

**Analysis of the major deficiencies detected during the non – discriminatory inspections and action plan to address them as provided for in Article 27(2) of Regulation (EC) No 1/2005.**

**Poland**

**2018**

**1. Analysis of the major deficiencies detected during the non – discriminatory inspections.**

The inspections of animal welfare during transport are carried out on the territory of Poland by the Veterinary Inspection and the Road Transport Inspection. The Veterinary Inspection conducts the following checks:

- at the place of departure, as referred to in Article 15(2) of Council Regulation (EC) No 1/2005 and after unloading of animals at the place of destination, as well as at the control points,
- after the completion of transport to verify compliance with journey times and resting periods.

The Road Transport Inspection carries out inspections on the territory of Poland during the transport of animals.

The analysis of the information received from our local veterinary authorities and the Road Transport Inspection shows that total number of non-compliances with Regulation (EC) No 1/2005 detected during the non-discriminatory inspections in 2018 was 845. The total number of identified deficiencies decreased by 273 compared to year 2017.

In relation to particular categories of irregularities, the most frequently reported non – compliances in 2018 concerned fitness of animals for transport. These irregularities were detected in 384 cases, and the most of them concerned cattle (326 cases).

The following group of deficiencies, detected in 182 cases, regarding documentation, including 75 cases in cattle, 57 cases in pigs and 40 cases in other species.

The next groups of non-compliances with similar frequency related to:

- other infringements, which were detected in 80 cases;
- watering and feeding, journey times and resting periods, which were detected in 70 cases;
- the rules on means of transport, which were detected in 67 cases.

The least frequently reported deficiencies in 2018, related to the rules on provisions on transport practices, space allowances and height, were found in 59 cases.

## **2. The action plan to address the deficiencies described under point 1.**

The action plan of Chief Veterinary Officer to address the main deficiencies detected during the non – discriminatory checks carried out in 2018, includes the following measures:

- placed on the website materials developed by the European Commission regarding the transport of animals, so that they are available to districts veterinary officers and to transporters,
- amendments to the instructions on the control of animal transport by district veterinary officers,
- placing materials on the website regarding the proper completion of transport documentation, so that they are available to district veterinary officers and to transporters.