2014 BLUETONGUE DISEASE Croatia

Standing Committee on Plants, Animals, Food and Feed (SCoPAFF)

November 2014

OUTBREAK - OCTOBER 2014

27th October authorized veterinarian notified suspicion on BTD in Dubrovnik – Neretva County – based on clinical signs in sheeps

Until 31st October animals with clinical signs were notified on 13 holdings distributed on the area of 150 km (from Konavle to Pelješac peninsula)

Immediately measures prescribed by Article 4 of Directive 2000/75 were implemented.

- Total number of sheeps and goats on 13 suspicious holdings
 - 333 sheeps and 24 goats
 - clinical signs of BTD were notified in 42 sheeps

Small scale sheep herds (extensive production)

OUTBREAK - OCTOBER 2014



OUTBREAK – OCTOBER 2014

- Animals on suspected holdings were sampled and samples are sent to NRL for BT (CVI Split)
- 22 samples revealed positive result on c-ELISA
- further laboratory testing is still ongoing

BT outbreak notified based on serological testing and clinical signs.

31st October 2014 – notification of European Commission

31st October 2014 - data on outbreaks were sent to neighboring countries

Protection zone covers parts of Bosna and Herzegovina and Montenegro

Surveillance zone covers parts of Bosna and Herzegovina, Montenegro and Italy

OUTBREAK - OCTOBER 2014



OUTBREAK – OCTOBER 2014

MEASURES ON PLACE

- Article 4. and 6. of Directive 2000/75
- Restriction of movements of animals
- Killing of animals with severe clinical signs of disease (modified stamping out)
- Further laboratory testing ongoing
- Epidemiological investigation ongoing

For implementation of measures from Article 6 in 20 km buffer zone, additional teams from other parts of Croatia will be send to Dubrovnik - Neretva County

Legal basis: Croatian Veterinary Act, decision by the CVO

HISTORY OF BTD IN CROATIA

- last case in 2005 Serotype 9 and 16 in bovines in Dubrovnik Neretva County
- since 2006 only seropositive animals, no BT virus confirmed

Entomological investigation confirmed *C. obsoletus* complex and *C. pulicaris* complex (no *C. imicola* detected)

2014 BTD SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM IN CROATIA

- No EC co-financing for 2014th BTD Programme
- 2015th BTD programme for co-financing submitted

Whole territory of Croatia covered with program

Aim – detect infection in prevalence of at least 20%/county

Animals for sampling randomly selected

• 504 bovine animals

Positive samples not detected!

2014 BTD SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM IN CROATIA

MEASURES IN CASE At CONFIRMED

Clinical examination of animals
Epidemiological inquiry
Additional sampling of seropositive animals
c-ELISA and PCR

MEASURES IN CASE CLINICAL SUSPICION

Sampling for PCR (to detect 2% prevalence) Clinical examination and epi inquiry Also on all holdings within 20km radious of suspected holding

LABORATORY TESTING

NRL for BT – Croatian Veterinary Institute - Split Regular testing scheme within Program:

- All samples c ELISA
- Positive samples tested SNT
- Seropositive animals additionally tested with PCR

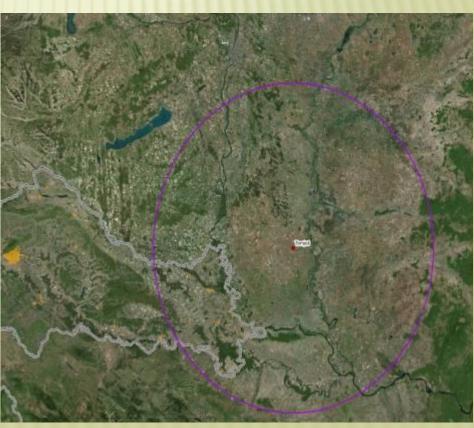
ADDITIONAL MEASURES IN 2014th PROGRAMME

Due to extension of the surveillance zone from Hungary and Serbia on parts of Osijek-Baranja County and Vukovar-Srijem County

15 bovine farms/county additionally sampled

- At least 8 sentinel bovine animals/per farm
- Sampling will be done twice (time period between two samplings is 4 weeks)
- In total 240 sentinel animals will be sampled





MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE VETERINARY AND FOOD SAFETY DIRECTORATE

Thank you for your attention!