

Standard requirements for the submission of programme for eradication, control and monitoring PROGRAMME for ERADICATION: ANNEX I

Member States seeking a financial contribution from the Union for national programmes for the eradication, control and monitoring of animal diseases and zoonosis listed below, shall submit applications containing at least the information set out in this form.

Bovine brucellosis, bovine tuberculosis, ovine and caprine brucellosis (B. melitensis), bluetongue in endemic or high risk areas, african swine fever, swine vescicular disease, classical swine fever, rabies.

The central data base keeps all submissions. However only the information in the last submission is shown when viewing and used when processing the data.

If encountering difficulties, please contact <u>SANCO-BO@ec.europa.eu</u>, describe the issue and mention the version of this document: 2014 1.09

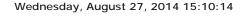
Instructions to complete the form: Your current version of Acrobat is: 10.104

- 1) Be informed that you need to have at least the Adobe Reader version 8.1.3 or higher to fill and submit this form.
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- 4) <u>IMPORTANT</u>: Once you have received the Submission number, save the form on your computer.
- 5) If the form is not properly filled, an alert box will appear indicating the number of incorrect fields. Please check your form again and try to re-submit it according to steps 3), 4) and 5). Should you still have any difficulties, please contact <u>SANCO-BO@ec.europa.eu</u>.
- 6) For simplification purposes you are invited to submit multi annual programmes
- 7) As mentioned during the Plenary Task Force of 28/2/2014, you are invited to submit your programmes in English.

IMPORTANT: <u>AFTER SUBMITTING THE FORM</u> DO NOT FORGET TO SAVE IT ON YOUR COMPUTER FOR YOUR RECORDS!

Submission date

Submission number 1409141415328-3613



1. Identification of the programme

Member state :	SUOMI / FINLAND
Disease	African swine fever
Species :	Domestic pigs and wild boar
This program is multi annual	no
Request of Union co-financing from beginning of:	2015

1.1 Contact

Name: Katri Levonen

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Email: katri.levonen@mmm.fi

2. Historical data on the epidemiological evolution of the disease

Provide a concise description on the target population (species, number of herds and animals present and under the programme), the main measures (sampling and testing regimes, eradication measures applied, qualification of herds and animals, vaccination schemes) and the main results (incidents, prevalence, qualification of herds and animals). The information is given for distinct periods if the measures were substantially modified. The information is documented by relevant summary epidemiological tables (point 6), complemented by graphs or maps (to be attached).

(max. 32000 chars):

ASF has never been detected in Finland. ASF was reported near Finnish borders for the first time when the disease was diagnosed in domestic pigs near the Russian city of St. Petersburg in 2009. As yet, there have been no reports of ASF in wild boars near Finnish borders. ASF surveillance in hunted wild boars was initiated in Finland in 2010 and extended to farmed wild boars in 2011. wild boar is farmed in 190 farms in Finland. The average herd size of farmed wild boar is small, 29 animals. The number of hunted wild boar tested each year is small due to the small wild boar population in Finland (estimated <500 animals). The number of hunted wild boar is app. 100 wild boars / year, in 2013 132 wild boars. Yearly saples have been sent from 10 hunted animals. There has been occasional road accidents or wild boar found dead. In 2012 one wild boar piglet was found dead and in 2013 one wild boar died in a road accident. The sampling has been focused in the South-Eastern part of Finland up to 2013.

In 2012 domestic pigs were added to the Finnish national African swine fever survey programme. The number of domestic pigs is 1 161 044 animals in 1563 herds. The number of sows is 121 500. In 2012 1057 sows were randomly sampled and in 2013 1053. The samples of sows are taken in slaughterhouses.

All results have been negative for ASF.

24th of February 2014 the Commission asked the countries in the eastern border of the EU to send an African swine fever control and monitoring programme for co-finencing (letter SANCO G2/FR/Ip (2014) 506103)

Finnish Food Safety Authority Evira has diagnostic preparedness to diagnose both ASF virus and

antibodies. Evira has participated in reference samples test trials since 2004.

3. Description of the submitted programme

Provide a concise description of the programme with its main objective(s) (monitoring, control, eradication, qualification of herds and/or regions, reducing prevalence and incidence), the main measures (sampling and testing regimes, eradication measures to be applied, qualification of herds and animals, vaccination schemes), the target animal population, the area(s) of implementation and the definition of a positive case.

(max. 32000 chars):

The programme aims to early detection of African swine fever in case the disease would enter into Finland. Finnish Food Safety Authority Evira has published a risk profile on entering routes of African swine fever in 2011(Afrikkalaisen sikaruton mahdollisia

maahantuloreittejä - riskiprofiili. Eviran julkaisuja 4/2011). According to the profile biosecurity measures on a farm level and information campaigns are the most effective means to prevent African swine fever epidemics in Finland. Entering of the disease by infected wild boar is possible. However, there are no means to prevent wild boar entering into Finland. So far, there has been no reports of African swine fever indected wild boar near Finnish border.

Because the wild boar population in Finland is small, less than 500 head, also farmed wild boar and domestic herds are included into the program. The sampling scheme of wild boar is aiming to get as many wild boar for sampling as possible. Because the small population, the aim set in the programme is ambitious. The number of wild boar farms is 190. 10 of these are situated less than 100 km of the eastern border. Of these herds, all pigs which are slaughtered are sampled. From the other Finnish wild boar farms all wild boar which show signs of any disease are sent to the Finnish Food Safety Authority laboratory for examination. Domestic sows are sampled randomly and the samples are going to be taken in slaughterhouses.

4. Measures of the submitted programme

4.1 Summary of measures under the programme

Duration of the programme: 2015
First year:
Control
Slaughter and animals tested positive
☐ Killing of animals tested positive

Standard requirements for the submission of programme for eradication, control and monitoring Vaccination Treatment Disposal of products ☐ Eradication, control or monitoring 4.2 Organisation, supervision and role of all stakeholders involved in the programme Describe the authorities in charge of supervising and coordinating the departments responsible for implementing the programme and the different operators involved. Descrive the responsabilities of all involved. (max. 32000 chars): The Central Authority in charge of supervising coordinating the departments responsible for implementing the programme is the Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry, Department of Food. Also the Unit of Animal Health and Welfare of the Control Department of the Finnish Food Safety Authority Evira is in charge of supervising and coordinating the Programme and reporting to the Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry. The Veterinary Virology Research Unit of the Research and laboratory department of the Finnish Food Safety Authority Evira is in charge of performing the laboratory assays.

Regional State Administrative Agencies are responsible for the local coordination of the programme. Local official veterinarians are taking the samples from slaughtered farmed wild boar. Hunters are taking samples from hunted wild boar. Meat-inspection veterinarians working for the Control Department of

the Finnish Food Safety Authority Evira are taking the samples at slaughterhouses. The Research Unit for production animals and wild animals of the Research and laboratory department of the Finnish Food Safety Authority Evira is responsible for post mortem examination of the found carcasses and taking samples of them.

4.3 Description and demarcation of the geographical and administrative areas in which the programme is to be implemented

Describe the name and denomination, the administrative boundaries, and the surface of the administrative and geographical areas in which the programme is to be applied. Illustrate with maps.

(max. 32000 chars):

The program covers the whole country of Finland. Wild boar population in Finland is small, less than 500 heads. However, the largest wild boar population is in the South-Eastern area of Finland, where the estimated population is 200 wild boar. The samples from farmed wild boar are going to be taken from farms which are situated less than 100km from the eastern border of Finland. Domestic pigs are tested from the whole country.

4.4 Description of the measures of the programme

A comprehensive description needs to be provided of all measures unless reference can be made to Union legislation. The national legislation in which the measures are laid down is mentioned.

4.4.1 Notification of the disease

(max. 32000 chars):

African swine fever is a compulsorily notifiable disease in Finland according to the Act on animal diseases (441/2013). African swine fever is classified as an easily spreading animal disease according to Decree of Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry No 843/2013. Owners and keepers of animals are under an obligation to immediately inform a municipal veterinary officer of regional veterinary officer if they detect any signs of African swine fever. All veterinarians must inform official veterinarians immediately if African swine fever is suspected. Municipal veterinary officer must inform provincial veterinary officer and provincial veterinary officer must inform Finnish Food Safety Authority Evira. Notifications shall be made immediately. Official veterinarians must take immediate steps to ensure the diagnosis and prevent spreading of the disease. The animal holding is placed under restrictions.

Restrictions are described in Decree of Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry No 10/2014 and in the Contingency plan. These are in accordance with Council Directibe 2002/60/EC of 27 June 2002 laying down specific provisions for the control of African swine fever and amending Directive 92/119/ EEC as regards Teschen disease and African swine fever and 2003/422/EC: Commission Decision of 26 May 2003 approving an African swine fever diagnostic manual.

4.4.2 Target animals and animal population

(max. 32000 chars):

Target animals of the programme are wild boar, farmed wild boar and domestic pigs. The wild boar population of Finland is appr. 500 head. There are farmed wild boar at 190 farms, alltogether 5510 animals. 10 wild boar farms are situated less than 100 km of the eastern border. Domestic pigs are kept in 1563 herds and the number of animals is 1 161 044 animals. The number of sows is 121 500. The number of wild boar hunted each year has been appr. 100 yearly. In 2013 the number of hunted wild boar was 132.

4.4.3 Identification of animals and registration of holdings

(max. 32000 chars):

Identication of animals and registration of the holdings are performed according to the Law of animal identification (Laki eläintunnistusjärjestelmästä 238/2010) and according to the Decree of Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry No 720/2012 of identidfication of suidae (Maa- ja metsätalousministeriön asetus sikaeläinten tunnistamisesta MMMa 720/2012).

4.4.4 Qualifications of animals and herds

(max. 32000 chars):

People are encouraged to send all wild boar found dead to be sampled. As many hunted animals as possible are going to be sampled. 1000 domestic sows are going to be randomly sampled at slaughterhouses. Sows are a good indicator for disease situation in a farm while they are long lived and thus they would make antibodies to most diseases present in farms.

4.4.5 Rules of the movement of animals

(max. 32000 chars):

All pigs have to be registered according to the abovementioned decree of registration of suidae. All transfers of pigs have to be registered.

Animal transfer within EU: The entepreneur has to be registered. Official veterinarian in the country of origin gives a health sertificate which covers the region and herd from which the animal origins as wellas the animal itself. These are recorded into the Traces system.

Import from outside EU is allowed only from certain countries. Official veterinarian in the country of origin gives a health sertificate which covers the region and herd from which the animal origins as wellas the animal itself. Border control is in place.

4.4.6 Tests used and sampling schemes

(max. 32000 chars):

For virology PCR, genotype specific PCR (sequencing) and antogen Elisa are used. For serology antibody Elisa and IPT (indirect immunoperoxidasetest).

4.4.7 Vaccines used and vaccination schemes

(max. 32000 chars):

No vaccines are used against african swine fever.

4.4.8 Information and assessment on bio-security measures management and infrastructure in place in the holdings involved.

(max. 32000 chars):

Most of the Finnish pig farms (95% of the farms) are participating into a private voluntary disease control system, which gives rules to the purchase of feed and animals, manure management and people entering into the farms. These are all prescribed in a disease control plan approved by a veterinarian. swill feeding is prohibited in Finland and the act is well implemented.

Wild boar farms are small, mean 29 sows. They are well fenced and because the wild boar population is small in Finland, farmed wild boar should not have contacts to wild boar. Farmed wild boar are kept outside. The same regulations as dor domestic swine are applied for farmed wild swine.

4.4.9 Measures in case of a positive result

A short description is provided of the measures as regards positive animals (slaughter, destination of carcasses, use or treatment of animal products, the destruction of all products which could transmit the disease or the treatment of such products to avoid any possible contamination, a procedure for the disinfection of infected holdings, the therapeutic or preventive treatment chosen, a procedure for the restocking with healthy animals of holdings which have been depopulated by slaughter and the creation of a surveillance zone around infected holding)

(max. 32000 chars):

African swine fever is a compulsorily notifiable disease in Finland according to the Act on animal diseases (441/2013). African swine fever is classified as an easily spreading animal disease according to Decree of Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry No 843/2013, 2 December 2013. Owners and keepers of animals are under an obligation to immediately inform a municipal veterinary officer of regional veterinary officer if they detect any signs of African swine fever. All veterinarians must inform official veterinarian immediately if African swine fever is suspected. Municipal veterinary officer must inform provincial veterinary officer and provincial veterinary officer must inform Finnish Food Safety Authority Evira. Notifications shall be made immediately. Official veterinarians must take immediate steps to

ensure the diagnosis and prevent spreading of the disease. The animal holding is placed under restrictions.

4.4.10 Compensation scheme for owners of slaughtered and killed animals

(max. 32000 chars):

Owners would be given compensation of slaughtered and killed animals according to the Finnish Act on animal diseases (441/2013).

4.4.11 Control on the implementation of the programme and reporting

(max. 32000 chars):

The Central Authority in charge of supervising coordinating the departments responsible for implementing the programme and reposting is the Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry, Department of Food. Also the Unit of Animal Health and Welfare of the Control Department of the Finnish Food Safety Authority Evira is in charge of supervising and coordinating the Programme and reporting to the Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry.

The Veterinary Virology Research Unit of the Research and laboratory department of the Finnish Food Safety Authority Evira is in charge of performing the laboratory assays.

Regional State Administrative Agencies are responsible for the local coordination of the programme. Local official veterinarians are taking the samples from slaughtered farmed wild boar. Hunters are taking samoles from hunted wild boar. Meat-inspection veterinarians working for the Control Department of the Finnish Food Safety Authority Evira are taking the samples at slaughterhouses. The Research Unit for production animals and wild animals of the Research and laboratory department of the Finnish Food Safety Authority Evira is responsible for post mortem examination of the found carcasses and taking samples of them.

Local municipal veterianrians are reporting to Regional State Administrative Agencies. These report to the Finnish Food Safety Authority Evira and Evira reposrts to the Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry.

5. Benefits of the programme

A description is provided of the benefits of the programme on the economical and animal and public health points of view.

(max. 32000 chars):

The european Commission has sent a letter SANCO G2/FR/lp (2014) 506103 asking EU countries in EU's eastern border to apply compensation for disease surveillance and monitoring schemes. This programme is a continuation to 2014 programme. The aim is an early detection of emerging disease, in this case African swine fever. The aim is also to protect other EU countries of the spreading disease.

For brucellosis (bovine and small ruminants) and tuberculosis, if an annual programme is submitted, please provide also the targets for herd incidence and prevalence, and the animal prevalence for at least 3 years (including the year for which the programme is submitted).

Standard	I requirements for the submission of programme for eradication, control and monitoring
6.	Data on the epidemiological evolution during the last five years
	no
6.1	Evolution of the disease
	Evolution of the disease : ONot applicable OApplicable
6.2	Stratified data on surveillance and laboratory tests
	Page 11 of 30

6.2.1 Stratified data on surveillance and laboratory tests for year: 2013

Region	Animal Species	Test Type	Test Description	Number of samples tested	Number of positive samples	
whole Finland	Wild boar	serological test	antibody Elisa	10	0	х
whole Finland	Wild boar	microbiological or virological tes	PCR	10	0	х
whole Finland	farmed wild boar	serological test	antibody Elisa	43	0	х
whole Finland	farmed wild boar	microbiological or virological tes	PCR	43	0	х
whole Finland	Domestic pigs	serological test	antibody Elisa	1 053	0	х
whole Finland	Domestic pigs	microbiological or virological tes	PCR	1 053	0	х
whole Finland	pigs showing signs of disea	serological test	antibody Elisa	73	0	х
whole Finland	pigs showing signs of disea	microbiological or virological tes	PCR	100	0	х
Total				2 385		
				ADD A N	EW ROW	

6.2.1 Stratified data on surveillance and laboratory tests for year: 2012

Post c	Adveloped	T	Turbustitus		Number of positive	
Region	Animal Species	Test Type	Test Description	tested	samples	

whole Finland	Wild boar	serological test	antibody Elisa	8	0	Х
whole Finland	Wild boar	microbiological or virological tes	PCR	8	0	х
whole Finland	farmed wild boar	serological test	antibody Elisa	33	0	х
whole Finland	farmed wild boar	microbiological or virological tes	PCR	33	0	х
whole Finland	Domestic pigs	serological test	antibody Elisa	1 057	0	х
whole Finland	Domestic pigs	microbiological or virological tes	PCR	1 057	0	х
whole Finland	pigs showing signs of disea	serological test	antibody Elisa	31	0	х
whole Finland	pigs showing signs of disea	microbiological or virological tes	PCR	41	0	х
Total				2 268		
				ADD A N	IEW ROW	

6.2.1 Stratified data on surveillance and laboratory tests for year: 2011

Region	Animal Species	Test Type	Test Description	Number of samples tested	Number of positive samples	
whole Finland	Wild boar	serological test	antibody Elisa	8	0	x
whole Finland	Wild boar	microbiological or virological tes	PCR	8	0	x
whole Finland	farmed wild boar	serological test	antibody Elisa	42	0	х
whole Finland	farmed wild boar	microbiological or virological tes	PCR	42	0	х
whole Finland	pigs showing signs of disea	serological test	antibody Elisa	78	0	х
Total				178		

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		ADD A NEW ROW	

6.2.1 Stratified data on surveillance and laboratory tests for year: 2010

Region	Animal Species	Test Type	Test Description	Number of samples tested	Number of positive samples	
whole Finland	Wild boar	serological test	antibody Elisa	10	0	x
whole Finland	Wild boar	microbiological or virological tes	PCR	10	0	х
whole Finland	pigs showing signs of disea	serological test	antibody Elisa	4	0	х
Total				24		
				ADD A NEW ROW		

6.2.1 Stratified data on surveillance and laboratory tests for year: 2009

Region	Animal Species	Test Type	Test Description	Number of samples tested	Number of positive samples	
Whole finland	Wild boar	serological test	antibody Elisa	0	0	х
Total				0		
				ADD A N	IEW ROW	

Standard	requirements for the subn	nission of program	me for eradication, control and monitoring
6.3	Data on infection		
	Data on infection	○ Not applicable	○ Applicable
6.4	Data on the status of herds		
	Data on the status of herds :	○ Not applicable	○ Applicable
			Page 15 of 30
			Page 15 of 30

Standard	l requirements	for th	ne submission of	progra	mme for	eradication.	control a	and monitoring
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6.5 Data on vaccination or treatment programmes

Data on vaccination or treatment programmes is ONot applicable Applicable...

6.6 Data on wildlife

Data on Wildlife is: ONot applicable Applicable...

6.6.1 Estimation of wildlife population for year: **2013**

Region	Species	Method of estimation	Estimation of the population	
whole Finland	wild boar	Estimated by hunter's organisation	500	X
			ADD A NEW ROW	

6.6.1 Estimation of wildlife population for year: **2012**

Region	Species	Method of estimation	Estimation of the population	
			ADD A NEW ROW	

6.6.1 Estimation of wildlife population for year: **2011**

Region	Species	Method of estimation	Estimation of the population	
			ADD A NEW ROW	

6.6.1 Estimation of wildlife population for year: **2010**

Region	Species	Method of estimation	Estimation of the population	
			ADD A NEW ROW	

6.6.1 Estimation of wildlife population for year: **2009**

Region	Species	Method of estimation	Estimation of the population	
			ADD A NEW ROW	

6.6.2 Disease surveillance and other tests in wildlife for year:

2013

Region	Species	Test type	<u>Test Descri</u> ption	Number of samples tested	Number of positive samples	
whole Finland	wild boar	serological test	antibory Elisa	10	0	X
whole Finland	wild boar	virological test	PCR	10	0	X
			ADD A N	IEW ROW		

6.6.2 Disease surveillance and other tests in wildlife for year:

2012

Region	Species	Test type	<u>Test Descri</u> ption	Number of samples tested	Number of positive samples	
whole Finland	wild boar	serological test	antibody Elisa	8	0	X
whole Finland	wild boar	virological test	PCR	8	0	x
			ADD A N	IEW ROW		

6.6.2 Disease surveillance and other tests in wildlife for year:

2011

Region	Species	Test type	<u>Test Descri</u> ption	Number of samples tested	Number of positive samples	
whole Finland	wild boar	serological test	antibory Elisa	8	0	X

whole Finland	wild boar	virological test	PCR	8	0	X	
			ADD A N	IEW ROW			

6.6.2 Disease surveillance and other tests in wildlife for year:

2010

Region	Species	Test type	<u>Test Descri</u> ption	Number of samples tested	Number of positive samples	
whole Finland	wild boar	serological test	antibory Elisa	10	0	x
whole Finland	wild boar	virological test	PCR	10	0	x
			ADD A N	IEW ROW		

6.6.2 Disease surveillance and other tests in wildlife for year:

2009

Region	Species	Test type	<u>Test Descri</u> ption	Number of samples tested	Number of positive samples	
			ADD A NEW ROW			

6.6.3 Data on vaccination or treatment of wildlife for year: **2013**

rvegion	Oquale IIII	treatment to be darministered		A NEW ROW	
Region	Square km	Number of doses of vaccine or treatment to be administered	Number of campaigns	Total number of doses of vaccine or treatment administered	

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6.6.3 Data on vaccination or treatment of wildlife for year: **2012**

rtogor,	Oquale IIII	treatment to be darministered		A NEW ROW	
Region	Square km	Number of doses of vaccine or treatment to be administered	Number of campaigns	Total number of doses of vaccine or treatment administered	

6.6.3 Data on vaccination or treatment of wildlife for year: **2011**

Region	Square km	Number of doses of vaccine or treatment to be administered	Number of campaigns	Total number of doses of vaccine or treatment administered	
			ADD	A NEW ROW	

6.6.3 Data on vaccination or treatment of wildlife for year: **2010**

Region	Square km	treatment to be administered	Number of campaigns	treatment administered A NEW ROW	
Poster	0	Number of doses of vaccine or		Total number of doses of vaccine or	

6.6.3 Data on vaccination or treatment of wildlife for year: **2009**

		Number of doses of vaccine or		Total number of doses of vaccine or	
Region	Square km	treatment to be administered	Number of campaigns	treatment administered	
Region	Square Kill	treatment to be auministered	Number of Campaigns	treatment auministered	

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				S
			ADD A NEW ROW	

7. Targets

The blocks 7.1.1, 7.1.2.1, 7.1.2.2, 7.2, 7.3.1 and 7.3.2 are repeated multiple times in case of first year submission of multiple program.

7.1 Targets related to testing (one table for each year of implementation)

7.1.1 Targets on diagnostic tests for year: **2015**

Region	Type of the test	Target population	Type of sample	Objective	Number of planned tests	
Finland whole country	virology (PCR)	Wild boar, hunted	serum, tissues	surveillance	70	X
Finland whole country	virology (genotype specific PCR including	Wild boar, hunted	serum, tissues	confirmation of suspected cases	10	x
Finland whole country	virology (antigen Elisa)	Wild boar, hunted	serum, tissues	confirmation of suspected cases	10	х
Finland whole country	serology (antibody Elisa)	Wild boar,hunted	serum	surveillance	70	х
Finland whole country	serology confirmatory test (IPT)	Wild boar, hunted	serum	confirmation of suspected cases	10	х
Finland whole country	virology (PCR)	Wild boar, found dead	serum, tissues	surveillance	5	х
Finland whole country	serology (antibody Elisa)	Wild boar, found dead	serum	surveillance	5	х

Finland, less than 100km of eastern border	serology (antibody Elisa)	farmed wild boar, slaughtered	serum	surveillance	60	х
Finland, less than 100km of eastern border	serology confirmatory test (IPT)	farmed wild boar, slaughtered	serum	confirmation of suspected cases	5	х
Finland whole country	serology (antibody Elisa)	farmed wild boar, showing signs of disease	serum, tissues	surveillance	20	х
Finland whole country	serology confirmatory test (IPT)	farmed wild boar, showing signs of diseas	serum	surveillance	5	х
Finland whole country	virology (PCR)	farmed wild boar, showing signs of diseas	serum,tissues	surveillance	20	x
Finland whole country	virology (genotype specific PCR including	farmed wild boar, showing signs of diseas	serum, tissues	confirmation of suspected cases	2	x
Finland whole country	virology (antigen Elisa)	farmed wild boar, showing signs of diseas	serum, tissues	confirmation of suspected cases	2	x
Finland whole country	virology (PCR)	domestic pigs, showing signs of disease	serum, tissues	surveillance	150	х
Finland whole country	serology (antibody Elisa)	domestic pigs, showing signs of disease	serum	surveillance	100	x
				Total	544	
				Add a new r	ow	

7.1.2 Targets on testing herds and animals

7.1.2.1 Targets on testing herds ONot applicable OApplicable...

7.1.2.2 Targets on testing animals

○ Not applicable

○ Applicable...

7.1.2.2 Targets on the testing of animals for year:

							Slaug	ntering	Target ir	ndicators	
Region	Species	Total number of animals	Number of animals under the programme	Number of animals expected to be tested	Number of animals to be tested individually	Number of expected positive animals	Number of animals with positive result expected to be slaughtered or culled	Total number of animals expected to be slaughtered	Expected % coverage at animal level	% positive animals (Expected animal prevalence)	
Finland whole country	Wild boar	500	500	75	75	0	0	0	15	0	X
Finlsn < 100km from border	Wild boar, farme	290	290	60	60	0	0	0	20,69	0	X
Finland whole country	Wild boar,farmec	5 510	5 510	20	20	0	0	0	0,36	0	х
Finland whole country	farmed wild boar	2	2	2	2	0	0	0	100	0	X
Finland whole country	domestic pigs, sh	150	150	150	150	0	0	0	100	0	X
Total		6 452	6 452	307	307	0	0	0	4,76	0	
								Ad	ld a new ro	w	

Standa	rd requirements for the submission of	programme for	r eradication, control	and monitoring
7.2	Targets on qualification of herds and animals	S		
	Targets on qualification of herds and animals	s ○Not applicable	○Applicable	
7.3	Targets on vaccination or treatment			
	7.3.1 Targets on vaccination or treatment is	○ Not applicable	○Applicable	
	7.3.2 Targets on vaccination or treatment of wildlife is	○ Not applicable	⊂ Applicable	
		1	Page 25 of 30	

8. Detailed analysis of the cost of the programme

8.1 Costs of the planned activities for year:

2015

The blocks are repeated multiple times in case of first year submission of multiple program.

To facilitate the handling of your cost data, you are kindly requested to:

- 1. Fill-in the text fields IN ENGLISH
- 2. Limit as much as possible the entries to the pre-loaded options where available.
- 3. If you need to further specify a pre-loaded option, please keep the pre-loaded text and add your clarification to it in the same box.

1. Testing							
Cost related to	<u>Specification</u>	Unit	Number of units	Unitary cost in EUR	Total amount in EUR	Union funding requested	
Cost of sampling	Wild animals, hunted or found dead	Individual animal sample/test	75	15	1125	yes	х
Cost of sampling	Farmed wild boar	Individual animal sample/test	60	0.5	30	yes	х
Cost of sending samples	Wild animals, hunted or found dead	Packages	75	20	1500	yes	x
Cost of analysis	Virus detection (PCR)	Individual animal sample/test	245	35	8575	yes	x
Cost of analysis	Virus detection (PCR), genotype specific	Individual animal sample/test	12	70	840	yes	x
Cost of analysis	Virus detection (antigen Elisa)	Individual animal sample/test	12	35	420	yes	x
Cost of analysis	Antibodies (Elisa) Wild boar hunted or found dead, farm	Individual animal sample/test	255	35	8925	yes	х

			Т			
Cost of analysis	Antibodies (IPT) wild boar hunted or found dead, farmer	Individual animal sample/test	25	100	2500	yes
					Add a new	row
2. Vaccines						
Cost related to	Specification	Unit	Number of units	Unitary cost in EUR	Total amount in EUR	Union funding requested
					Add a new	row
3. Compensation paid to own	ers					
Cost related to	Specification	Unit	Number of units	Unitary cost in EUR	Total amount in EUR	Union funding requested
					Add a new	row
4. Cleaning and disinfection						
Cost related to	Specification	Unit	Number of units	Unitary cost in EUR	Total amount in EUR	Community funding requested
					Add a new	row
5. Slaughtering/culling costs						
Cost related to	Specification	Unit	Number of units	Unitary cost in EUR	Total amount in EUR	Union funding requested
					Add a new	row
6.Other costs						
Cost related to	Specification	Unit	Number of units	Unitary cost in EUR	Total amount in EUR	Union funding requested
					Add a new	row
	Total				23 915,00 €	

Standard requirements for the submission of programme for eradication, control and monitoring
8.2 Co-financing rate:
The maximum co-financing rate is in general fixed at 50%. However based on provisions of Article 5.2 and 5.3 of the Common Financial Framework, we request that the co-financing rate for the reimbursement of the eligible costs would be increased:
 ○ Up to 75% for the measures detailed below ○ Up to 100% for the measures detailed below ⑥ Not applicable
8.3 Source of national funding
Please specify the source of the national funding:
Please give details on the source of the national funding (max 32000 characters)
In the Budget of the State of Finland there are veterinary fund allocated for control of animals diseases. Finnish Food Safety Authority which carries out the
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Standard requirements for the submission of programme for eradica	ation, control and monitoring
laboratory assys is funded by the State Budget.	
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Attachments

IMPORTANT:

- 1) The more files you attach, the longer it takes to upload them .

- 2) This attachment files should have one of the format listed here: jpg, jpeg, tiff, tif, xls, xlsx, doc, docx, ppt, pptx, bmp, pna, pdf.

 3) The total file steed files should not exceed 2 500Kb (+- 2.5 Mb). You will receive a message while attaching when you try to load too much.

 4) IT CAN TAKE SEVERAL MINUTES TO UPLOAD ALL THE ATTACHED FILES. Don't interrupt the uploading by closing the pdf and wait until you have received a
- 5) Only use letters from a-z and numbers from 1-10 in the attachment names, otherwise the submission of the data will not work.

List of all attachments

Attachment name	File will be saved as (only a-z and 0-9 and) :	File size
	Total size of attachments :	No attachmen