

Eradication: Final report for Classical Swine Fever 2018

For each approved annual or multi-annual programme Member States shall submit to the Commission by the 30 April each year an annual detailed technical and financial report covering the previous year. That report shall include the results achieved and a detailed account of eligible costs incurred (Art 14 of Regulation (EU) No 652/2014).

This form is for information only, no submission possible.

ID: 20190429-EWEJS3YA

Country code: LV

Reporting period

From: 2016

To: 2018

Year of implementation: 2018

1. Technical implementation of the programme

1.1 Description and evaluation of the evolution of the epidemiological situation, the technical implementation of the activities foreseen under the programme and the cost-effectiveness of the programme.

No CSF outbreaks in domestic pig farms and cases in wild boar have been detected.

Last CSF case in wild boar has been found in March 2015.

In the frame work of the CSF active surveillance all and hunted wild boar were tested in the defined CSF infected area and passive surveillance were in place in all country of Latvia, all found dead wild boar were tested.

Last wild boar CSF oral vaccination were performed in autumn 2015. Number of seropositive animals in population significantly reduce from 70 seropositive wild boar in the year 2017 to 11 seropositive wild boar in the year 2018.

1.2 Details on the level of achievement of the targets set in the approved programme and technical difficulties.

Active and passive surveillance of CSF in the wild boar population and domestic pig farms were performed. All hunted and found dead wild bore were tested to evaluate level of seropositive animals in the wild boar vaccination area (overlapping with CSF infected area). Level of seropositive animals in 2018 reduced comparing with 2017. Data analysis shows that CSF virus was not circulated in the wild boar population.

1.3 Epidemiological maps for infection and other relevant data on the disease/activities (information on serotypes involved,...) (Please attach files of data using the PDF attachment

feature) Use the textbox below to provide clarifications for the maps you attach, if needed.

please find enclosed map in attachment

2. Tables for SWINE DISEASES PROGRAMMES monitoring outcome of the year
 VERY IMPORTANT: Please fill out the following tables with figures corresponding to measures performed during the implementing period (1/1 to 31/12)

Table A - DISEASE SURVEILLANCE IN DOMESTIC PIGS

Region	Number of clinical examined holdings	Number of farms sampled	Type of farm	Number of animals sampled	Number of farms with serologically positive result	Number of farms with active infection detection	Number of outbreaks
Surveillance area	266	275	Commercial	2,362	0	0	0
Surveillance area	3,088	402	Backyard	1,050	0	0	0
Total	3,354	677		3,412	0	0	0

Table B - DISEASE SURVEILLANCE IN WILD BOAR/FERAL PIGS

Region	Type of surveillance	Number of animals tested	Positive	% positive	Number of cases
Surveillance area	Active	1,902	0	0 %	0
The whole country	Passive	144	0	0 %	0
Total		2,046	0	0 %	0

Table C - WILD BOAR ORAL VACCINATION

Region/Area	Month	Number of baits	Size of vaccinated area (km ²)
Total		0	0

Table D - DIAGNOSTIC TESTS AND RESULTS

Region	Animal population	Laboratory test used	Number of animals tested	Number of tests carried out	Number of positive results	Comments
Latvia	feral pigs	PCR	1,799	1,799	0	n/a
Latvia	feral pigs	ELISA	1,898	1,898	11	seropositive wild boars were hunted in or near the vaccination are
Latvia	domestic pigs	PCR	210	210	0	n/a
Latvia	domestic pigs	ELISA	3,412	3,412	0	
Total			7,319	7,319	11	

COMMENT / ADDITIONAL CLARIFICATION

Application for country free status from CSF was submitted to OIE in October 2018. It was accepted by OIE in March 2019.