport of samples. Swabs must be chilled immediately on ice or with frozen gel packs and submitted to the laboratory as quickly as possible. Samples must not be frozen unless absolutely necessary. If available, swabs must be placed in antibiotic or specific virus transport medium so that they are fully immersed. Placing samples in medium for transportation must be done in addition to chilling and not as an alternative to chilling. In the absence of such medium, swabs must be returned to their casing and submitted dry. If rapid transport within 48 hours to the laboratory (in transport medium at 4° Celsius) is not guaranteed, samples shall be immediately frozen, stored and then transported on dry ice. Storage and transport of samples may be affected by a variety of factors so the method selected must be fit for purpose.
- 4. Sampling procedures shall be carried out in accordance with the avian influenza diagnostic manual laying down the procedures for the confirmation and differential diagnostic of avian influenza.

Table 3.2.1
Wild birds:

| NUTS code    | Wild birds to sampled | he | Total number to be taken for active surveillance | Total number to be taken for passive surveillance |
|--------------|-----------------------|----|--|---|
| BG413        | 40                    |    | 35   | 5   |
| BG341        | 120                   |    | 100  | 20  |
| BG331        | 90                    |    | 80   | 10  |
| BG321        | 20                    |    | 20   | -   |
| BG311        | 100                   |    | 90   | 10  |
| BG313        | 30                    |    | 25   | 5   |
| BG322        | 40                    |    | 35   | 5   |
| BG332        | 80                    |    | 70   | 10  |
| BG415        | 110                   |    | 100  | 10  |
| BG425        | 60                    |    | 55   | 5   |
| BG315        | 40                    |    | 35   | 5   |
| BG312        | 80                    |    | 70   | 10  |
| BG423        | 170                   |    | 140  | 30  |
| BG414        | 40                    |    | 35   | 5   |
| BG314        | 40                    |    | 35   | 5   |
| BG421        | 120                   |    | 100  | 20  |
| BG324        | 40                    |    | 35   | 5   |
| BG323        | 60                    |    | 55   | 5<br>5  |
| BG325        | 50                    |    | 45   | 5   |
| BG342        | 80                    |    | 70   | 10  |
| BG324        | 40                    |    | 35   | 5   |
| BG412        | 20                    |    | 20   | -   |
| <u>8G344</u> | 80                    |    | 70   | 10  |

| BG334 | 60   | 55   | 5   |
|-------|------|------|-----|
| BG422 | 170  | 140  | 30  |
| BG333 | 60   | 55   | 5   |
| BG343 | 60   | 55   | 5   |
| Total | 1900 | 1660 | 240 |

# 3.3 LABORATORY TESTING: DESCRIPTION OF THE LABORATORY TESTS:

# The diagnostics is carried as per the following methods:

- 1. Virus isolation in chick embryos as per the routine procedures for testing of samples from facces or oro-tracheal swabs.
- 2. Detection of the nucleic acids of the viruses of Avian Influenza and Newcastle disease through real-time reverse transcriptase Polymerase Chain Reaction assay.
- 3. Identification of the isolated virus through agar gel precipitation test for avian influenza virus and haemagglutination inhibition test for paramyxovirus.
- 4. Characterization of the Newcastle disease isolated viruses for identification the type of the strains velogenic, mesogenic or lentogenic through biological tests: determining the mean death time of 10 days-old chick embryos, determining of intracerebral pathogenicity index in day-old chickens and in case of necessity sending of material for genetic analyses to an international reference laboratory sending of material for genetic analyses to an international reference laboratory.

# 4. DESCRIPTION OF THE EPIDEMIOLOGICAL SITUATION OF THE DISEASE IN POULTRY DURING THE LAST FIVE YEARS:

4. 1. Each year since 2000, the NVS has been implementing an annual Af Surveillance Programme in poultry.

Measures included in the programme for poultry surveillance:

- ♣ Observation of health status of the poultry kept in the poultry farms of intensive mode of keeping /the large poultry holdings/;
- Observation of health status of the poultry kept in backyards;
- ★ Testing of samples taken from the birds kept in all regions of the country considered to be
  of higher risk with regards to AI;
- ★ Testing of poultry carcasses collected in case of mortality rates higher than the normal poultry ones;
- Strict control on the movements of poultry and poultry products;
- Thorough disinfection of transport vehicles entering into the country from third countries;
- ♣ Control on the implementation of bio-security measures.

Epidemiological situation in birds throughout the last 5 years:

During the last 5 years not a single case of highly pathogenic Avian influenza (HPAI) has ever been identified in poultry populations in Republic of Bulgaria.

4.1.1. The NVS of Bulgaria is the national competent authority responsible for the implementation of the AI Surveillance Programme.

This Programme is directly performed by registered veterinarians exercising private practice /registered private practitioners/ under the control of the official veterinarians directly responsible for all the country municipalities located within the 28 administrative districts (= 28 veterinary regions) of Bulgaria.

The outcomes of implementation of the Af Surveillance Programme are reported in writing on monthly basis by the 28 "Animal Health" Department Chiefs (with the 28 Regional Veterinary Services) to the "Animal Health" Directorate at the NVS Central Administration.

Each week the National reference Laboratory send information, regarding the samples from the Surveillance Programme to the Animal Health Directorate in the National Veterinary Service.

- 4.1.2 All poultry holdings (including backyard poultry) are registered and have an identification number according to the Law of veterinary activity.
- 4.1.3 The prophylactic vaccination against Avian Influenza is prohibited. In Republic of Bulgaria the vaccination against the disease was never carried on.

# 5. DESCRIPTION OF THE EPIDEMIOLOGICAL SITUATION OF THE DISEASE IN WILD BIRDS DURING THE LAST FIVE YEARS:

5.1. Each year since 2000, the NVS has been implementing an annual AI Surveillance Programme in wild birds.

Measures included in the programme for wild birds surveillance:

- Monitoring of the wild birds migration;
- monitoring of the mortality in wild birds;
- capture and taking samples from wild bird:
- survey and laboratory testing of samples from wild birds;

Epidemiological situation in wild birds throughout the last 5 years:

Al in poultry has never been found out up to 31.01.2006:

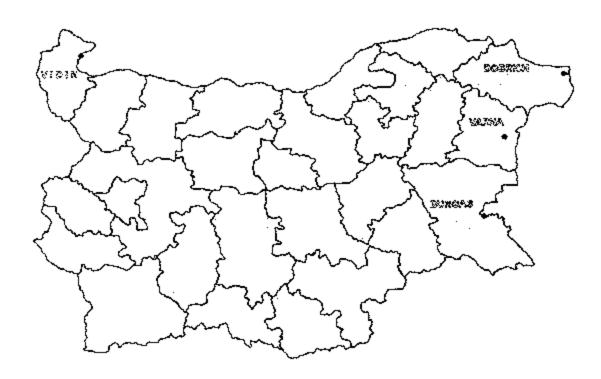
On 31.01.2006 in river Danube near the town of Vidin a sick swan was found. Al virus, strain H5 was isolated from the swan at the National Reference Laboratory on Al in Sofia. The isolate was sent to Central Reference Laboratory of the European Community in Waybridge, Great Britain and on 10.2.2006 the isolate was confirmed as influenza A H5N1;

On 09.02.2006 in samples taken from dead swans found in the lake of Durankulak, region of Dobrich, a virus was isolated determined as influenza of the type A-H5;

On 09.02.2006 virus H5N1 was isolated from a dead swan found out in the dam Tzonevo, region of Varna.

On 11.02.2006 a virus of influenza H5 was confirmed in dead swan found out on the beach of Karimoric residential quarter, town of Burgas.

Regions of Bulgaria where influenza in swans (Cygnus olor) was found out:



All data for surveillance of wild birds for 2007 were on-line submitted to DG SANCO;

On 08.02.2008 a Low pathogenic avian influenza virus H7N7 was confirmed in a mallard duck shot near to the village of Han Krum, municipality of Veliki Preslav, administrative district of Shoumen.

- 5.1.1 The NVS is the national competent authority responsible for the implementation of the AI Surveillance Programme. The Programme is been performed under the assistance rendered by the local associations of ornithologists and by the local units of the national Union of Hunters and Anglers of Bulgaria.
- 5.1.2 The Programme is been implemented over the territory of the whole country, major share of the total number of samples foreseen therein being taken from all those 10 administrative districts /veterinary regions/ identified as such of higher risk with regards to Al.

5.1.3 Throughout the whole season of intensive wild bird migration, the "Animal Health" Directorate at the NVS Central Administration would receive the daily information about the numbers and the health status of the wild birds observed.

# 6. MEASURES IN PLACE AS REGARDS THE NOTIFICATION OF THE DISEASE:

The Law on Veterinary Activities, Art.124 and Ordinance No.23 / 14.12.2005 on the order and the way of notification and registration of infectious diseases in animals, which is harmonized with Council Directive 82/894/EEC

#### 7. COSTS:

# 7.1 Detailed analysis of the costs:

#### 7.1.1 Poultry:

- Costs related to taking and transportation of samples for testing to diagnostics laboratories
- 2. Costs for the purchase of the required diagnostics kits
- 3. Costs for compensations to the owners of compulsively killed or slaughtered birds
- 4. Costs for remuneration of the labor of the executers of the program

# 7.1.2. Wild birds:

- 1.Costs related to capture of wild birds
- 2. Costs related to taking and transportation of samples for testing to diagnostics
- 3. Costs for the purchase of the required diagnostics kits
- 4. Costs for remuneration of the labor of the executers of the program

# 7.2 Summary of the costs:

# 7.2.1 Poultry surveillance

| Measures eligible for co-financing surveillance in poultry |                        |                   |            |  |  |
|--|------------------------|-------------------|------------|--|--|
| Methods of   | Numbers of tests       | Unitary test cost | Total cost |  |  |
| laboratory analysis  | perform per<br>niethod | (per method)      |            |  |  |
| Serological pre-   |                        |                   |            |  |  |
| screening:   |                        |                   |            |  |  |
| ELISA  | 3158                   | 1                 | 3158       |  |  |
| AGID   | 234                    | 1.2               | 281        |  |  |
| HI for H5/H7   | 4321                   | 12                | 51 852     |  |  |
| Virus isolation test                                       | 500                    | 30                | 15 000     |  |  |
| PCR test   | 1000                   | 15                | 15 000     |  |  |
| Other measures to  | Specify activities     |                   |            |  |  |

| be covered        |         |   |         |
|-------------------|---------|---|---------|
| Sampling          | 9 2 1 3 | 1 | 9 2 1 3 |
| Others /transport | 9 213   | 1 | 9213    |
| Total             | ı       |   | 103 717 |

# 7.2.2 Wild bird surveillance

Measures eligible for co- financing surveillance in wild birds

| Methods of           | Numbers of tests      | Unitary test cost | Total cost |
|----------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|------------|
| laboratory analysis  | perform per<br>method | (per method)      |            |
| Virus isolation test | 1000                  | 30                | 30 000     |
| PCR test             | 900                   | 15                | 13 500     |
| Other measures to    | Specify activities    |                   |            |
| be covered           |                       |                   |            |
| Sampling             | 1900                  | 3                 | 5 700      |
| Others /transport    | 1900                  | Į.                | 1900       |
| Total                |                       |                   | 43 500     |

TOTAL AMOUNT UNDER THE AVIAN INFLUENZA SUURVEILLANCE PROGRAMME OF R. OF BULGARIA FOR 2009 − 147 217 €

