## "Broadening the bridge"

# Increasing channel capacities in food surplus redistribution in Hungary

Balázs Cseh Hungarian Foodbank Association





## Hungarian Food Bank Association

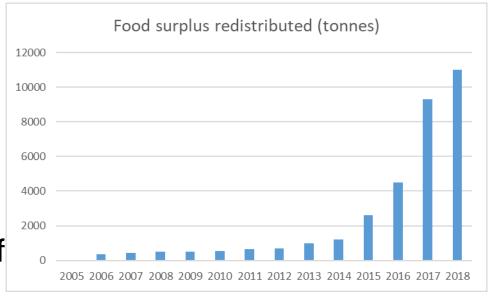


- Primarily working with food manufacturers and retailers
- 350 charity partners, providing food for 300 000 needy people in Hungary



# Background

- Food surplus offerings are strongly increasing
- Redistribution channel capacity has become a clear bottleneck
- Operations mostly financed by donations, "crossfinancing" and volunteering – resources are reaching their maximum limits
- Project started in cooperation with the Hungarian Ministry of Human Capacities

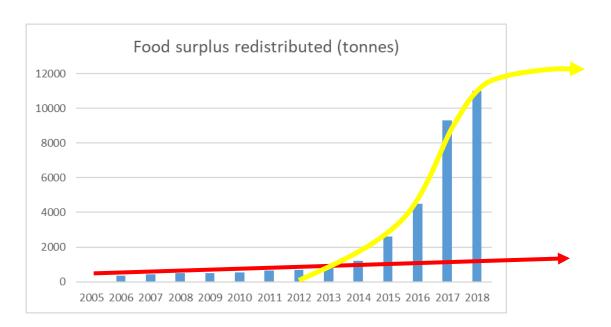






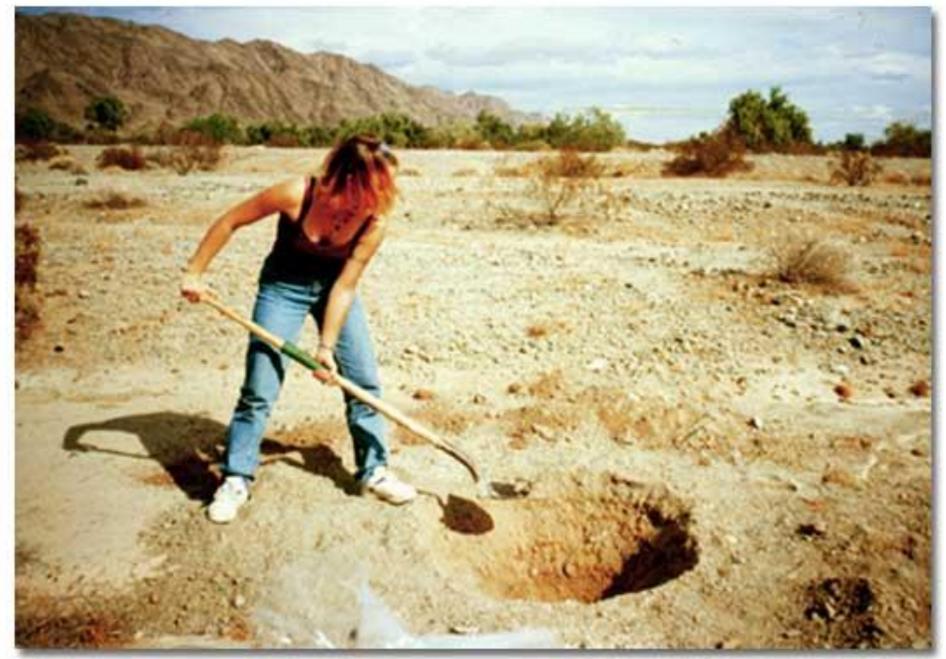
## Evolution of the redistribution supply chain

- Step 1: "traditional foodbanking" supply limited
- Step 2: direct distribution / express delivery capacity limited











# Objectives of the project

- Analysing the existing capacities of the "redistributions supply chain"
- Assessing possible involvement of extra resources via cooperation among stakeholders
- Creating a cost/benefit model of the total redistribution chain
- Assessing possibility of integration of activities into the FEAD Program





#### **Activities**

- Interviews, workshops with NGOs and representatives from the public social care system
- Identification of possible local intergation points among interested stakeholders
- Using knowledge in creation of new local hubs
- Calculation of costs associated with the redistribution process and the possible "social return on investment" - model shows a 1:14 (!) multiplication factor





#### Main results

- Successful launch of new redistribution in a "white spot" city (Paks)
- Successful launch of a new food bank (Debrecen)
- Spreading and using knowledge in the whole Hungarian network
- Preliminary agreement on involving of funding food surplus redistibution activities in the next FEAD Program

   ongoing preparations of a new sub-program











# Main learnings

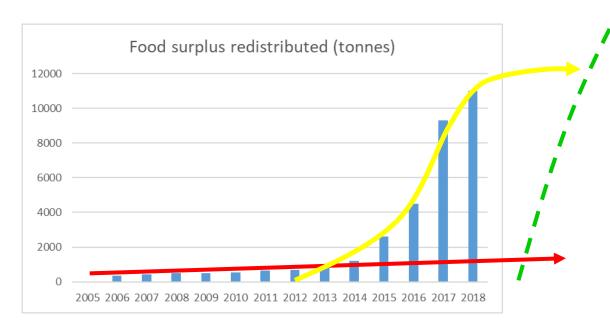
- Connections of the social and sustainable "silos" is not easy
- Public-private-NGO cooperation possibilities are usually underutilized
- Cooperation in itself is not enough, external funding is necessary for long-term sustainable operations
- Usage of FEAD funds is logical, feasible and can be well matched
  - estimated redistribution capacity increase: ~ 3x





## Evolution of the redistribution supply chain

- Step 1: "traditional foodbanking" supply limited
- Step 2: direct distribution / express delivery capacity limited
- Step 3: financed redistribution supply limited







## The "extra benefits"



# Thank you for your attention!

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