



Annex III : Programme for the control and eradication of Transmissible Spongiform Encephalopathies submitted for obtaining EU cofinancing

Member States seeking a financial contribution from the European Union for national programmes of eradication, control and surveillance shall submit online this application completely filled out.

In case of difficulty, please contact SANTE-VET-PROG@ec.europa.eu, describe the issue and mention the version of this document 2015 1.04

Your current version of Acrobat is: 11.015

Instructions to complete the form:

- 1) You need to have at least the **Adobe Reader version 8.1.3** or higher to fill and submit this form.
- 2) To verify your data entry while filling your form, you can use the "**verify form**" button at the top of each page.
- 3) When you have finished filling the form, verify that your internet connection is active, save a copy on your computer and then click on the "**submit notification**" button below. If the form is properly filled, the notification will be submitted to the EU server and a submission number will appear in the corresponding field. If you don't succeed to submit your programme following this procedure, check with your IT service that the security settings of your computer are compatible with this online submission procedure.
- 4) All programmes submitted online are kept in a central database. However only the information in the last submission is used when processing the data.
- 5) **IMPORTANT:** Once you have received the submission number, **save the form on your computer** for your records.
- 6) If the form is not properly filled in, an alert box will appear indicating the number of incorrect fields. Please check your form again, complete it and re-submit it according to steps 3). Should you still have difficulties, please contact SANTE-VET-PROG@ec.europa.eu.
- 7) For simplification purposes you are invited to submit **multi-annual programmes**.
- 8) As mentioned during the Plenary Task Force of 28/2/2014, you are invited to submit your programmes in **English**.

Submission Date

Tuesday, July 14, 2015 10:09:20

Submission Number

1436861366743-6229

Standard requirements for the submission of programmes of eradication and monitoring of TSE

1. Identification of the programme

Member state:

Disease:

This program is multi annual:

Type of submission:

Request of Union co-financing
from beginning of:

To end of

**MODIFICATION OF ALREADY APPROVED
MULTIANNUAL PROGRAMME**

Modification to be applied from
year:

Standard requirements for the submission of programmes of eradication and monitoring of TSE

1.1 Contact

Name : Mr. Martin Benka, DVM

Phone : +420 227010128

Job type in CA. : veterinary officer - Animal health department of SVA

Email : epiz@svscr.cz

2.1 Description of the programme

(max. 32000 chars) :

The aim of the programme is to detect any case of TSE and prevent them from entering the food or feed chain thus, eventually, eradicating the diseases and preventing them from causing hazard to public or animal health. The program is lay down in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 999/2001 as amended of the European Parliament and of the Council. The TSE programme covers:

1. sampling and testing of all bovine animals born in Bulgaria, Croatia, Romania or in third countries which are slaughtered for human consumption and they are over 30 months of age (Annex III, Chapter A, point 2.2. of TSE Regulation);
2. sampling and testing of all bovine fallen stock, sick or injured at the ante mortem inspection and emergency slaughtered bovine animal over 24 months (Annex III, Chapter A, point 2.1. and 3.);
3. sampling and testing of all fallen stock of ovine and caprine animals over 18 months (Annex VIII, Chapter A, Section A, point 1.2. f (third subparagraph) and point 1.3.f. (third subparagraph).
4. sampling and testing of all ovine and caprine animals over 18 months from holdings with atypical scrapie case (2 years period).

2.2. Description of the epidemiological situation of the disease

(max. 32000 chars) :

First occurrence of BSE was reported in the Czech Republic during the year 2001. Since this time a comprehensive national surveillance programme has been adjusted and applied thirty positive cases of BSE have been recorded in the CR to the end of the year 2009. Since 2009 was detected none positive case of BSE.

Since 2008, Czech Republic has OIE certificate for BSE status as country with controlled risk for BSE and in 2015 will be clasified as a country with negligible BSE risk.

Standard requirements for the submission of programmes of eradication and monitoring of TSE

From 2002, when the testing of ovine and caprine animals has begun, till 2014 were tested 17 259 ovine animals and 2 275 caprine animals totally. For that period have been found positive only 56 ovine animals and none caprine animals. The 54 positive cases were classified as classical scrapie case and were found on 6 farms only. The rest 2 positive cases were classified as atypical scrapie case on 2 farms. First outbreak of scrapie was detected in 2002. Last case o classical scrapie was detected in 2008 and last atypical scrapie case was detected in 2014.

4. Measures included in the programme

4.1 Designation of the central authority in charge of supervising and coordinating the departements responsible for implementing the programme

(max. 32000 chars) :

The central authority competent for supervising and coordinating all activities in veterinary care is the State Veterinary Administration of the Czech Republic (SVA), which performs its powers at the whole territory of the Czech Republic (§ 47, Veterinary Act No 166/1999 Col. of Acts). SVA coordinates the activities of 14th Regional Veterinary Administrations.

The competent authority confirms its commitment to submit a complete report on actions and expenditures in the framework of this programme and to provide additional information when request by the Commission.

4.2 Description and delimitation of the geographical and administrative areas in which the programme is to be applied

(max. 32000 chars) :

The program will be applied on the whole territory of the Czech Republic.

4.3 System in place for the registration of holdings

(max. 32000 chars) :

Holdings in the Czech Republic are registered in the database of farms in accordance to the provisions of the act No. 154/2000, as amended, Breeding Act and corresponding Decree No. 136/2004 laying down details for identification of animals and their registration and registration of holdings and person established by Breeding Act.

Standard requirements for the submission of programmes of eradication and monitoring of TSE

4.4 System in place for the identification of animals

(max. 32000 chars):

Bovine animals in the Czech are identify by eartags and they are registered in the Central Bovine Database. Animals in the Czech Republic are registered in the database in accordance to the provisions of the act No. 154/2000, as amended, Breeding Act and corresponding Decree No. 136/2004 laying down details for identification of animals and their registration and registration of holdings and person established by Breeding Act.

4.5 Measures in place as regards the notification of the disease

(max. 32000 chars):

Measures in place are to the provisions of the Veterinary Act No. 166/1999, as amended that is in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 999/2001 as amendment. In the case of positive test result all the measures required by the EC legislation will be applied. The compulsory notification of TSE disease is obvious. Positive animal in the herd as well as cohort animals and progeny of the positive animal are killed, tested for BSE and completely destroyed. No parts of the animals can end up at the food or feed chain. Food that may transmit the disease are traced and pulled back from retail.

4.6 Testing

4.6.1 Rapid tests in bovine animals

Targets for year

2016

	Age (in months) above which animals are tested	Estimated number of animals to be tested	Estimated number of rapid tests, including rapid tests used for confirmation	
Risk animals (as referred to in Annex III, Chapter A, Part I, point 2.1, 3 and 4 of Regulation (EC) No 999/2001 born in MSs listed in Annex to Decision 2009/719/EC	24	24500	24502	
Risk animals not born in MS listed in Annex to CD 2009/719/EC	24	500	501	
Healthy slaughtered animals (as referred to in Annex III.A.I point 2.2 of Regulation (EC) No 999/2001) born in MSs listed in Annex to CD 2009/719/EC	72	0	0	
Healthy slaughtered animals not born in MSs listed in Annex to CD 2009/719/EC	30	500	501	
Suspect animals (as referred to in Art 12.2 of Regulation (EC) No 999/2001)		2	2	

Standard requirements for the submission of programmes of eradication and monitoring of TSE

Targets for year

2017

	Age (in months) above which animals are tested	Estimated number of animals to be tested	Estimated number of rapid tests, including rapid tests used for confirmation
Risk animals (as referred to in Annex III, Chapter A, Part I, point 2.1, 3 and 4 of Regulation (EC) No 999/2001 born in MSs listed in Annex to Decision 2009/719/EC	24	24500	24502
Risk animals not born in MS listed in Annex to CD 2009/719/EC	24	500	501
Healthy slaughtered animals (as referred to in Annex III.A.I point 2.2 of Regulation (EC) No 999/2001) born in MSs listed in Annex to CD 2009/719/EC	72	0	0
Healthy slaughtered animals not born in MSs listed in Annex to CD 2009/719/EC	30	500	501
Suspect animals (as referred to in Art 12.2 of Regulation (EC) No 999/2001)		2	2

Targets for year

2018

	Age (in months) above which animals are tested	Estimated number of animals to be tested	Estimated number of rapid tests, including rapid tests used for confirmation
Risk animals (as referred to in Annex III, Chapter A, Part I, point 2.1, 3 and 4 of Regulation (EC) No 999/2001 born in MSs listed in Annex to Decision 2009/719/EC	24	24500	24502
Risk animals not born in MS listed in Annex to CD 2009/719/EC	24	500	501
Healthy slaughtered animals (as referred to in Annex III.A.I point 2.2 of Regulation (EC) No 999/2001) born in MSs listed in Annex to CD 2009/719/EC	72	0	0
Healthy slaughtered animals not born in MSs listed in Annex to CD 2009/719/EC	30	500	501
Suspect animals (as referred to in Art 12.2 of Regulation (EC) No 999/2001)		2	2

4.6.2 Rapid tests in ovine animals

Estimated population of adult ewes and ewe lambs put to the ram.

250 000

Standard requirements for the submission of programmes of eradication and monitoring of TSE

Targets for year

2016

	Estimated number of animals to be tested	
Ovine animals referred to in Annex III, Chapter A, Part II, point 2 of Regulation (EC) No 999/2001 (healthy slaughtered animals)	0	
Ovine animals referred to in Annex III, Chapter A, Part II, point 3 of Regulation (EC) No 999/2001 (risk animals)	5 500	
Ovine animals referred to in Annex III, Chapter A, Part II, point 5 of Regulation (EC) No 999/2001 (random testing of animals killed for detection in holdings with BSE/CS case)	100	
Ovine animals referred to in Annex VII, Chapter B, point 2.2.2. (b) and (c) of Regulation (EC) No 999/2001 (immediate measures after detection of CS - option 1+2)	100	
Ovine animals referred to in Annex VII, Chapter B, point 3.1. of Regulation (EC) No 999/2001 (follow up measures in holdings with BSE/CS case-options 1+2)	100	
Ovine animals referred to in Annex VII, Chapter B, point 4.1. of Regulation (EC) No 999/2001 (follow up measures in holdings with CS cases option 3a + derogation to option 2)	100	
Ovine animals referred to in Annex VII, Chapter B, point 2.2.3. of Regulation (EC) No 999/2001 (measures in holdings with AS case)	100	
Other please specify here		X
	Add a new row	
Total Rapid tests on ovine animals	6 000	

Targets for year

2017

	Estimated number of animals to be tested	
Ovine animals referred to in Annex III, Chapter A, Part II, point 2 of Regulation (EC) No 999/2001 (healthy slaughtered animals)	0	
Ovine animals referred to in Annex III, Chapter A, Part II, point 3 of Regulation (EC) No 999/2001 (risk animals)	5 500	
Ovine animals referred to in Annex III, Chapter A, Part II, point 5 of Regulation (EC) No 999/2001 (random testing of animals killed for detection in holdings with BSE/CS case)	100	
Ovine animals referred to in Annex VII, Chapter B, point 2.2.2. (b) and (c) of Regulation (EC) No 999/2001 (immediate measures after detection of CS - option 1+2)	100	
Ovine animals referred to in Annex VII, Chapter B, point 3.1. of Regulation (EC) No 999/2001 (follow up measures in holdings with BSE/CS case-options 1+2)	100	
Ovine animals referred to in Annex VII, Chapter B, point 4.1. of Regulation (EC) No 999/2001 (follow up measures in holdings with CS cases option 3a + derogation to option 2)	100	
Ovine animals referred to in Annex VII, Chapter B, point 2.2.3. of Regulation (EC) No 999/2001 (measures in holdings with AS case)	100	
Other please specify here		X
	Add a new row	
Total Rapid tests on ovine animals	6 000	

Standard requirements for the submission of programmes of eradication and monitoring of TSE

4.6.3 Monitoring in caprine animals

Estimated population of female goats and female kids mated

35 000

Targets for year

2016

	Estimated number of animals to be tested	
Caprine animals referred to in Annex III, Chapter A, Part II, point 2 of Regulation (EC) No 999/2001 (healthy slaughtered animals)	0	
Caprine animals referred to in Annex III, Chapter A, Part II, point 3 of Regulation (EC) No 999/2001(risk animals)	1 000	
Caprine animals referred to in Annex III, Chapter A, Part II, point 5 of Regulation (EC) No 999/2001(random testing of animals killed for detection in holdings with BSE/CS case)	50	
Caprine animals referred to in Annex VII, Chapter B, point 2.2.2. (b) and (c) of Regulation (EC) No 999/2001 (immediate measures after detection of CS - option 1+2)	50	
Caprine animals referred to in Annex VII, Chapter B, point 3.1. of Regulation (EC) No 999/2001 (follow up measures in holdings with BSE/CS case-options 1+2)	50	
Caprine animals referred to in Annex VII, Chapter B, point 4.1 of Regulation (EC) No 999/2001 (follow up measures in holdings with CS cases option 3a + derogation to option 2	50	
Caprine animals referred to in Annex VII, Chapter B, point 2.2.3. of Regulation (EC) No 999/2001(measures in holdings with AS case)	50	
Other please specify here		X
	ADD A NEW ROW	
<i>Total Rapid tests on caprine animals</i>	1 250	

Targets for year

2017

	Estimated number of animals to be tested	
Caprine animals referred to in Annex III, Chapter A, Part II, point 2 of Regulation (EC) No 999/2001 (healthy slaughtered animals)	0	
Caprine animals referred to in Annex III, Chapter A, Part II, point 3 of Regulation (EC) No 999/2001(risk animals)	1 000	
Caprine animals referred to in Annex III, Chapter A, Part II, point 5 of Regulation (EC) No 999/2001(random testing of animals killed for detection in holdings with BSE/CS case)	50	
Caprine animals referred to in Annex VII, Chapter B, point 2.2.2. (b) and (c) of Regulation (EC) No 999/2001 (immediate measures after detection of CS - option 1+2)	50	
Caprine animals referred to in Annex VII, Chapter B, point 3.1. of Regulation (EC) No 999/2001 (follow up measures in holdings with BSE/CS case-options 1+2)	50	
Caprine animals referred to in Annex VII, Chapter B, point 4.1 of Regulation (EC) No 999/2001 (follow up measures in holdings with CS cases option 3a + derogation to option 2	50	

Standard requirements for the submission of programmes of eradication and monitoring of TSE

Caprine animals referred to in Annex VII, Chapter B, point 2.2.3. of Regulation (EC) No 999/2001(measures in holdings with AS case)	50	
Other please specify here		X
	ADD A NEW ROW	
<i>Total Rapid tests on caprine animals</i>	1 250	

4.6.4 Confirmatory tests **other than rapid tests** as referred to in Annex X Chapter C of Regulation (EC) No 999/2001

Targets for year **2016**

	Estimated number of tests	
Confirmatory tests in Bovine animals	5	
Confirmatory tests in Ovine an Caprine animals	5	

Targets for year **2017**

	Estimated number of tests	
Confirmatory tests in Bovine animals	5	
Confirmatory tests in Ovine an Caprine animals	5	

Targets for year **2018**

	Estimated number of tests	
Confirmatory tests in Bovine animals	5	
Confirmatory tests in Ovine an Caprine animals	5	

4.6.5 Discriminatory tests (Annex X.C point 3.1 (c) and 3.2 (c)(i) of Regulation (EC) No 999(2001)

Targets for year **2016**

	Estimated number of tests	
Primary molecular testing on bovine animals	5	
Primary molecular testing on ovine and caprine animals	5	

Standard requirements for the submission of programmes of eradication and monitoring of TSE

Targets for year **2017**

	Estimated number of tests
Primary molecular testing on bovine animals	5
Primary molecular testing on ovine and caprine animals	5

Targets for year **2018**

	Estimated number of tests
Primary molecular testing on bovine animals	5
Primary molecular testing on ovine and caprine animals	5

4.6.6 Genotyping of positive and randomly selected animals

Adult sheep population

More than 750,000 animals

Less than or equal to 750,000 animals

Targets for year **2016**

	Estimated number
Animals referred to in Annex III, Chapter A, Part II, point 8.1 of Regulation (EC) No 999/2001 (genotyping of TSE cases)	5
Animals referred to in Annex III, Chapter A, Part II, point 8.2 of Regulation (EC) No 999/2001 (random genotyping)	100

Targets for year **2017**

	Estimated number
Animals referred to in Annex III, Chapter A, Part II, point 8.1 of Regulation (EC) No 999/2001 (genotyping of TSE cases)	5
Animals referred to in Annex III, Chapter A, Part II, point 8.2 of Regulation (EC) No 999/2001 (random genotyping)	100

4.7 Eradication

4.7.1 Measures following confirmation of a TSE case in bovine animals

4.7.1.1 Description

Standard requirements for the submission of programmes of eradication and monitoring of TSE

(max. 32000 chars) :

4.7.1.2 Summary table

Targets for year

2016

	Estimated number	
Animals to be killed under the requirements of Annex VII, Chapter B, point 2.1 of Regulation (EC) No 999/2001	100	

Targets for year

2017

	Estimated number	
Animals to be killed under the requirements of Annex VII, Chapter B, point 2.1 of Regulation (EC) No 999/2001	100	

Targets for year

2018

	Estimated number	
Animals to be killed under the requirements of Annex VII, Chapter B, point 2.1 of Regulation (EC) No 999/2001	100	

4.7.2 Measures following confirmation of a TSE case in ovine and caprine animals

4.7.2.1 Description

(max. 32000 chars) :

In the case of confirmation of classical scrapie in an ovine or caprine animal we apply the measures in accordance with Annex VII of Regulation (EC) No. 999/2001 (Chapter B, point 2.2.2.):

- movement of animals from/or to holding is prohibited;
- either the killing and complete destruction of all animals, embryos and ova; or
- the killing and complete destruction of all animals, embryos and ova with the exception of:
 - breeding rams of the ARR/ARR genotype,
 - breeding ewes carrying at least one ARR allele and no VRQ allele, and
 - sheep carrying at least one ARR allele which is intended solely for slaughter;
- investigation of possible source of disease (feed).
- testing of culled animals in accordance with point 5, part II, Chapter A, Annex III of Regulation (EC) No. 999/2001.

In the case of atypical scrapie case shall be subject to the conditions described in Chapter B, point 2.2.3. In the case of confirmation of BSE in an ovine or caprine animal, killing and complete destruction of all animals, embryos and ova identified.

Standard requirements for the submission of programmes of eradication and monitoring of TSE

4.7.2.2 Summary table

Targets for year **2016**

	Estimated number
Animals to be culled and destroyed under the requirements of Annex VII, Chapter B, point 2.2.2 of Regulation (EC) No 999/2001 (classical scrapie)	150
Animals to be sent for compulsory slaughter in application of the provisions of Annex VII, Chapter B, point 2.2.2. (b) and (c) of Regulation (EC) No 999/2001(classical scrapie)	150
Animals to be genotyped under the requirements of Annex VII, Chapter B, point 2.2 of Regulation (EC) No 999/2001 (genotyping of ovine animals in holdings where TSE case was confirmed in ovine and caprine animals)	150

Targets for year **2017**

	Estimated number
Animals to be culled and destroyed under the requirements of Annex VII, Chapter B, point 2.2.2 of Regulation (EC) No 999/2001 (classical scrapie)	150
Animals to be sent for compulsory slaughter in application of the provisions of Annex VII, Chapter B, point 2.2.2. (b) and (c) of Regulation (EC) No 999/2001(classical scrapie)	150
Animals to be genotyped under the requirements of Annex VII, Chapter B, point 2.2 of Regulation (EC) No 999/2001 (genotyping of ovine animals in holdings where TSE case was confirmed in ovine and caprine animals)	150

Targets for year **2018**

	Estimated number
Animals to be culled and destroyed under the requirements of Annex VII, Chapter B, point 2.2.2 of Regulation (EC) No 999/2001 (classical scrapie)	150
Animals to be sent for compulsory slaughter in application of the provisions of Annex VII, Chapter B, point 2.2.2. (b) and (c) of Regulation (EC) No 999/2001(classical scrapie)	150
Animals to be genotyped under the requirements of Annex VII, Chapter B, point 2.2 of Regulation (EC) No 999/2001 (genotyping of ovine animals in holdings where TSE case was confirmed in ovine and caprine animals)	150

4.7.3 Breeding programme for resistance to TSEs in sheep

4.7.3.1 General description

Description of the programme according to the minimum requirements set out in Annex VII, Chapter B of Regulation (EC) No 999/2001

(max. 32000 chars) :

Breeding programme is created by Czech breeding association of ovine and caprine animals in cooperation with Ministry of Agriculture. The breeding programme include farms producing the bred animals. On the farm may be introduced for breeding these animals only:
(a) male sheep of the risk group I, II and III;

Standard requirements for the submission of programmes of eradication and monitoring of TSE

(b) female sheep of the risk group I, II and III;

The selection of animals for genotyping is performed by Czech breeding association after visual selection of basic breeding standards for each ovine breed. The list of animals intended for genotyping is consequently approved by State Veterinary Administration. The laboratory examination of listed animals is performed by State Veterinary Institute in Jihlava.

The genotyp for risk groups: I = ARR/ARR; II = ARR/ARQ, ARR/ARH, ARR/AHQ;
III = AHQ/AHQ, ARH/ARH, ARH/ARQ, AHQ/ARH, AHQ/ARQ, ARQ/ARQ .

4.7.3.2 Summary table

Targets for year **2016**

	Estimated number
Ewes to be genotyped under the framework of a breeding programme referred to in Article 6a of Regulation (EC) No 999/2001	4 500
Rams to be genotyped under the framework of a breeding programme referred to in Article 6a of Regulation (EC) No 999/2001	2 000

Targets for year **2017**

	Estimated number
Ewes to be genotyped under the framework of a breeding programme referred to in Article 6a of Regulation (EC) No 999/2001	4 500
Rams to be genotyped under the framework of a breeding programme referred to in Article 6a of Regulation (EC) No 999/2001	2 000

Targets for year **2018**

	Estimated number
Ewes to be genotyped under the framework of a breeding programme referred to in Article 6a of Regulation (EC) No 999/2001	4 500
Rams to be genotyped under the framework of a breeding programme referred to in Article 6a of Regulation (EC) No 999/2001	2 000

Standard requirements for the submission of programmes of eradication and monitoring of TSE

5. Costs

5.1 Detailed analysis of the costs

(max. 32000 chars):

There were about 1 450 000 cattle animals in the Czech Republic at 31. 12. 2014. The overall structure of the cattle population has remained the same during the last few years and no major changes. The number of sheep and goats is growing. Thus the number of animals subjected to TSE testing in 2016-2017 is not expected to change dramatically from the year 2014 or 2015 unless the EC monitoring programmes will be changed.

An estimate of 25 522 bovines, 6 000 sheep and 1 250 goats will be tested yearly for TSE during 2015-2017. All fallen stock and emergency slaughtered cattle over 24 months of age and all healthy slaughtered cattle over 30 months of age (born in third countries or in Croatia, Romania and Bulgaria) will be tested, if the current legislation remains unchanged . All sheep and goats older than 18 months fallen or killed stock to be tested in the framework of the national scrapie control programme.

An estimated of 6 500 sheep are planned to be subject to prion protein genotyping.

The costs of analysis in 2016-2017 will be propably the same as was in 2014 or 2015.

5.2 Detailed analysis of the cost of the programme for year :

2016

1. Rapid tests in bovine animals (as referred to in point 4.6.1)						
Costs related to	Specification	Number of units	Unitary cost/ceiling in EUR	Total amount in EUR	Community funding requested	
1.1 Rapid tests on bovine animals born in MSs listed in CD 2009/719	Healthy slaughtered animals	0	7.4	0	yes	
1.1 Rapid tests on bovine animals born in MSs listed in CD 2009/719	Risk animals	24 502	7.4	181,314.8	yes	

Standard requirements for the submission of programmes of eradication and monitoring of TSE

1.2 Rapid tests on bovine animals not born in MSs listed in CD 2009/719	Healthy slaughtered animals	501	7.4	3707.4	yes	
1.2 Rapid tests on bovine animals not born in MSs listed in CD 2009/719	Risk animals	501	7.4	3707.4	yes	
1.3 Rapid tests on suspect bovine animals	-	2	7.4	14.8	yes	
2. Rapid tests in ovine and caprine animals (as referred to in point 4.6.2 and 4.6.3)						
Costs related to	Specification	Number of units	Unitary cost/ceiling in EUR	Total amount in EUR	Community funding requested	
2.1. Rapid tests		7 250	7.4	53650	yes	X
3. Confirmatory testing (as referred to in point 4.6.4)						
Costs related to	Specification	Number of units	Unitary cost/ceiling in EUR	Total amount in EUR	Community funding requested	
3.1. Confirmatory tests in Bovines		5	50	250	yes	X
Costs related to	Specification	Number of units	Unitary cost/ceiling in EUR	Total amount in EUR	Community funding requested	
3.2. Confirmatory tests in Ovines and Caprines		5	50	250	yes	X
4. Discriminatory testing (as referred to in point 4.6.5)						
Costs related to	Specification	Number of units	Unitary cost/ceiling in EUR	Total amount in EUR	Community funding requested	
4.1. Primary molecular tests		10	194	1940	yes	X

Standard requirements for the submission of programmes of eradication and monitoring of TSE

5. Genotyping						
Costs related to	Specification	Number of units	Unitary cost/ceiling in EUR	Total amount in EUR	Community funding requested	
5.1 Determination of genotype of animals in the framework of the monitoring and eradication measures laid down by Regulation (EC) No 999/2001 (as referred to in point 4.6.6 and 4.7.2.2)		255	6	1530	yes	X
Costs related to	Specification	Number of units	Unitary cost/ceiling in EUR	Total amount in EUR	Community funding requested	
5.2 Determination of genotype of animals in the framework of a breeding programme (as referred to in point 4.7.3.2)		6 500	6	39000	yes	X
6. Compulsory culling/slaughter						
Costs related to	Specification	Number of units	Unitary cost/ceiling in EUR	Total amount in EUR	Community funding requested	
6.1 Compensation for bovine animals to be culled and destroyed under the requirements of Annex VII, Chapter B, point 2.1 of Regulation (EC) No 999/2001 (as referred to in point 4712)		100	1000	100,000	yes	X
Costs related to	Specification	Number of units	Unitary cost/ceiling in EUR	Total amount in EUR	Community funding requested	
6.2 Compensation for ovine and caprine animals to be culled and destroyed under the requirements of Annex VII, Chapter B, point 2.2.2 of Regulation (EC) No 999/2001 (as referred to in point 4722)		150	140	21000	yes	X

Standard requirements for the submission of programmes of eradication and monitoring of TSE

6.3 Compensation for ovine and caprine animals to be sent for compulsory slaughter in application of the provisions of Annex VII, Chapter B, point 2.2.2 (b) and (c) of Regulation (EC) No 999/2001 (as referred to in point 4722)		150	100	15000	yes	X
				Add a new row		
Total				421 364,40 €		

5.2 Detailed analysis of the cost of the programme for year :

2017

1. Rapid tests in bovine animals (as referred to in point 4.6.1)						
Costs related to	Specification	Number of units	Unitary cost/ceiling in EUR	Total amount in EUR	Community funding requested	
1.1 Rapid tests on bovine animals born in MSs listed in CD 2009/719	Healthy slaughtered animals	0	7.4	0	yes	
1.1 Rapid tests on bovine animals born in MSs listed in CD 2009/719	Risk animals	24 502	7.4	181,314.8	yes	
1.2 Rapid tests on bovine animals not born in MSs listed in CD 2009/719	Healthy slaughtered animals	501	7.4	3707.4	yes	
1.2 Rapid tests on bovine animals not born in MSs listed in CD 2009/719	Risk animals	501	7.4	3707.4	yes	
1.3 Rapid tests on suspect bovine animals	-	2	7.4	14.8	yes	
2. Rapid tests in ovine and caprine animals (as referred to in point 4.6.2 and 4.6.3)						
Costs related to	Specification	Number of units	Unitary cost/ceiling in EUR	Total amount in EUR	Community funding requested	
2.1. Rapid tests		7 250	7.4	53650	yes	X
3. Confirmatory testing (as referred to in point 4.6.4)						

Standard requirements for the submission of programmes of eradication and monitoring of TSE

Costs related to	Specification	Number of units	Unitary cost/ceiling in EUR	Total amount in EUR	Community funding requested	
3.1. Confirmatory tests in Bovines		5	50	250	yes	X
Costs related to	Specification	Number of units	Unitary cost/ceiling in EUR	Total amount in EUR	Community funding requested	
3.2. Confirmatory tests in Ovines and Caprines		5	50	250	yes	X
4. Discriminatory testing (as referred to in point 4.6.5)						
Costs related to	Specification	Number of units	Unitary cost/ceiling in EUR	Total amount in EUR	Community funding requested	
4.1. Primary molecular tests		10	194	1940	yes	X
5. Genotyping						
Costs related to	Specification	Number of units	Unitary cost/ceiling in EUR	Total amount in EUR	Community funding requested	
5.1 Determination of genotype of animals in the framework of the monitoring and eradication measures laid down by Regulation (EC) No 999/2001 (as referred to in point 4.6.6 and 4.7.2.2)		255	6	1530	yes	X
Costs related to	Specification	Number of units	Unitary cost/ceiling in EUR	Total amount in EUR	Community funding requested	
5.2 Determination of genotype of animals in the framework of a breeding programme (as referred to in point 4.7.3.2)		6 500	6	39000	yes	X

Standard requirements for the submission of programmes of eradication and monitoring of TSE

5.3. Financial information

1. Identification of the implementing entities - financial circuits/flows

Identify and describe the entities which will be in charge of implementing the eligible measures planned in this programme which costs will constitute the reimbursement/payment claim to the EU. Describe the financial flows/circuits followed.

Each of the following paragraphs (from a to e) shall be filled out if EU cofinancing is requested for the related measure.

a) Implementing entities - **sampling**: who perform the official sampling? Who pays?
(e.g. authorised private vets perform the sampling and are paid by the regional veterinary services (state budget); sampling equipment is provided by the private laboratory testing the samples which includes the price in the invoice which is paid by the local state veterinary services (state budget))

(max. 32000 chars):

Sampling for TSE examination is realised by official (state) veterinarians. Sampling for genotyping is realised by private veterinarians and they are paid by farmers.

b) Implementing entities - **testing**: who performs the testing of the official samples? Who pays?
(e.g. regional public laboratories perform the testing of official samples and costs related to this testing are entirely paid by the state budget)

Standard requirements for the submission of programmes of eradication and monitoring of TSE

(max. 32000 chars):

All TSE samples and samples for genotyping are examined in the State Veterinary Institutes and are paid by the State Veterinary Administration (state budget).

c) Implementing entities - **compensation**: who performs the compensation? Who pays?
(e.g. compensation is paid by the central level of the state veterinary services,
or compensation is paid by an insurance fund fed by compulsory farmers contribution)

(max. 32000 chars):

Compensation due the disease eradication is paid on central level by Ministry of Agricultural (only from State budget). It is in accordance with § 67 of the Act No. 166/1999 Col. (Veterinary Act).

§67

(1) The keeper shall obtain a compensation of costs and losses incurred in consequence of emergency veterinary measures imposed with a view to eradicate any of the dangerous contagious diseases and diseases communicable from animals to humans listed in Annex 2 to this Act and prevent its spread, and/or under detection of the agent of such contagious disease or disease, on condition that the measures applied immediately include at least the isolation of animals on the holding and the ban on their movement from the time of suspicion of the presence of the contagious disease and following the confirmation of the disease.

(2) The compensation pursuant to Paragraph 1 shall include reimbursements for the following:

a) expenses for killing or slaughtering infected or suspect animals of receptive species and for safe disposal of their cadavers; in substantiated cases the compensation shall include reimbursements for the safe disposal of their products as well,

b) a killed or slaughtered animal,

c) for the cleaning, disinfection, disinsectisation and rodent control of the holding and of its equipment,

d) ordered vaccinations,

e) for observance of measures in protection zones and measures for prevention of the spread of a contagious disease,

f) for the observance of measures during the waiting period established before the contagious disease is declared eliminated and before re-stocking of the holding.

Standard requirements for the submission of programmes of eradication and monitoring of TSE

(3) In the case of a contagious disease or disease communicable from animals to humans stated in the Legislation of the European Communities governing the expenses in veterinary field34b), the following reimbursements shall be provided as well:
a) for the destruction of contaminated feedingstuffs and contaminated equipment of the holding, which cannot be disinfected in accordance with, Paragraph 2 Letter c),
b) of the proven losses caused by outage of livestock production during the implementation of emergency veterinary measures imposed and in connection with the measures.
(4) In the case of a dangerous contagious disease affecting bees, the reimbursement shall include the equipment of the beekeeper, related working aids, beehives and their accessories, destroyed or deteriorated because of the emergency veterinary measures ordered.
(5) The compensation referred to in Paragraph 1 shall not be provided whenever the keeper evades his obligations to notify the Regional Veterinary Administration of a suspected presence of the dangerous contagious disease, evades other serious obligations imposed on the keeper by this Act with a view to prevent any occurrence and spread of a dangerous contagious disease and to eradicate such, or evades the protection and eradication measures imposed.

d) Implementing entities - **vaccination (if applicable)** : who provides the vaccine and who performs the vaccination? Who pays the vaccine? Who pays the vaccinator?

(e.g. farmers buy their vaccine to the private vets, send the paid invoices to the local state veterinary services which reimburse the farmers of the full amount and the vaccinator is paid by the regional state veterinary services)

(max. 32000 chars):

The vaccination against TSE is not available.

e) Implementing entities - **other essential measures**: who implement this measure? Who provide the equipment/service? Who pays?

Standard requirements for the submission of programmes of eradication and monitoring of TSE

(max. 32000 chars):

No essential measures are implemented.

2 Co-financing rate (see provisions of applicable Work Programme)

The maximum co-financing rate is in general fixed at 50%. However based on provisions of Article 5.2 and 5.3 of the Regulation (EU) No 652/2014, we request that the co-financing rate for the reimbursement of the eligible costs would be increased:

Up to 75% for the measures detailed below

Up to 100% for the measures detailed below

Please explain for which measures and why co-financing rate should be increased to 75% (max 32000 characters)

The gross national income per inhabitant based of the Czech Republic is on the latest Eurostat data less than 90 % of the Union average. Due to this reason the co-financing rate should be increased up to 75% for all measures and examinations included in the programme, i.e. testing of bovine, ovine and

Standard requirements for the submission of programmes of eradication and monitoring of TSE

3. Source of funding of eligible measures

All eligible measures for which cofinancing is requested and reimbursement will be claimed are financed by public funds.

yes

no

Standard requirements for the submission of programmes of eradication and monitoring of TSE

Attachments

IMPORTANT :

- 1) The more files you attach, the longer it takes to upload them .
- 2) This attachment files should have one of the format listed here : jpg, jpeg, tiff, tif, xls, xlsx, doc, docx, ppt, pptx, bmp, pna, pdf.
- 3) The total file size of the attached files should not exceed 2 500Kb (+- 2.5 Mb). You will receive a message while attaching when you try to load too much.
- 4) IT CAN TAKE **SEVERAL MINUTES TO UPLOAD** ALL THE ATTACHED FILES. Don't interrupt the uploading by closing the pdf and wait until you have received a Submission Number!
- 5) Only use letters from a-z and numbers from 1-10 in the attachment names, otherwise the submission of the data will not work.

List of all attachments

		Attachment name	File will be saved as (only a-z and 0-9 and -_):	File size
			Total size of attachments :	No attachmen