

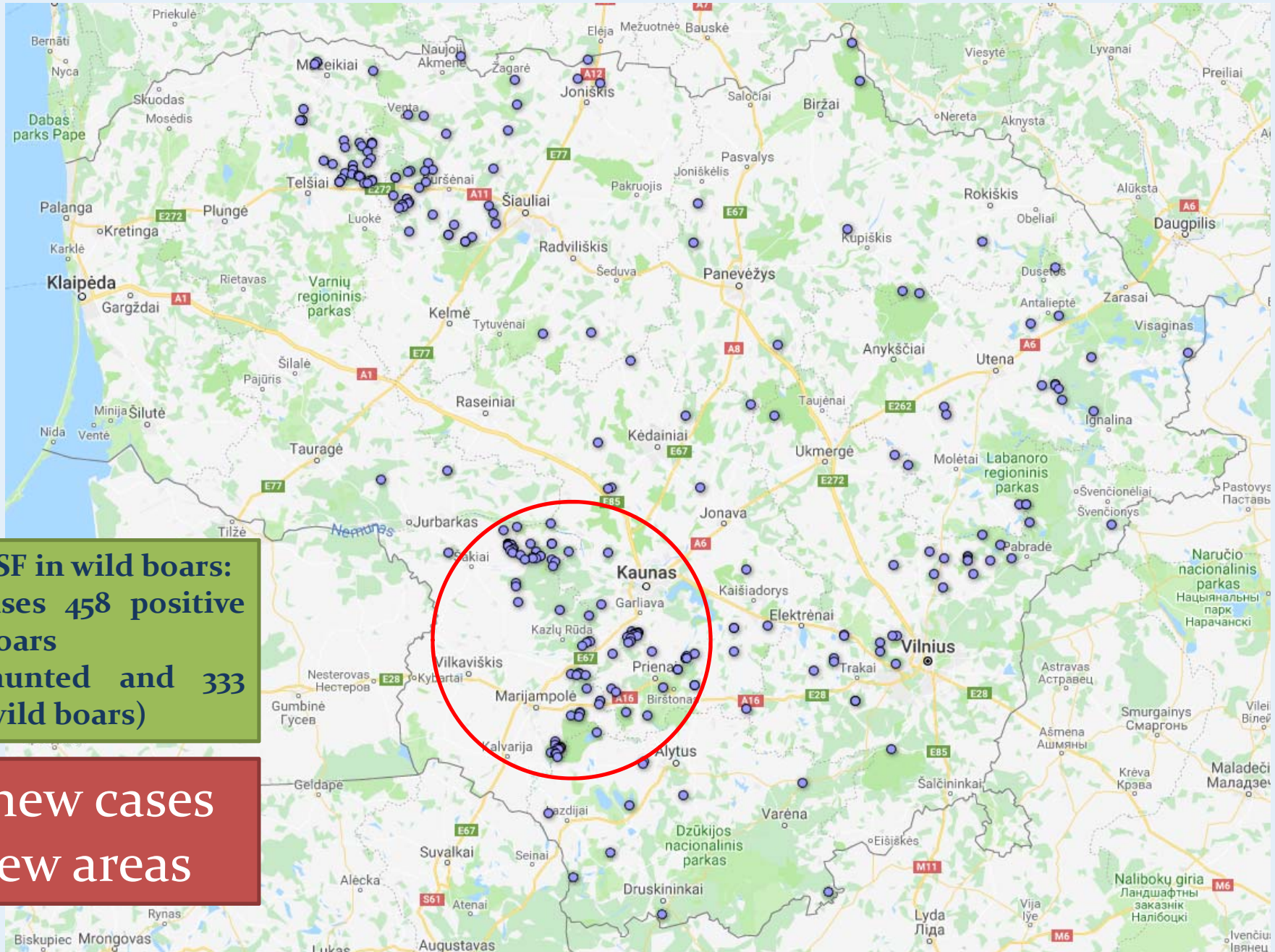
African swine fever in Lithuania

(update of the situation)



8/9 July 2019
State Food and Veterinary Service
Lithuania

ASF CASES IN WILD BOARS 2019



**2019 ASF in wild boars:
279 cases 458 positive
wild boars
(132 hunted and 333
dead wild boars)**

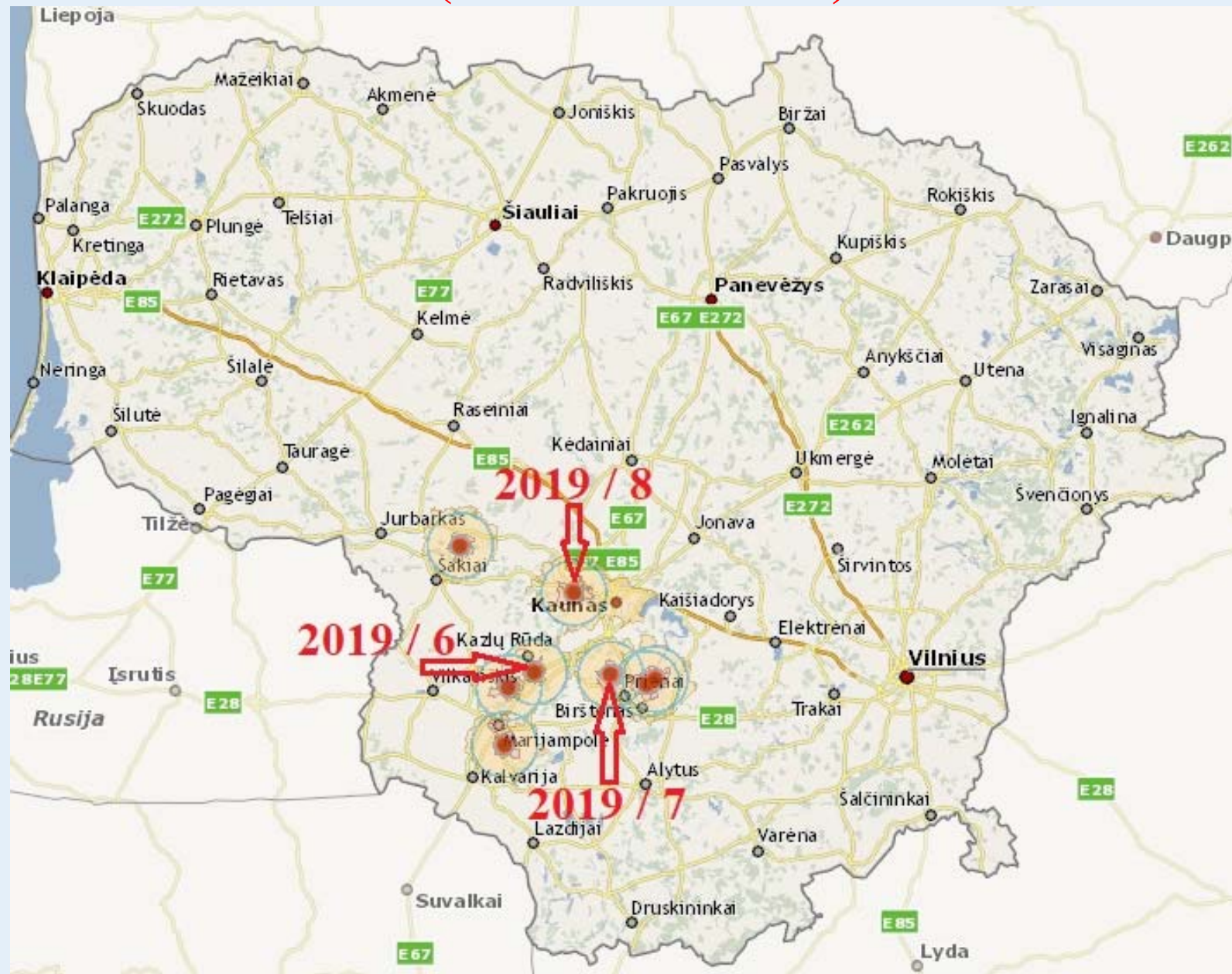
**No new cases
in new areas**

ASF outbreaks since the last PAFF meeting

(2019/3 – 2019/5)



ASF outbreaks since the last PAFF meeting (2019/6 – 2019/8)



ASF outbreaks No. 3-4

13/06/2019 ADNS 2019/3



- Virus has been confirmed in a commercial farm with 52 pigs;
- The nearest ASF outbreak in domestic pigs was detected at the distance of 18 km on 10 June 2019. The outbreaks are unrelated.
- Source of infection remain unclear.

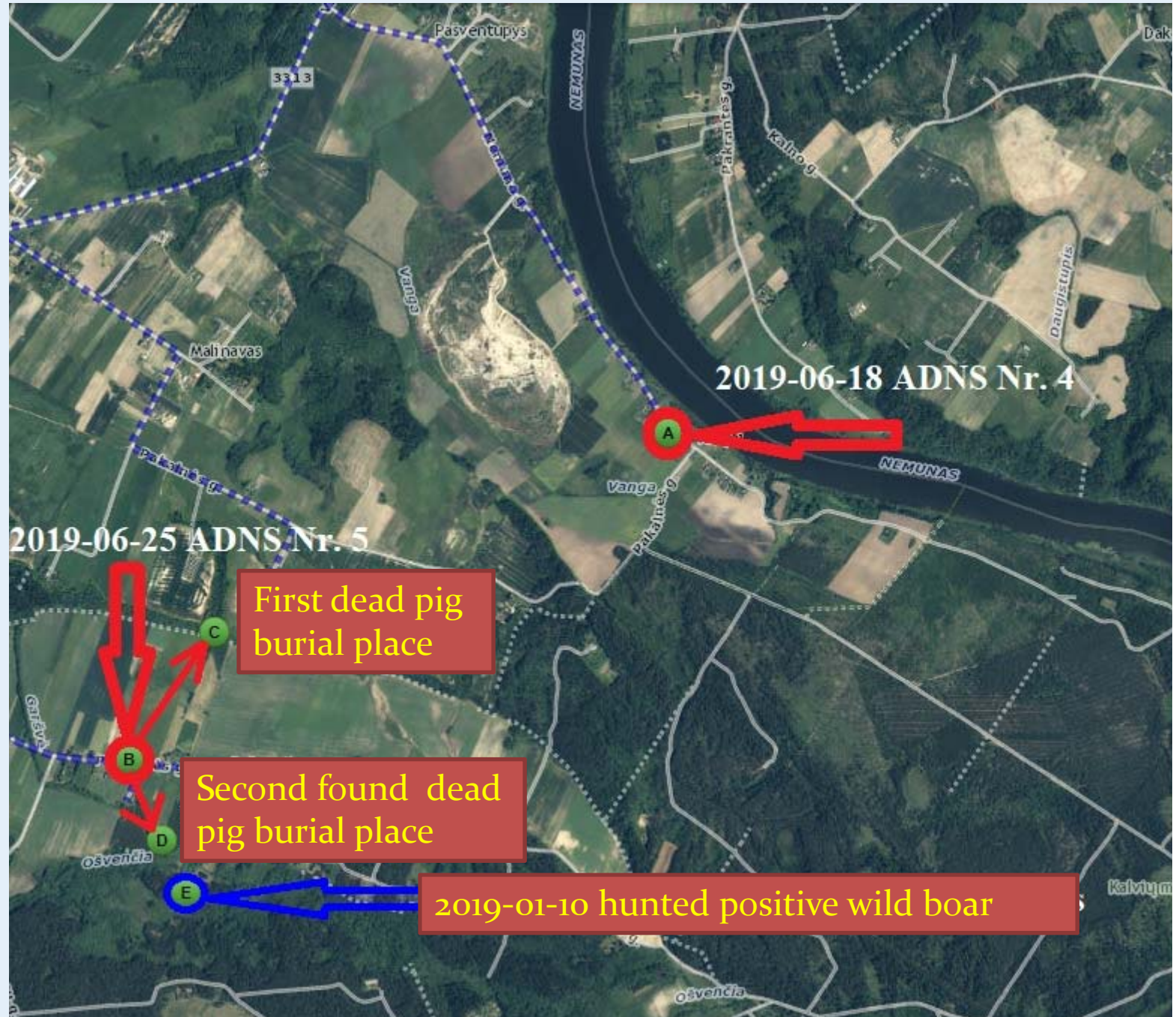
18/06/2019 ADNS 2019/4



- Virus has been confirmed in a non-commercial farm with 3 fattening pigs.
- The nearest case in wild boar was detected at the distance of 2 km.
- Source of infection - contaminated environment.

ASF OUTBREAK NO. 2019/5

- ASF virus has been confirmed in a cadaver of a non-identified domestic pig, which was found in the forest on 25 June 2019 (point c).
- An epidemiological investigation has been started with the involvement of the police to find the owner.

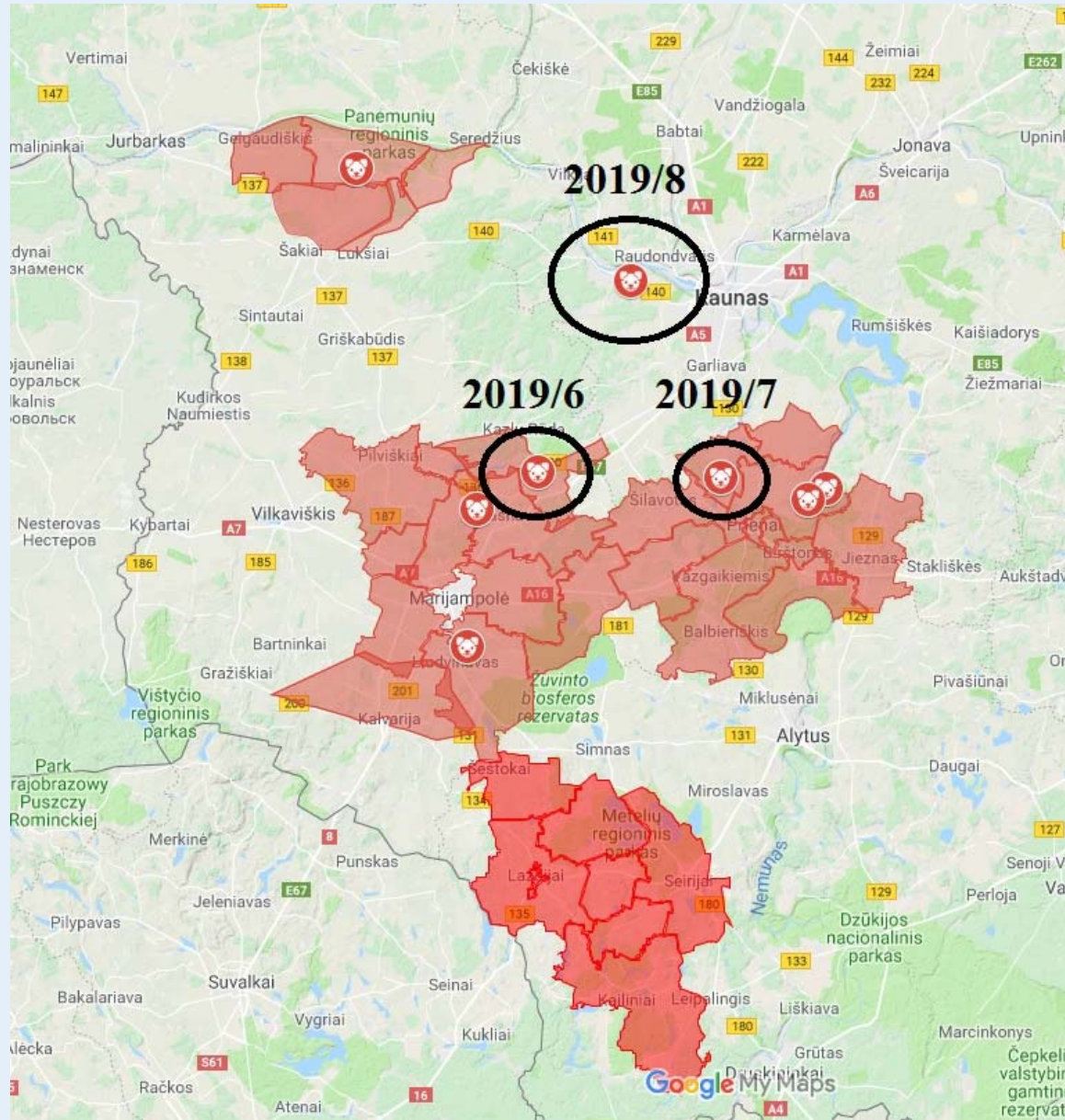


ASF OUTBREAK NO. 5

- The close cooperation between the State Food and Veterinary Service and the Police gave good results and the origin of the domestic pig, which had been found in the forest, was established.
- On 28 June, officers of the local State Food and Veterinary Service together with police officers visited one of local residents and found another dead pig in the farmstead.
- During the investigation, it was established that one pig had died a week before and the farmer had buried the carcass in the forest at approximately 500 m from his farm.
- The owner of the pigs will be penalized and no compensation will be paid.

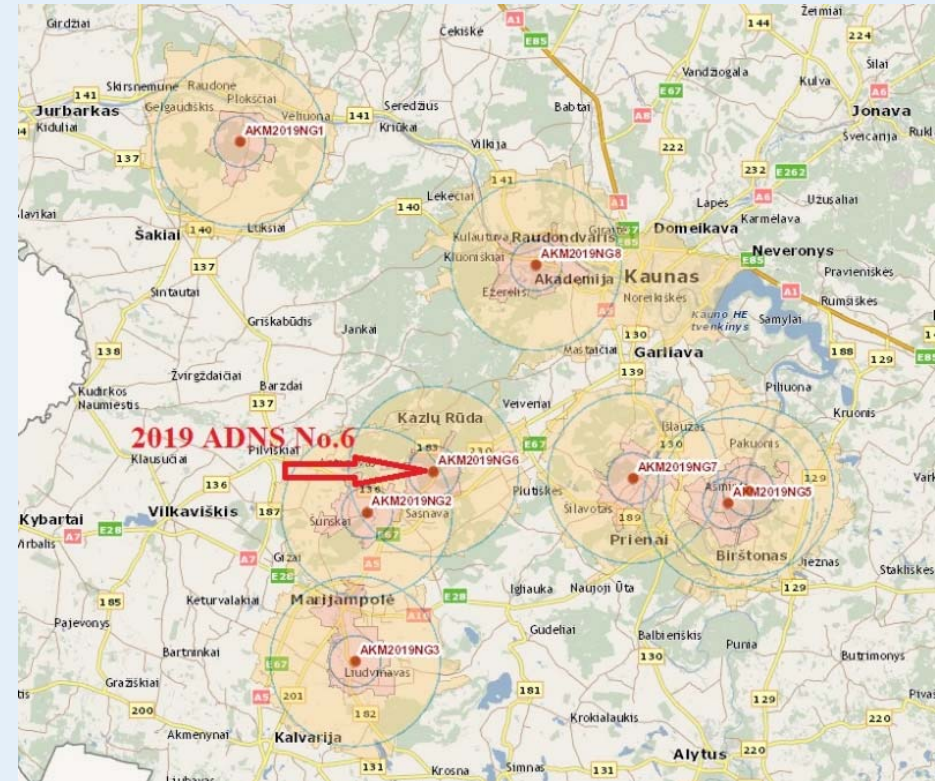


ASF OUTBREAK NO. 6 - 8



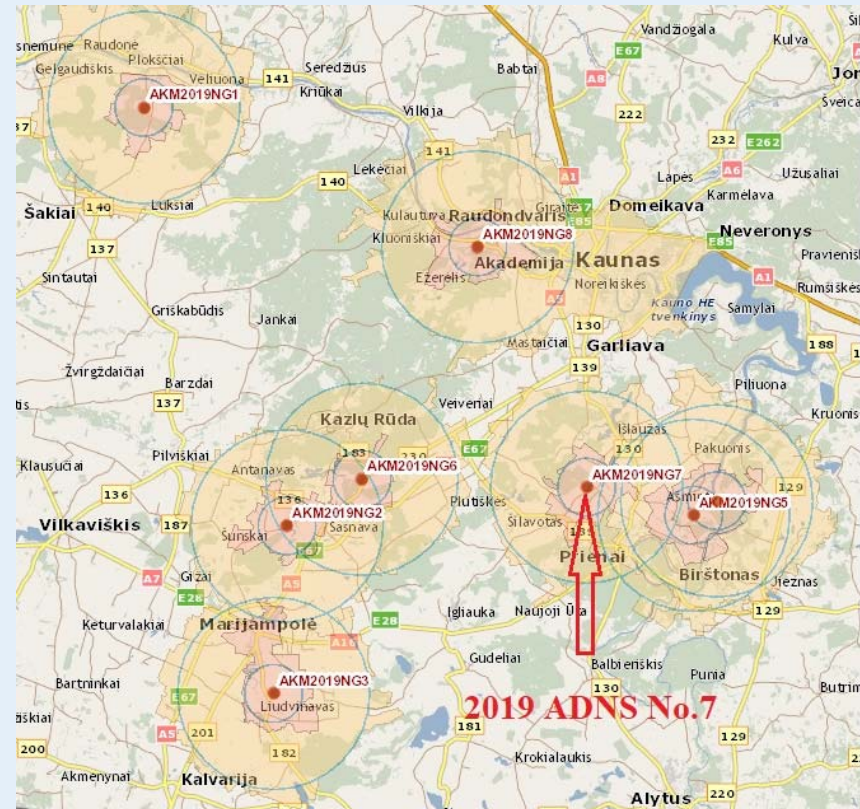
ASF OUTBREAK NO. 6

- non-commercial farm with 5 fattening pigs (4 pigs were 3-8 months of age and one – 18 month old) kept;
- in the surveillance zone of the ASF outbreak with ADNS No. 2019/2;
- owner found the pig suddenly dead and informed the private veterinarian;
- The private veterinarian took organ samples from the dead pig and blood samples from the four live pigs in the framework of the ASF surveillance programme.
- ASF was confirmed in the samples of dead pig and two live pigs.



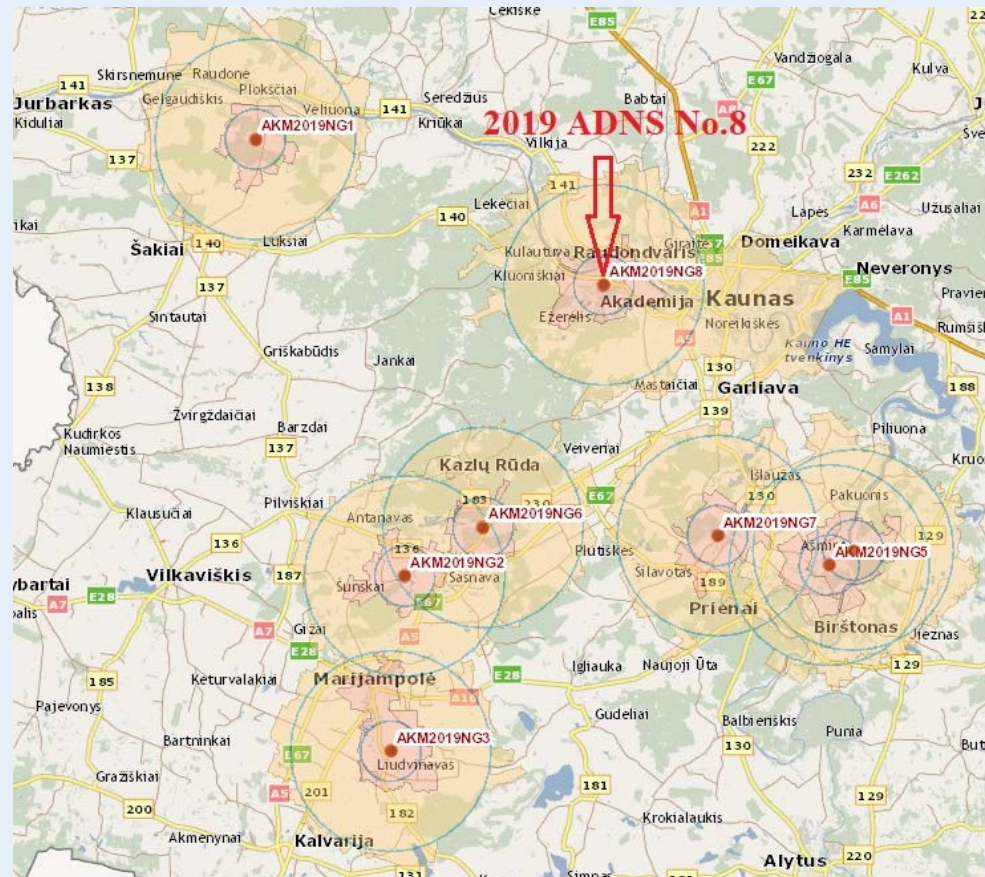
ASF OUTBREAK NO. 7

- non-commercial farm with 3 fattening pigs (3-8 month of age) kept;
- the owner informed the SFVS that a few days ago one pig suddenly died and the second one felt sick;
- the private veterinarian took blood samples from two live pigs in the framework of the ASF surveillance programme.

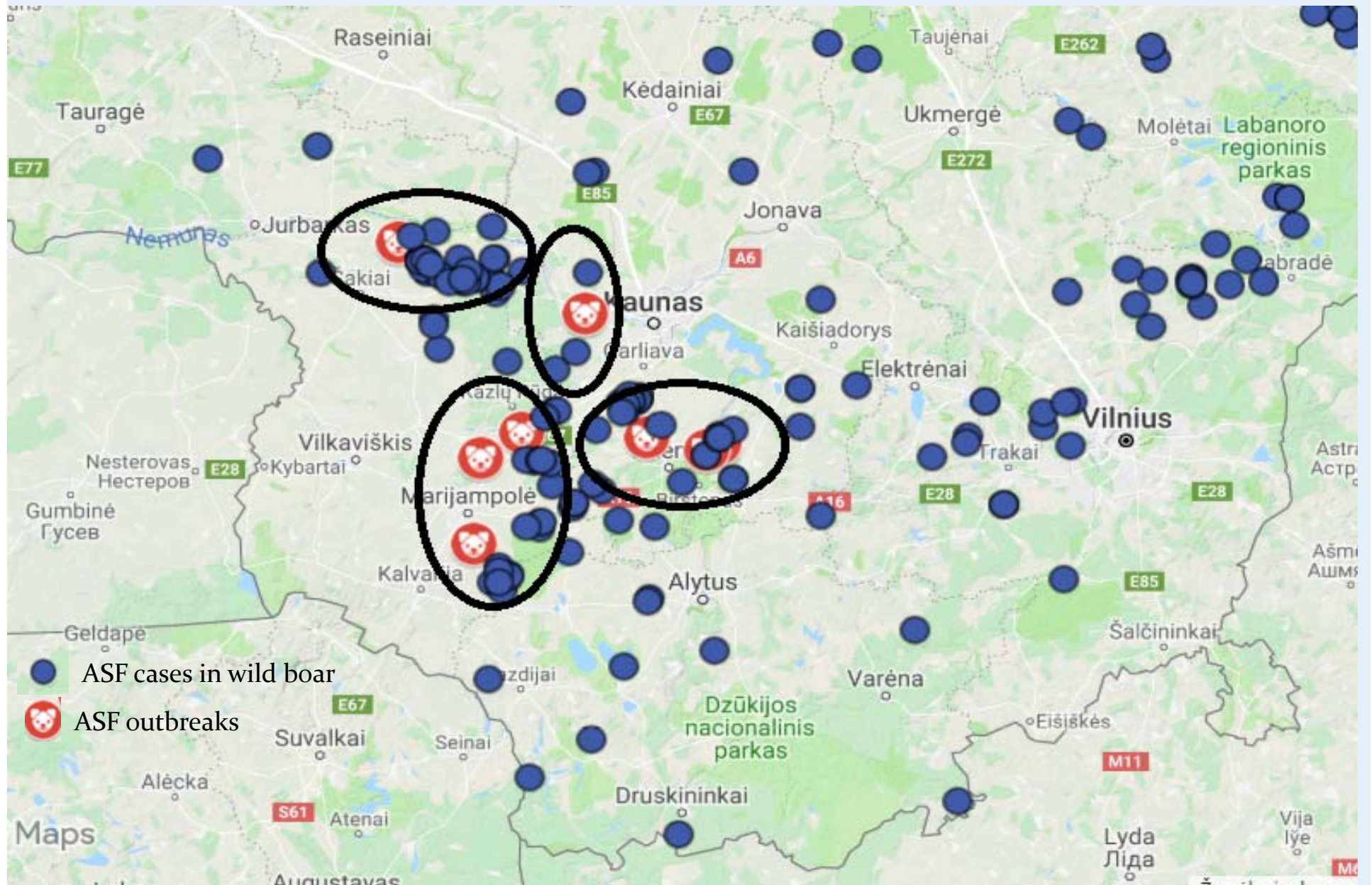


ASF OUTBREAK NO. 8

- non-commercial farm with 2 fattening pigs (9 month of age) kept;
- the owner informed the private veterinarian that one of the pigs kept felt sick ;
- the private veterinarian took blood samples from pigs in the framework of the ASF surveillance programme.

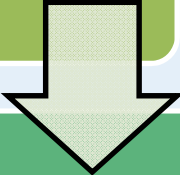


Main hypothesis of ASF virus introduction



Actions taken

All the measures in accordance with Council Directive 2002/60/EC of 27 June 2002 laying down specific provisions for the control of African swine fever and amending Directive 92/119/EEC as regards Teschen disease and African swine fever have been taken.



In 3 km protection and 10 km surveillance zones all pig keepers were inspected.



Meeting with the Minister of Agriculture and pig producers association were organized.



Meeting with hunters associations were organized.



Thank you for your attention!