

The European Food Safety
Authority (EFSA) and its Network
on Animal Health and Welfare
(AHAW)

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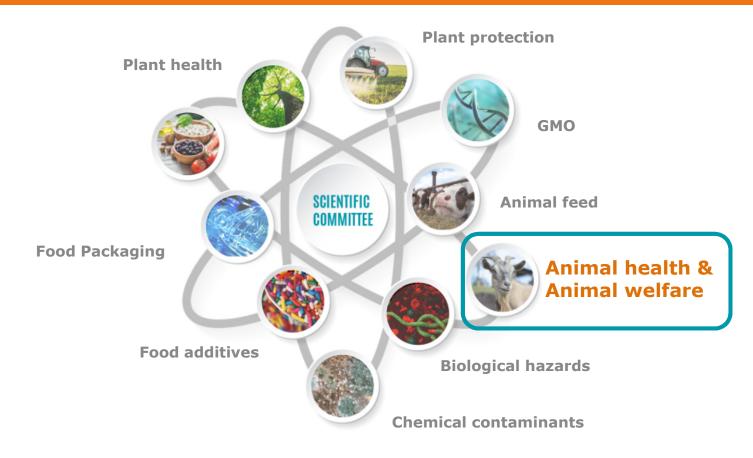


**Established by Regulation (EC) No 178/2002** of the European Parliament and of the Council of 28 January 2002 laying down the general principles and requirements of food law, and procedures in matters of food safety





## **EFSA's scientific Panels**





### Risk Assessment and Scientific Assistance (RASA)

Mission: to provide fit-for-purpose, transparent and independent scientific advice to EU decision makers





### The role of EFSA



Provides independent scientific advice and support for EU risk managers and policy makers on food and feed safety



Provides independent, timely risk communication



Promotes scientific cooperation

Including animal health & animal welfare



# EFSA's values: to provide independent scientific advice





**EFSA** self mandate

### **How EFSA works**

### From the **mandate** to the scientific output









EFSA's scientists evaluate, assess, advise



Adoption and communication of the Scientific output



#### **How EFSA works**

### From the **mandate** to the scientific output

EC



**EU MSs** 



**EU** Parliament



EFSA self

mandate





EFSA receives a question (scientific mandate)



EFSA's scientists evaluate, assess, advise



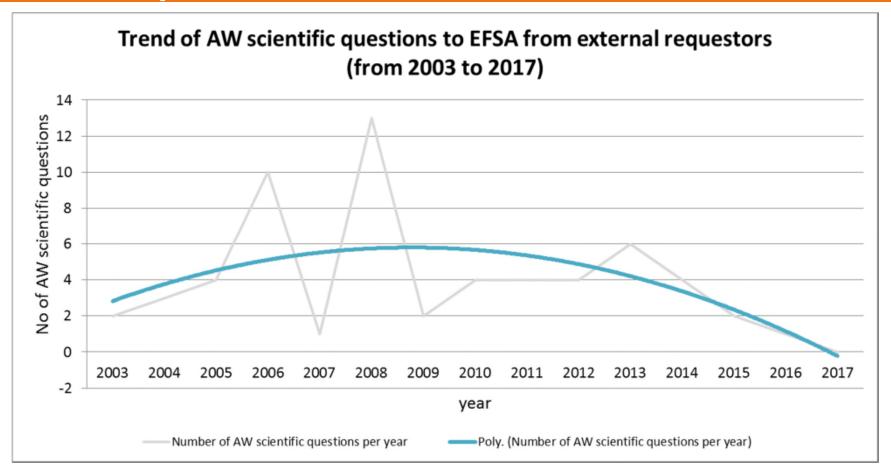
Adoption and communication of the Scientific output

#### **Submission of external mandates:**

- simple procedure (letter to ED)
- no financial consequences for applicants



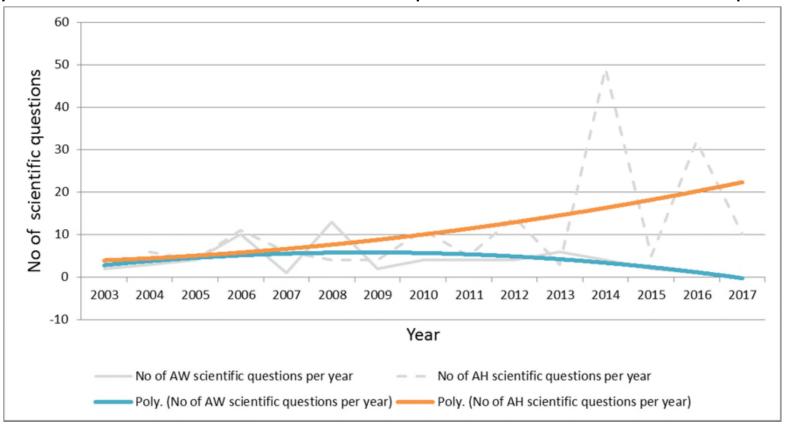
### Scientific questions on animal welfare to EFSA





### Scientific questions on AW and AH to EFSA

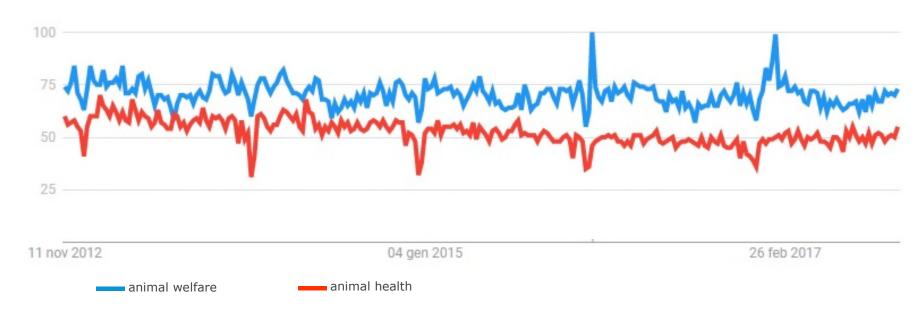
Comparison of the trends of scientific questions from external requestors





## Public interest in 'animal welfare' and 'animal health'

# Trend in the worldwide public interest in the last 5 years (from Google Trends)





## **EFSA's values: to promote scientific cooperation**





### EFSA Networks: legislative framework and aim

# Management board decision (MB 18 03 10-item 7 doc 6) in accordance with artt. 22(7) and 23 (g) of Reg. No 178/2002/EC

EFSA's networks consist of nationally appointed EU MS organisations with expertise in the fields covered by the network.

Networks are chaired by EFSA and supported by relevant EFSA units.

Their aim is to **facilitate scientific cooperation** in the field of EFSA's mission by:

- coordinating activities,
- exchanging information,
- developing and implementing joint projects,
- exchanging expertise and best practices.



### **The EFSA Animal Health and Welfare Network**

- Chaired and supported by the AHAW Team (ALPHA Unit)
- Composition: 30 members and 10 or more observers
- Scientific expertise in the field of Animal Health and in the field of Animal Welfare







### The AHAW Network: objectives

 Build a mutual understanding of risk assessment principles in the area of AH and AW,

- Promote and facilitate **harmonisation** of AH and AW risk assessment practices and methodologies
- Achieve synergies in AH and AW risk assessment activities
- Reduce the duplication of activities by identifying and sharing current and upcoming priorities.
- Enhance exchange of information and data by EFSA and MSs
- National Contact Points (NCPs) for scientific support under Art 20, Council Reg. (EC) No 1099/2009
- > Echinococcus multilocularis





#### The AW Network meeting of May 2017: a practical exercise

#### Identification and prioritisation of AW topics (gaps) across MSs

- Killing for disease control
- Welfare of fish
- Spent hen transport
- Slaughter of farm wild animals
- Non-food animal killing
- On-farm slaughter for direct supply
- EFSA updates
- Pre-slaughter welfare
- Water restriction
- Welfare of rabbits
- Welfare of horses



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Possible follow up: MSs to initiate international collaborations amongst themselves and/or request scientific support from EFSA

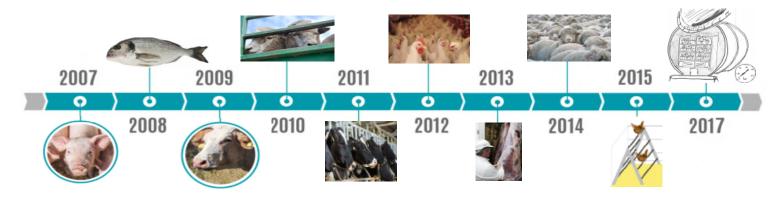


#### The value of the EFSA scientific production on AW

# More than **60 scientific outputs** on AW Risk assessment with impact also **beyond** the EU

Scope of EFSA Scientific Outputs:

- Setting the AW standards: e.g. Monitoring procedures at slaughter (2013)
- Investigation of detailed topics: e.g. AW aspects of piglets castration (2004); Tail-biting/docking (2007); AW aspects of perches (2015)
- Mapping and establishment of the AW framework, e.g. AW at slaughter (2004/2006); AW during transport (2005/2010); Sheep welfare (2014).





### In conclusion

Decreasing demand of scientific requests on AW

Value of cooperation and networking

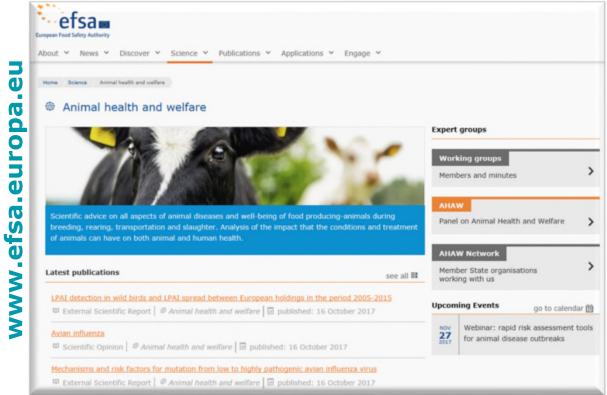


Scientific gaps on AW

The EU Platform is an opportunity for AW



### Thank you for your attention



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