

ASF- Findings from Directorate F audits

DG SANTE F2 (Animals)





10 audits:

- 7 Member States
- Moldova

Evaluated against:

- *Directive 2002/60/EC*
- Decision2003/422/EC
- Implementing Decision 2014/709/EU (as amended)
- Eradication plan and approved programme
- EU Strategy for ASF in Eastern Europe







Preventing spread from wild boar to pigs

Measures largely in place



- Biosecurity of pig farms (including larger commercial farms).
- Backyard holdings challenge (biosecurity or on-farm slaughter).
- Identification of wild boar carcasses.
- Handling and storage of wild boar carcasses pending test results.





CONTINGENCY PLANNING



Needs to be updated at central and regional level.

Ensure killing and disposal capacities are in place.



Yes, BUT...

- Must be permanently operating
- Not all relevant stakeholders in the group
- Duties not fully delivered.



PIG TRACEABILITY



Providing information timely and ensuring the pig database is updated



- ⊠ Reporting of pig movements (e.g. to slaughterhouses).
- Poor use of pig database (e.g. official controls, movement restrictions).



SURVEILLANCE



** At risk countries -Poor reporting of dead wild boars to ensure early detection



Enhanced passive surveillance for pigs in risk areas – difficulty interpretation / application of requirements



Delays in notification of suspicions.



Inspection of on on-farm slaughter not always applied.



Good preparedness and delivery standards of laboratories, but...sometimes results delayed through sample delivery issues.





TRACEABILITY OF MEAT AND MEAT PRODUCTS

Generally reliable systems but:

- Status of farm not always on food-chain information.
- Movement of pigs from restricted areas:
 - Inadequate assurances of residency & standstill.
 - Pre-movement sampling and testing of pigs not well targeted.





OFFICIAL CONTROLS - WILD BOARS



Control of hunting grounds require good cooperation with responsible CAs



Practical disposal of animal-by-products





CONTROLS ON ABPS FROM INFECTED AREAS





Upcoming Directorate F audits will target this





SUPERVISION AND VERIFICATION



- In particular of private (authorised) veterinarians.
- Limited assessment and verification of the actions and measures taken.
- Not all information and data available is analysed (CA & expert group).



Management of wild boar

• Must organise inter-departmental collaboration (CA in charge of forestry, hunters) and all relevant stakeholders in order to agree on strategy, and implementation (including legislation, organisation of controls, resources needed and enforcement) well ahead of 1st case



