

Standard requirements for the submission of programme for eradication, control and monitoring PROGRAMME for ERADICATION : ANNEX I

Member States seeking a financial contribution from the Union for national programmes for the eradication, control and monitoring of animal diseases and zoonosis listed below, shall submit applications containing at least the information set out in this form.

Bovine brucellosis, bovine tuberculosis, ovine and caprine brucellosis (B. melitensis), bluetongue in endemic or high risk areas, african swine fever, swine vescicular disease, classical swine fever, rabies.

The central data base keeps all submissions. However only the information in the last submission is shown when viewing and used when processing the data.

If encountering difficulties, please contact <u>SANCO-BO@ec.europa.eu</u>, describe the issue and mention the version of this document: 2014 1.09

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6) For simplification purposes you are invited to submit multi annual programmes

7) As mentioned during the Plenary Task Force of 28/2/2014, you are invited to submit your programmes in English.

IMPORTANT: <u>AFTER SUBMITTING THE FORM</u> DO NOT FORGET TO SAVE IT ON YOUR COMPUTER FOR YOUR RECORDS!

Submission date

Submission number

Wednesday, December 17, 2014 10:10:54

1418807457689-3971

1. Identification of the programme

Member state: SLOVENSKA REPUBLIKA

Disease Bluetongue in endemic or high risk areas

Species: Bovines and sheep and goats

This program is multi annual : no

Request of Union co-financing from beginning of :



2015

1.1 Contact

Name :	Prof. Jozef Bíreš, DVM, DrSC.
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2. Historical data on the epidemiological evolution of the disease

Provide a concise description on the target population (species, number of herds and animals present and under the programme), the main measures (sampling and testing regimes, eradication measures applied, qualification of herds and animals, vaccination schemes) and the main results (incidents, prevalence, qualification of herds and animals). The information is given for distinct periods if the measures were substantially modified. The information is documented by relevant summary epidemiological tables (point 6), complemented by graphs or maps (to be attached).

(max. 32000 chars) :

In Slovakia, there was not confirmed any BT outbreak in the holding in the year 2013 and moreover was not confirmed circulation of BT – virus on the area of Slovakia.

The State Veterinary and Food Administration of the Slovak Republic informed the European Commission on 12.1.2009 with regard to bluetongue case in Hungary since 12 September 2008 and with regard to 9-th outbreak of bluetongue in the Czech Republic -district Brno–venkov since 13th November 2008, the SVFA of the SR has demarcated the new restriction zones in 100 km around the outbreaks on 12 January 2009 in the territory of the Slovak Republic in accordance with Council Directive 2000/75/EC, based on the information presented on SCoFCAH meting on 8 January 2009 by deputy of CVO of the SR. On 27.10.2009 in relation with an occurrence of BT in the Czech republic - district Hodonín on Násedlovice farm, extraordinary emergency measures in Slovak republic were declared and defined parts of the territory of Slovakia were declared as restricted zone of BT and therefore some districts falling under the restricted zone in connection with the occurrence of BT in Czech Republic were extend by extraordinary emergency measures from the 12.1.2009. Districts falling under the restricted zone in the BT outbreak in Hungary (dated 12/9/2008) set up by extraordinary emergency measure on 13/10/2009 remained in force until 13.1.2010. On 13.1.2010 restricted zone was abolished in relation to the outbreak of BT in Hungary (dated 12/9/2008) and therefore restrictive measures are no longer applied in the districts that fell into the restricted zone of BT.

In Slovak republic until this days has not been recorded any outbreak of BT on farms, but in relation with occurrence of disease in Czech Republic the part of Slovak Republic fell in 2011 into a restriction zone around the outbreak that occurred in this country. This restriction zone has been abolished on 7.12.2011. In SR, the monitoring of BT has been performed since April 2008 in holdings on sentinel animals (cattle). Totally 100 farms had been selected and on each 10 sentinel animals (sero - negative, non-vaccinated)

from which the blood was taken once a month for serological examination. On this way set up monitoring was terminated on 31.12.2013.

3. Description of the submitted programme

Provide a concise description of the programme with its main objective(s) (monitoring, control, eradication, qualification of herds and/or regions, reducing prevalence and incidence), the main measures (sampling and testing regimes, eradication measures to be applied, qualification of herds and animals, vaccination schemes), the target animal population, the area(s) of implementation and the definition of a positive case.

(max. 32000 chars) :

The aim of the BT surveillance programme in Slovakia is to implement Commission Regulation (EC) No 1266/2007 of 26 October 2007 on implementing rules for Council Directive 2000/75/EC as regards the control, monitoring, surveillance and restrictions on movements of certain animal species susceptible to bluetongue, by fulfilment the following provisions:

1. disease surveillance in BT non-restricted zones or an early virus detection in these zones.

2. the surveillance serves also for the declaration that the country is free of this disease.

3. demarcation of vector free period and determination of vector species

4. gathering of data on risk assessment – important for:

- judgment of entry and/or probability of the virus spreading in BT non-restricted, or in restricted zones

- increase of the prevention against the introduction of this disease into BT non-restricted zones,

- implementation of measures adopted, including restrictions upon movement of animals through restricted zone and non-restricted zones.

The main objective of the programme is prevention and monitoring of epidemiological and entomological situation for appropriate risk assessment. The programme has three components: vector surveillance, passive surveillance and active surveillance based on sentinel bovine (part 4.4.6). At present no area of the Slovak Republic is close to countries that have not the free status.

The programme is applied on the whole territory of the Slovak Republic.

4. Measures of the submitted programme

4.1 Summary of measures under the programme

Duration of the programme: 2015

First year :

Control

🗙 Testing

Slaughter and animals tested positive

Killing of animals tested positive

X Vaccination

Treatment

Disposal of products

Eradication, control or monitoring

4.2 Organisation, supervision and role of all stakeholders involved in the programme

Describe the authorities in charge of supervising and coordinating the departments responsible for implementing the programme and the different operators involved. Descrive the responsabilities of all involved.

(max. 32000 chars):

Central authority with supervising and coordinating the department responsible for implementing the programme is the State Veterinary and Food Administration of the Slovak Republic.

Departments responsible for implementing the programme are district (40) veterinary and food administrations.

The Director General of the State Veterinary and Food Administration of the Slovak Republic yearly submits to the Minister of Agriculture of the Slovak Republic for approval the BT surveillance programme with validity of the one calendar year. The programme is elaborated by the State Veterinary and Food Administration based on the valid European and national legislation and with regard to the current disease situation.

The State Veterinary and Food Administration of the Slovak Republic is responsible for organization of serological, virological, entomological and clinical surveillance, manages and controls the District Veterinary and Food Administrations.

BT diagnostics in compliance with the O.I.E. diagnostic manual includes:

clinical examination

- serological examination

- virological examination

The reference laboratory for BT – The State Veterinary Institute in Zvolen is responsible for laboratory

diagnostics associated with serological, virological and entomological surveillance. The National Reference Laboratory cooperates with the reference laboratory of the European Communities.

4.3 Description and demarcation of the geographical and administrative areas in which the programme is to be implemented

Describe the name and denomination, the administrative boundaries, and the surface of the administrative and geographical areas in which the programme is to be applied. Illustrate with maps.

(max. 32000 chars):

The programme will be applied in all territory of the Slovak Republic and will be modified during performing of the programme with respect to the present epidemiological situation. Map and table enclosed in attachment- fig.1, 2.

4.4 Description of the measures of the programme

A comprehensive description needs to be provided of all measures unless reference can be made to Union legislation. The national legislation in which the measures are laid down is mentioned.

4.4.1 Notification of the disease

(max. 32000 chars):

As regards Act No. 39/2007 Coll. on veterinary care and amendment of some acts Article 37, an owner, keeper of animals shall be obliged to notify without any delay the veterinary administration authority of any suspicion of the disease and death of an animal and to allow examination of such animal. As regards Regulation (EC) 1774/2002 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 3 October 2002 laying down health rules concerning animal by-products, an owner, keeper or other natural or legal persons authorized to dispose of live animals or products of animal origin shall be obliged to notify without any delay the respective authority of each suspicion of bluetongue. After notification of the suspicion of the disease the respective authority shall order to perform official supervision over the holding.

Control on the implementation of the programme and reporting:

The competent authority responsible for performing of the control programme is the State Veterinary and Food Administration of the Slovak Republic and the competent authority confirms its commitment to submit a complete report on actions and expenditures in the framework of this programme and to provide additional information when they are request by the Commission.

4.4.2 Target animals and animal population

(max. 32000 chars):

The programme involves all herds of sensitive animals (bovines, sheep, goats and other farm ruminants) in all territory of the Slovak Republic.

4.4.3 Identification of animals and registration of holdings

(max. 32000 chars) :

The basic condition at eradication is animal identification stipulated by the Act 39/2007 Coll. according to which animals must be identified and their identification data must be registered with the central register of animals – Central Database of Livestock – identification according to Regulation EC 1760/2000- cattle, and according to 21/2004 – sheep and goats. Details on identification of cattle are indicated in the Decree of the Ministry of Agriculture of the Slovak Republic of 13th January 2012 No. 20/2012 Z. z. on identification and registration of bovine and on keeping the central register of bovine. Details on identification of sheep and goats are indicated in the Decree of the Ministry 2012 No. 18/2012 on identification and registration of sheep and goats are identification and registration of sheep and goats. In compliance with this decree the sheep and goats are identified with unique number.

Total number of registered cattle farms in central database as to 16. 4. 2014 – 8794 Total number of registered sheep farms in central database as to 16. 4. 2014 – 3869 Total number of registered goat farms in central database as to 16. 4. 2014 – 928

4.4.4 Qualifications of animals and herds

(max. 32000 chars):

The animals on the farm are identified by self- registering ear- marks with a number of animal and holding.

4.4.5 Rules of the movement of animals

(max. 32000 chars) :

In relation to Bluetongue, the movement of animals is according to EU legislation mainly Regulation (EC) 1266/2007/EC.

4.4.6 Tests used and sampling schemes

(max. 32000 chars):

For the organisation of a serological, virological, entomological and clinical surveillance is responsible SVFA SR, which manages and controls the execution of activities of relevant District veterinary and food administrations (hereinafter referred to as "DVFA").

DVFAs are responsible for serological monitoring (within its competence) through the designated official private veterinary surgeons and 8 selected DVFAs are responsible for the implementation of the entomological monitoring. For laboratory diagnosis associated by serological, virological and entomological surveillance, is responsible The reference laboratory for BT – The State Veterinary Institute in Zvolen. (SVI Zvolen)

Serological and virological surveillance:

Targeted serological and virological surveillance.

Targeted research is done by examination of the adequate amount of samples in the SR which is in neighborhood with States that do not have the free status from BT. Targeted serological and virological surveillance consists of elaborated program of the SVFA of the SR for the respective calendar year in which the cattle is serologicallyand virological tested on BT. Program is aimed to detect the presence of BTV through targeted serological and if the circumstances require also virological surveillance, and with estimate of the risk of the presence of infection of BT on the entire territory of the SR.

Characteristics of samples for serological surveillance

In SR 40 cattle holdings will be selected and on each of them 8 animals (cattle), from which blood for serological testing will be taken once per month during "non vector free period" (from April to November). Serological examination for the detection of antibodies will be carried out in SVI Zvolen. It is calculated in such way to reveal a prevalence of 20% with 95% confidence in each of the epidemiological division and in each rounds of sampling cattle population. Monitoring will be carried out on 40 selected farms and on each one of them will be selected 8 pieces of sentinel animals (sero-negative, non-vaccinated) from which blood for serological testing will be taken once per month during "non vector free period" (from April to November).

In the geographical units laid down for the purposes of monitoring of BT shall apply the targeted serological survey of BT.

Monitoring within a district is coordinated by the respective DVFA in the extent and in accordance with the national monitoring for the year 2014/2015 (VPO). Animals which have been vaccinated against the virus can not be included in a number of samples taken for BTV presence. The test for the serological monitoring is competetive ELISA. C-ELISA test has the highest sensitivity and therefore it is the most appropriate test to be used for the surveillance.

Entomological surveillance:

In SR is from 1.4.2008 carried out entomological monitoring of BT on 8 selected holdings. Consists of an annual program of an active programme of vector catching by means of traps in cattle holdings, aimed at gathering of information on the proven and potential vector species, their distribution and seasonal profiles on the whole territory of the SR. Entomological surveillance will be performed in 8 selected cattle holdings in the framework of selected DVFA.

Characteristics of entomological surveillance

Entomological surveillance is based on the vector catching. For this purpose are the most appropriate aspiration traps equipped with ultraviolet light. SVFA divides evenly on the territory of the SR for the purpose of entomological surveillance and if necessary is ordering the relocation of these traps to another holding according to the requirements in relation to the current disease situation. As far as the SVFA has not ordered another interval of insect sampling from traps, subscriptions are implemented according to established criteria.

1. In time of the declaration of SR as the area of vector free period according of annex V of Commission Regulation (EC) no 1266/2007, and in accordance with Annex I, article 4, Commission Regulation (EC) no 1266/2007 must be traps functional throughout the night and operate at a rate at least:

-one night per week during the month before expected beginning and during the month before expected end of the vector free period

-one night per month during the vector free period

2. In the last period of the year must be traps functional all one night each week of the month. A sample of the insects for entomological testing shall be forwarded to the NRL SVI Zvolen to identify certain species of the genus Culicoides.

The aim of entomological surveillance is:

-to determine the dynamics of the population of Cullicoides during the year,

-to provide additional information about the origin of the species of the genus Culicoides. The SVI Zvolen determines from each sample total number of Culicoides spp. and out of these - C.

imicola, C. obsoletus Complex, C. Pulicaris Complex, C. Nubeculosus complex, C. dewulfii.

Passive clinical surveillance

-is carried out mainly in sheep, but it can be done in the indicated cases in other ruminants, -it is based on a constant control of the health status of the suspectible animals and on the clinical examination of the suspect animals; cooperation is necessary of farmers with veterinarians, -an indication is whole year, in particular during the greatest activity of the vector,

-consists of a formal and coherent system, aimed on detection and investigation of suspect on BT including early alert system for the notification of suspected cases.

The owners or holders of animals as well as veterinarians shall immediately report any suspect on BT to the competent authority .

All suspected cases on BT must be investigated immediately.

• veterinary authorities ensure awareness of private veterinarians and breeders via the website www. svssr.sk, where appropriate with training, publications, as well as by direct contact.

Grafs, maps are enclosed in attachment - Fig.- 3, 4, 5, 6, 7.

4.4.7 Vaccines used and vaccination schemes

(max. 32000 chars) :

Slovak Republic is at present without an active BT virus circulation, vaccination is not performed on the territory of the Slovak Republic.

4.4.8 Information and assessment on bio-security measures management and infrastructure in place in the holdings involved.

(max. 32000 chars) :

In a restricted zone applies bio-security measures in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1266/2007

4.4.9 Measures in case of a positive result

A short description is provided of the measures as regards positive animals (slaughter, destination of carcasses, use or treatment of animal products, the destruction of all products which could transmit the disease or the treatment of such products to avoid any possible contamination, a procedure for the disinfection of infected holdings, the therapeutic or preventive treatment chosen, a procedure for the restocking with healthy animals of holdings which have been depopulated by slaughter and the creation of a surveillance zone around infected holding)

(max. 32000 chars):

All measures taken in case of positive results will be in compliance with EU legislation, mainly with Council Directive 2000/75/EC laying down specific provisions for the control and eradication of bluetongue and with Commission Regulation (EC) No 1266/2007 on implementing rules for Council Directive 2000/75/EC as regards the control, monitoring, surveillance and restrictions on movements of

certain animals of susceptible species in relation to bluetongue.

4.4.10 Compensation scheme for owners of slaughtered and killed animals

(max. 32000 chars):

The farmers will be compensated by the Ministry of Agriculture of the Slovak Republic for costs and losses arisen in consequence with enforcement of emergency veterinary measures in accordance with the Act No. 39/2007 Coll. Article 45 concerning veterinary care and amending certain related laws, as amended (Veterinary Act).

4.4.11 Control on the implementation of the programme and reporting

(max. 32000 chars) :

The competent authority responsible for performing of the control programme is State Veterinary Administration of the Slovak Republic and the competent authority confirms its commitment to submit a complete report on actions and expenditures in the framework of this programme and to provide additional information when they are request by the Commission.

5. Benefits of the programme

A description is provided of the benefits of the programme on the economical and animal and public health points of view.

(max. 32000 chars):

Prevention of Bluetongue infection spreading in the Slovak Republic Reduction of economical losses caused by restriction of trade Reduction of economical losses caused by the disease

For brucellosis (bovine and small ruminants) and tuberculosis, if an annual programme is submitted, please provide also the targets for herd incidence and prevalence, and the animal prevalence for at least 3 years (including the year for which the programme is submitted).

6. Data on the epidemiological evolution during the last five years



6.1 Evolution of the disease

Evolution of the disease :

○ Not applicable ○ Applicable...

6.1.1 Data on herds for year : **2013**

										Indicators		
Region	Animal species	Total number of herds	Total number of herds under the programme			Number of new positive herds	Number of herds depopulated	% positive herds depopulated	% herds coverage	% positive herds Period herd prevalence	% new positive herds Herd incidence	
Bratislava	Bovines	8	1	1	0	0	0		100			x
Senec	Bovines	95	4	4	0	0	0		100			x

Page 11 of 35

Tmava	Bovines	123	3	3	0	0	0	100		x
Dunajská Streda	Bovines	157	3	3	0	0	0	100		x
Galanta	Bovines	72	2	2	0	0	0	100		x
Senica	Bovines	103	2	2	0	0	0	100		x
Trenčín	Bovines	96	3	3	0	0	0	100		x
Nové Mesto nad Váhom	Bovines	112	2	2	0	0	0	100		x
Púchov	Bovines	147	2	2	0	0	0	100		x
Prievidza	Bovines	88	3	3	0	0	0	100		x
Nitra	Bovines	118	4	4	0	0	0	100		x
Topoľčany	Bovines	80	1	1	0	0	0	100		х
Nové Zámky	Bovines	88	2	2	0	0	0	100		x
Komárno	Bovines	162	4	4	0	0	0	100		х
Levice	Bovines	116	3	3	0	0	0	100		х
Šaľa	Bovines	34	1	1	0	0	0	100		x
Žilina	Bovines	172	3	3	0	0	0	100		x
Čadca	Bovines	128	2	2	0	0	0	100		x
Dolný Kubín	Bovines	1 707	3	3	0	0	0	100		х

Page 12 of 35

Martin	Bovines	316	2	2	0	0	0	100		х
Liptovký _Mikuláš	Bovines	485	3	3	0	0	0	100		х
Banská Bystrica	Bovines	263	3	3	0	0	0	100		x
Lučenec	Bovines	366	2	2	0	0	0	100		х
Veľký Krtíš	Bovines	197	2	2	0	0	0	100		x
Rimavská Sobota	Bovines	493	3	3	0	0	0	100		х
Zvolen	Bovines	776	3	3	0	0	0	100		x
Žiar nad Hronom	Bovines	212	2	2	0	0	0	100		х
Poprad	Bovines	408	2	2	0	0	0	100		х
Prešov	Bovines	178	3	3	0	0	0	100		x
Bardejov	Bovines	112	2	2	0	0	0	100		х
Vranov nad Topľou	Bovines	98	1	1	0	0	0	100		x
Svidník	Bovines	122	3	3	0	0	0	100		х
Humenné	Bovines	170	4	4	0	0	0	100		x
Stará Ľubovňa	Bovines	128	2	2	0	0	0	100		х
Košice-mesto	Bovines	6	0	0	0	0	0			х
Košice-okolie	Bovines	161	5	5	0	0	0	100		x

Page 13 of 35

								Add a new row			
Total		8 608	100	100	0	0	0	100			
Trebišov	Bovines	121	2	2	0	0	0	100			x
Spišská Nová Ves	Bovines	96	3	3	0	0	0	100			х
Rožňava	Bovines	135	2	2	0	0	0	100			х
Michalovce	Bovines	159	3	3	0	0	0	100			x

6.1.2 Data on animals for year : 2013

							Slaught	ering	Indica	ators	
Region	Animal species	Total number of animals	Number of animals to be tested under the programme	Number of animal tested	Number of animals tested individually	Number of positives animals	Number of animals with positive result slaughtered or culled	Total number of animals slaughtered	% coverage at animal level	% positive animals Animal prevalence	
Bratislava	Bovines	1 485	10	10	10	0	0	0	100	0	х
Senec	Bovines	12 308	40	40	40	0	0	0	100	0	х
Tmava	Bovines	31 246	30	30	30	0	0	0	100	0	х
Dunajská Streda	Bovines	23 098	30	30	30	0	0	0	100	0	x
Galanta	Bovines	8 605	20	20	20	0	0	0	100	0	x

Page 14 of 35

Senica	Bovines	14 561	20	20	20	0	0	0	100	0	v
Senica	Bovines	14 50 1	20	20	20	0	0	0	100		х
Trenčín	Bovines	15 031	30	30	30	0	0	0	100	0	Х
Nové Mesto nad Váhom	Bovines	9 063	20	20	20	0	0	0	100	0	х
Púchov	Bovines	6 794	20	20	20	0	0	0	100	0	х
Prievidza	Bovines	13 422	30	30	30	0	0	0	100	0	х
Nitra	Bovines	10 334	40	40	40	0	0	0	100	0	х
Topoľčany	Bovines	10 163	10	10	10	0	0	0	100	0	х
Nové Zámky	Bovines	13 048	20	20	20	0	0	0	100	0	х
Komárno	Bovines	14 495	40	40	40	0	0	0	100	0	х
Levice	Bovines	9 424	30	30	30	0	0	0	100	0	х
Šaľa	Bovines	9 245	10	10	10	0	0	0	100	0	х
Žilina	Bovines	7 667	30	30	30	0	0	0	100	0	х
Čadca	Bovines	7 654	20	20	20	0	0	0	100	0	х
Dolný Kubín	Bovines	23 459	30	30	30	0	0	0	100	0	х
Martin	Bovines	13 858	20	20	20	0	0	0	100	0	х
Liptovský Mikuláš	Bovines	19 323	30	30	30	0	0	0	100	0	х
Banská Bystrica	Bovines	14 128	30	30	30	0	0	0	100	0	х
Lučenec	Bovines	10 955	20	20	20	0	0	0	100	0	х

Page 15 of 35

Total		480 006	1 000	1 000	1 000	0	0	0	100	0	
Trebišov	Bovines	8 174	20	20	20	0	0	0	100	0	х
Spišská Nová Ves	Bovines	6 354	30	30	30	0	0	0	100	0	х
Rožňava	Bovines	6 839	20	20	20	0	0	0	100	0	х
Michalovce	Bovines	13 765	30	30	30	0	0	0	100	0	х
Košice - okolie	Bovines	11 027	50	50	50	0	0	0	100	0	x
Košice - mesto	Bovines	49	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	х
Stará Ľubovňa	Bovines	7 661	20	20	20	0	0	0	100	0	х
Humenné	Bovines	13 925	40	40	40	0	0	0	100	0	х
Svidník	Bovines	11 437	30	30	30	0	0	0	100	0	х
Vranov nad Topľou	Bovines	7 053	10	10	10	0	0	0	100	0	х
Bardejov	Bovines	12 197	20	20	20	0	0	0	100	0	х
Prešov	Bovines	13 335	30	30	30	0	0	0	100	0	х
Poprad	Bovines	18 685	20	20	20	0	0	0	100	0	х
Žiar nad Hronom	Bovines	7 967	20	20	20	0	0	0	100	0	х
Zvolen	Bovines	18 859	30	30	30	0	0	0	100	0	х
Rimavská Sobota	Bovines	15 332	30	30	30	0	0	0	100	0	х
Veľký Krtíš	Bovines	7 981	20	20	20	0	0	0	100	0	х

Page 16 of 35

		ADD A NEW ROW	
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6.2 Stratified data on surveillance and laboratory tests

6.2.1 Stratified data on surveillance and laboratory tests for year : 2013

Region	Animal Species	Test Type	Test Description	Number of samples tested	Number of positive samples	
Bratislava	Bovine	serological test	ELISA	123	0	х
Senec	Bovine	serological test	ELISA	443	0	х
Trnava	Bovine	serological test	ELISA	359	0	х
Dunajská Streda	Bovine	serological test	ELISA	396	0	х
Galanta	Bovine	serological test	ELISA	240	0	х
Senica	Bovine	serological test	ELISA	242	0	х
Trenčín	Bovine	serological test	ELISA	372	0	х
Nové Mesto nad Váhom	Bovine	serological test	ELISA	230	0	х

Page 17 of 35

Púchov	Bovine	serological test	ELISA	244	0	N
		5			0	X
Prievidza	Bovine	serological test	ELISA	364	0	Х
Nitra	Bovine	serological test	ELISA	486	0	Х
Topoľčany	Bovine	serological test	ELISA	121	0	х
Nové Zámky	Bovine	serological test	ELISA	242	0	х
Komárno	Bovine	serological test	ELISA	504	0	х
Levice	Bovine	serological test	ELISA	340	0	х
Šaľa	Bovine	serological test	ELISA	123	0	х
Žilina	Bovine	serological test	ELISA	330	0	х
Čadca	Bovine	serological test	ELISA	242	0	х
Dolný Kubín	Bovine	serological test	ELISA	360	0	х
Martin	Bovine	serological test	ELISA	244	0	х
Liptovský Mikuláš	Bovine	serological test	ELISA	350	0	х
Banská Bystrica	Bovine	serological test	ELISA	360	0	х
Lučenec	Bovine	serological test	ELISA	246	0	х
Veľký Krtíš	Bovine	serological test	ELISA	257	0	х
Rimavská Sobota	Bovine	serological test	ELISA	370	0	х
Zvolen	Bovine	serological test	ELISA	372	0	х
Žiar nad Hronom	Bovine	serological test	ELISA	246	0	х
Poprad	Bovine	serological test	ELISA	241	0	х
Prešov	Bovine	serological test	ELISA	373	0	х
Bardejov	Bovine	serological test	ELISA	249	0	х

Page 18 of 35

Vranov nad Topľou	Bovine	serological test	ELISA	120	0	х
Svidník	Bovine	serological test	ELISA	374	0	х
Humenné	Bovine	serological test	ELISA	496	0	х
Stará Ľubovňa	Bovine	serological test	ELISA	235	0	х
Košice-mesto	Bovine	serological test	ELISA	0	0	х
Košice-okolie	Bovine	serological test	ELISA	604	0	х
Michalovce	Bovine	serological test	ELISA	268	0	х
Rožňava	Bovine	serological test	ELISA	231	0	х
Spišská Nová Ves	Bovine	serological test	ELISA	351	0	х
Trebišov	Bovine	serological test	ELISA	247	0	х
Total				11 995		
				ADD A N	EW ROW	

6.3 Data on infection

Data on infection

○ Not applicable

⊖ Applicable...

Page 19 of 35

6.4 Data on the status of herds

Data on the status of herds :

○Not applicable

⊖ Applicable...

6.4 Data on the status of herds at the end of year: 2013

					Status	s of herds an	d animals un	der the progr	amme							
						Not Free	e or not offici	ally free from	disease							
		and animal	er of herds s under the amme	Unkr	nown	Last chec	k positive	Last check r	negative	from dise	ficially free ase status ended	Free fron	n disease		free from ease	
Region	Animal Species	Herds	Animals	Herds	Animals	Herds	Animals	Herds	Animals	Herds	Animals	Herds	Animals	Herds	Animals	
Bratislava	Bovines	8	1 485	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	1 485	Х
Senec	Bovines	95	12 308	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	95	12 308	х
Tmava	Bovines	123	31 246	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	123	31 246	х
Dunajská Streda	Bovines	157	23 098	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	157	23 098	х
Galanta	Bovines	72	8 605	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	72	8 605	х
Senica	Bovines	103	14 561	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	103	14 561	х

Page 20 of 35

					Statu	s of herds an	d animals un	der the progr	amme							
Trenčín	Bovines	96	15 031	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	96	15 031	Х
Nové Mesto nad Váh	Bovines	112	9 063	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	112	9 063	х
Púchov	Bovines	147	6 794	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	147	6 794	х
Prievidza	Bovines	88	13 422	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	88	13 422	х
Nitra	Bovines	118	10 334	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	118	10 334	х
Topoľčany	Bovines	80	10 163	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	80	10 163	х
Nové Zámky	Bovines	88	13 048	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	88	13 048	х
Komárno	Bovines	162	14 495	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	162	14 495	х
Levice	Bovines	116	9 424	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	116	9 424	х
Šaľa	Bovines	34	9 245	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	34	9 245	х
Žilina	Bovines	172	7 667	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	172	7 667	х
Čadca	Bovines	128	7 654	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	128	7 654	х
Dolný Kubín	Bovines	1 707	23 459	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1 707	23 459	х
Martin	Bovines	316	13 858	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	316	13 858	х
Liptovský Mikuláš	Bovines	485	19 323	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	485	19 323	х
Banská Bystrica	Bovines	263	14 128	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	263	14 128	х
Lučenec	Bovines	366	10 955	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	366	10 955	х
Veľký Krtíš	Bovines	197	7 981	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	197	7 981	х

Page 21 of 35

												Add a n	ew row			
Total		8 608	480 006	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8 608	480 006	
rebišov	Bovines	121	8 174	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	121	8 174	X
pišská Nová Ves	Bovines	96	6 354	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	96	6 354	X
Rožňava	Bovines	135	6 839	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	135	6 839	Х
lichalovce	Bovines	159	13 765	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	159	13 765	Х
Košice - okolie	Bovines	161	11 027	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	161	11 027	X
Košice-mesto	Bovines	6	49	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	49	>
Stará Ľubovňa	Bovines	128	7 661	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	128	7 661)
lumenné	Bovines	170	13 925	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	170	13 925)
Svidník	Bovines	122	11 437	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	122	11 437)
/ranov nad Topľou	Bovines	98	7 053	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	98	7 053)
Bardejov	Bovines	112	12 197	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	112	12 197)
Prešov	Bovines	178	13 335	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	178	13 335)
Poprad	Bovines	408	18 685	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	408	18 685)
Žiar nad Hronom	Bovines	212	7 967	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	212	7 967)
Zvolen	Bovines	776	18 859	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	776	18 859)
Rimavská Sobota	Bovines	493	15 332	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	493	15 332)

Page 22 of 35

6.5	Data on vaccination or treatment program	nmes		
Data	on vaccination or treatment programmes is	○ Not applicable	⊂ Applicable	
~ ~				

6.6 Data on wildlife

⊖Applicable...

Data on Wildlife is :

Not applicable

Page 23 of 35

Targets 7.

The blocks 7.1.1, 7.1.2.1, 7.1.2.2, 7.2, 7.3.1 and 7.3.2 are repeated multiple times in case of first year submission of multiple program.

7.1 Targets related to testing (one table for each year of implementation)

7.1.1 Targets on diagnostic tests for year : **2015**

Region	Type of the test	Target population	Type of sample	Objective	Number of planned tests			
Slovakia	Elisa	Bovines	blood	surveillance	2 560	х		
Slovakia	RT-PCR	Bovines	blood	surveillance	300	x		
Slovakia	entomological monitoring	Bovines	insect Cullicoides	surveillance	344	x		
		' 		Total	3 204			
				Add a new row				

7.1.2 Targets on testing herds and animals

Page 24 of 35

7.1.2.1 Targets on testing herds

○ Not applicable

⊖Applicable...

7.1.2.1 Targets on the testing of herds for year: **2015**

										Target indicators		
Region	Animal species	Total number of herds	Total number of herds under the programme	Number of herds expected to be checked	Number of expected positive herds	Number of expected new positive herds	Number of herds expected to be depopulated	% positive herds expected to be depopulated	Expected % herd coverage	% positive herds Expected period herd prevalence	% new positive herds Expected herd incidence	
Bratislava + Senec	Bovines	103	103	2	0	0	0	0	1,94	0	0	x
Trnava + Senica	Bovines	226	226	2	0	0	0	0	0,88	0	0	x
Dunajská Streda + Gala +	Bovines	229	229	2	0	0	0	0	0,87	0	0	x
Trenčín+Nové Mesto na	Bovines	208	208	2	0	0	0	0	0,96	0	0	x
Púchov + Prievidza	Bovines	235	235	2	0	0	0	0	0,85	0	0	x
Komárno + Šaľa	Bovines	196	196	2	0	0	0	0	1,02	0	0	X
Levice+ Nové Zámky	Bovines	204	204	2	0	0	0	0	0,98	0	0	X
Nitra+ Topoľčany	Bovines	198	198	2	0	0	0	0	1,01	0	0	X
Veľký Krtíš + Zvolen	Bovines	973	973	2	0	0	0	0	0,21	0	0	x
Lučenec + Rimavská Sc +	Bovines	859	859	2	0	0	0	0	0,23	0	0	X

Page 25 of 35

									Add a new row				
Total		8 608	8 608	40	0	0	0	0	0,46	0	0		
rebišov + Michalovce	Bovines	280	280	2	0	0	0	0	0,71	0	0	х	
Spišská Nová Ves + Ro:	Bovines	231	231	2	0	0	0	0	0,87	0	0	Х	
Košice mesto + Košice-(Bovines	167	167	2	0	0	0	0	1,2	0	0	Х	
Humenné + Vranov nad	Bovines	268	268	2	0	0	0	0	0,75	0	0	Х	
Bardejov + Svidník	Bovines	234	234	2	0	0	0	0	0,85	0	0	Х	
Prešov + Stará Ľubovňa #	Bovines	306	306	2	0	0	0	0	0,65	0	0	х	
Liptovský Mikuláš + Pop ∓	Bovines	893	893	2	0	0	0	0	0,22	0	0	х	
Čadca + Dolný Kubín	Bovines	1 835	1 835	2	0	0	0	0	0,11	0	0	х	
Martin + Žilina	Bovines	488	488	2	0	0	0	0	0,41	0	0	Х	
Banská Bystrica + Žiar r +	Bovines	475	475	2	0	0	0	0	0,42	0	0	Х	

7.1.2.2 Targets on testing animals

○Not applicable

⊖ Applicable...

Page 26 of 35

							Slaug	htering	Target ir	ndicators	
Region	Species	Total number of animals	Number of animals under the programme	Number of animals expected to be tested	Number of animals to be tested individually	Number of expected positive animals	Number of animals with positive result expected to be slaughtered or culled	Total number of animals expected to be slaughtered	Expected % coverage at animal level	% positive animals (Expected animal prevalence)	
Bratislava + Senec	Bovine	13 793	13 793	16	16	0	0	0	0,12	0	Х
Tmava + Senica	Bovine	45 807	45 807	16	16	0	0	0	0,03	0	Х
Dunajská Streda + Galanta	Bovine	31 703	31 703	16	16	0	0	0	0,05	0	Х
Nové Mesto nad Váhom + Trenč	Bovine	24 094	24 094	16	16	0	0	0	0,07	0	Х
Púchov + Prievidza	Bovine	20 216	20 216	16	16	0	0	0	0,08	0	Х
Komárno + Šaľa	Bovine	23 740	23 740	16	16	0	0	0	0,07	0	X
Levice+ Nové Zámky	Bovine	22 472	22 472	16	16	0	0	0	0,07	0	X
Nitra+ Topoľčany	Bovine	20 497	20 497	16	16	0	0	0	0,08	0	Х
Veľký Krtíš + Zvolen	Bovine	26 840	26 840	16	16	0	0	0	0,06	0	х
Lučenec + Rimavská Sobota	Bovine	26 287	26 287	16	16	0	0	0	0,06	0	X
Banská Bystrica + Žiar nad Hron	Bovine	22 095	22 095	16	16	0	0	0	0,07	0	Х
 Martin + Žilina	Bovine	21 525	21 525	16	16	0	0	0	0,07	0	Х
Čadca + Dolný Kubín	Bovine	31 113	31 113	16	16	0	0	0	0,05	0	Х

7.1.2.2 Targets on the testing of animals for year :

Page 27 of 35

								Add a new row					
Total		480 006	480 006	320	320	0	0	0			0,07	0	
Trebišov + Michalovce	Bovine	21 939	21 939	16	16	0	0	0			0,07	0	Х
Spišská Nová Ves + Rožňava	Bovine	13 193	13 193	16	16	0	0	0			0,12	0	Х
Košice mesto + Košice-okolie	Bovine	11 076	11 076	16	16	0	0	0			0,14	0	Х
Humenné + Vranov nad Topľou	Bovine	20 978	20 978	16	16	0	0	0			0,08	0	Х
Bardejov + Svidník	Bovine	23 634	23 634	16	16	0	0	0			0,07	0	Х
Prešov + Stará Ľubovňa	Bovine	20 996	20 996	16	16	0	0	0			0,08	0	Х
Liptovský Mikuláš + Poprad	Bovine	38 008	38 008	16	16	0	0	0			0,04	0	Х

7.2 Targets on qualification of herds and animals

Targets on qualification of herds and animals ONot applicable

○ Applicable...

7.2 Targets on qualification of herds and animals for year: 2015

		Targets on the status of herds ar	d animals under the prog	ramme	
		Expected not free or not free from disease			

Page 28 of 35

		Total numb and animals progra	s under the	Expected	unknown	Last chec	k positive	Last checl	< negative	Expected fre free from dis suspe	sease status		l free from ease	Expected o from d	fficially free isease	
Region	Animal species	Herds	Animals	Herds	Animals	Herds	Animals	Herds	Animals	Herds	Animals	Herds	Animals	Herds	Animals	
Bratislava+ Senec	Bovines	103	13 793	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	103	13 793	х
Trnava+Senica	Bovines	226	45 807	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	226	45 807	Х
Dunajská Streda+ Ga +	Bovines	229	31 703	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	229	31 703	х
Trenčín+Nové Mesto	Bovines	208	24 094	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	208	24 094	х
Púchov+Prievidza	Bovines	235	20 216	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	235	20 216	х
Nitra+Topoľčany	Bovines	198	20 497	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	198	20 497	х
Nové Zámky+Levice	Bovines	204	22 472	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	204	22 472	х
Komárno+Šaľa	Bovines	196	23 740	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	196	23 740	Х
Žilina+Martin	Bovines	488	21 525	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	488	21 525	х
Čadca+Dolný Kubín	Bovines	1 835	31 113	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1 835	31 113	Х
Liptovský Mikuláš+Po +		893	38 008	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	893	38 008	х
Banská Bystrica+Žiar +	Bovines	475	22 095	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	475	22 095	х
Lučenec+Rimavská S +		859	26 287	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	859	26 287	х
Veľký Krtíš+Zvolen	Bovines	973	26 840	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	973	26 840	х
Prešov+Stará Ľubovř +	Bovines	306	20 996	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	306	20 996	х
Bardejov+Svidník	Bovines	234	23 634	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	234	23 634	х

Page 29 of 35

												Add a new row				
Total		8 608	480 006	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8 608	480 006	
Spišská Nová Ves+R	Bovines	231	13 193	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	231	13 193	х
Michalovce+Trebišov	Bovines	280	21 939	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	280	21 939	Х
Košice-okolie+Košice	Bovines	167	11 076	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	167	11 076	Х
vranov nad Topľou+F	Bovines	268	20 978	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	268	20 978	Х

Targets on vaccination or treatment 7.3

7.3.1 Targets on vaccination or treatment is

 \bigcirc Not applicable

○ Applicable...

○ Applicable...

7.3.2 Targets on vaccination or treatment of wildlife is \bigcirc Not applicable

Page 30 of 35

8. Detailed analysis of the cost of the programme

8.1 Costs of the planned activities for year :

2015

The blocks are repeated multiple times in case of first year submission of multiple program.

To facilitate the handling of your cost data, you are kindly requested to:

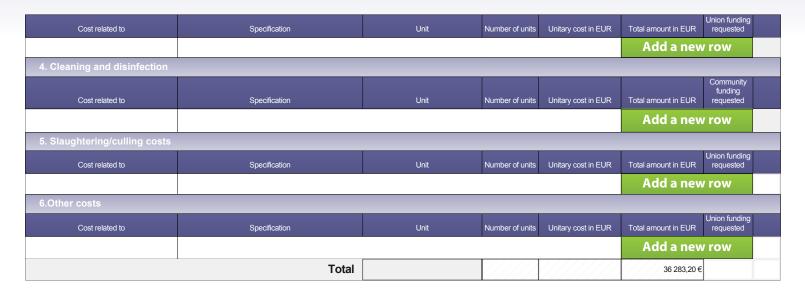
1. Fill-in the text fields IN ENGLISH

2. Limit as much as possible the entries to the pre-loaded options where available.

3. If you need to further specify a pre-loaded option, please keep the pre-loaded text and add your clarification to it in the same box.

1. Testing								
Cost related to	Specification	Unit	Number of units	Unitary cost in EUR	Total amount in EUR	Union funding requested		
Cost of analysis	Elisa (serum antibody detection)	Individual animal sample/test	2 560	5.5	14080	yes	х	
Cost of analysis	PCR (animal samples)	Individual animal sample/test	300	45	13500	yes	х	
Cost of analysis	Vector identification	Pooled sample test	344	25.3	8703,2	yes	х	
					Add a new row			
2. Vaccines								
Cost related to	Specification	Unit	Number of units	Unitary cost in EUR	Total amount in EUR	Union funding requested		
					Add a new row			
3. Compensation paid to owners								

Page 31 of 35



Page 32 of 35

8.2 Co-financing rate:

The maximum co-financing rate is in general fixed at 50%. However based on provisions of Article 5.2 and 5.3 of the Common Financial Framework, we request that the co-financing rate for the reimbursement of the eligible costs would be increased:

○Up to 75% for the measures detailed below ○Up to 100% for the measures detailed below • Not applicable

8.3 Source of national funding

Please specify the source of the national funding:

□ public funds
□ food business operators participation
□ other

Please give details on the source of the national funding (max 32000 characters)

Bluetongue programme will be funded from budget of the SVFA SR and Ministry of Agriculture and Rural Development of the Slovak Republic.

Page 33 of 35

Page 34 of 35

Attachments

IMPORTANT :

1) The more files you attach, the longer it takes to upload them .

 This attachment files should have one of the format listed here : jpg, jpeg, tiff, tif, xls, xlsx, doc, docx, ppt, pptx, bmp, pna, pdf.
 The total files should have one of the format listed here : jpg, jpeg, tiff, tif, xls, xlsx, doc, docx, ppt, pptx, bmp, pna, pdf.
 The total files size of the attached files should not exceed 2 500Kb (+- 2.5 Mb). You will receive a message while attaching when you try to load too much.
 IT CAN TAKE SEVERAL MINUTES TO UPLOAD ALL THE ATTACHED FILES. Don't interrupt the uploading by closing the pdf and wait until you have received a Submission Number!

5) Only use letters from a-z and numbers from 1-10 in the attachment names, otherwise the submission of the data will not work.

List of all attachments

	Attachment name	File will be saved as (only a-z and 0-9 and) :	File size
	3971_3504.doc	3971_3504.doc	843 kb
		Total size of attachments :	843 kb

Page 35 of 35