

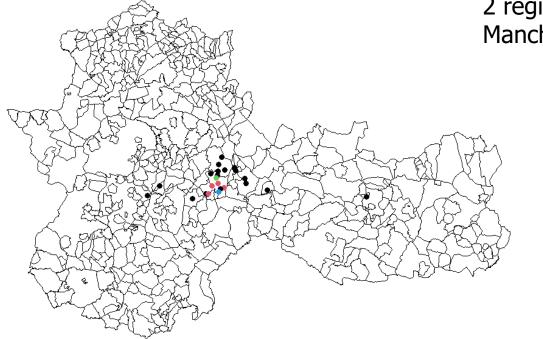
Anthrax outbreaks in Spain August-November 2021



PAFF COMITTEE, 16th November 2021



23 outbreaks from 19/08 to 26/10 (suspicion dates of confirmed cases)

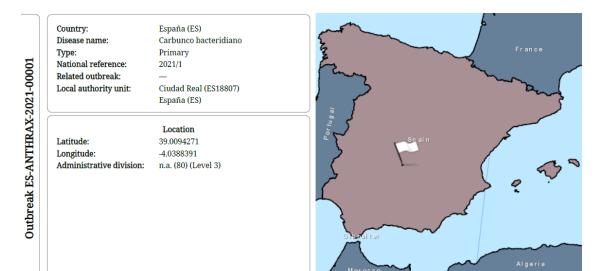


2 regions affected: Castilla la Mancha and Extremadura

PREVIOUS LAST CONFIRMED CASE: 2004



FIRST OUTBREAK: MALAGÓN (CASTILLA LA MANCHA)



Suspected pasture area usually covered by the Guadiana River, which has been exposed by the drop in flow. Only animals that have grazed in this area have been affected. None of the animals that are in the fattening area without going out to pasture have been affected. All animals have been removed from the suspect area. The animals on the farm have

The animals on the farm have been vaccinated with Antravax vaccine

Suspicion date/Start date:	19/08/2021	
Fecha de confirmación:	01/09/2021	

			A (C			
			Affected sp	Decles		
Especies	Measuring unit	Susceptible	Cases	Dead	Killed	Slaughtered
Cattle	Animals	339	25	25	0	0



FIRST OUTBREAK: MALAGÓN (CASTILLA LA MANCHA)



MINISTERIO DE AGRICULTURA, PESCA Y ALIMENTACIÓN DIRECCIÓN GENERAL DE SANIDAD DE LA PRODUCCIÓN AGRARIA

SUBDIRECCIÓN GENERAL DE SANIDAD E HIGIENE ANIMAL Y TRAZABILIDAD

Carbunco bacteridiano o ántrax

 $https://www.mapa.gob.es/es/ganaderia/temas/sanidad-animal-higiene-ganadera/sanidad-animal/enfermedades/Carbunco\%20 bacteridiano.aspx \label{eq:sanidad-animal} backgroup \la$

From 17 to 20th August: 14 cows dead.

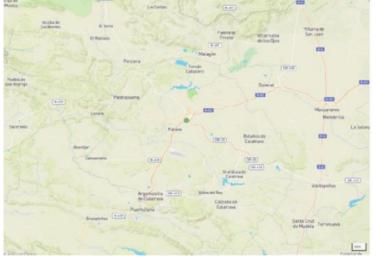
Removal of animals form suspected pasture and quarantine.

Official removal of carcases, cleaning and disinfection, rendering plant.

Vaccination with Antravax.

11 additional deaths until 30th August.

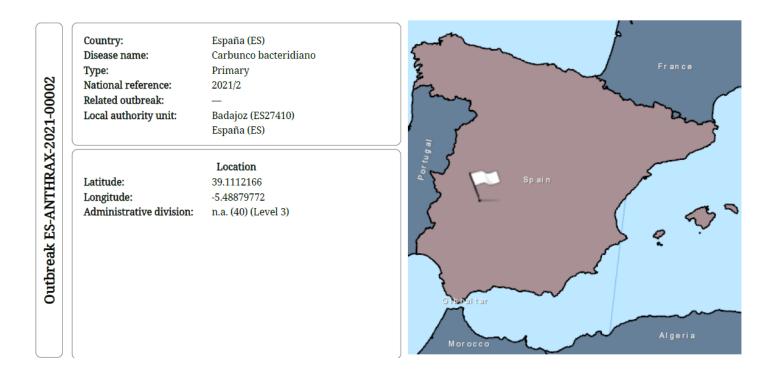
No additional cases in the zone.





OUTBREAKS IN EXTREMADURA

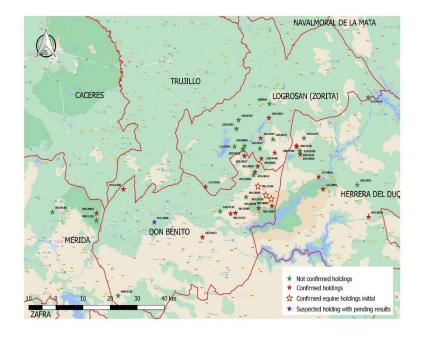
First suspicion: 25/08/2021 horse in Navalvillar de Pela



			Affected sp	ecles		
species	Measuring unit	Susceptible	Cases	Dead	Killed	Slaughtered
Equidae (dom)	Animals	3	1	1	_	_

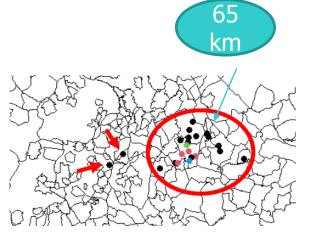
Suspicion date/Start date:	25/08/2021
Fecha de confirmación:	06/09/2021





MUNICIPALITY	NOT CONFIRMED HOLDINGS	DEAD HORSES	DEAD BOVINES	DEAD PIGS
ACEDERA	2	3	2	1
ALÍA	1		2	
ALMENDRALEJO	1	1		
ALMOHARÍN	1	1		
CASAS DE DON PEDRO	5	3	19	
CASTUERA	1		1	
DON BENITO	1		1	
GUAREÑA	1		2	
LOGROSÁN	6		19	
MADRIGALEJO	1		1	
MÉRIDA	2		1	
NAVALVILLAR DE PELA	9	6	6	
TALARRUBIAS	1		13	
VILLANUEVA DE LA SERENA	1	0		
Total	33	14	67	1

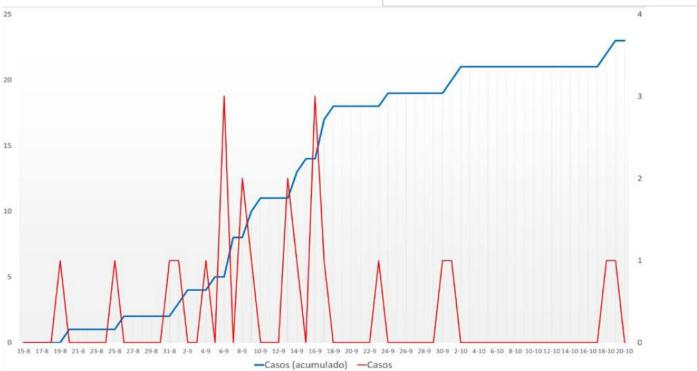
	CONFIRMED		DEAD	DEAD
MUNICIPALITY	HOLDINGS	DEAD HORSES	BOVINES	PIGS
ACEDERA	2	1	11	
CASAS DE DON PEDRO	2		7	
DON BENITO	1	1	12	
GARBAYUELA	1		1	
LOGROSÁN	5		20	
MADRIGALEJO	1		7	
MÉRIDA	1		7	
NAVALVILLAR DE PELA	7	3	31	5
TALARRUBIAS	2		19	
VILLANUEVA DE LA				
SERENA	1		2	
Total general	23	5	117	5





Outbreaks/week from 25/08 t0 26/10 (suspicion dates)







Sampling of all suspected cases (NRL Santa Fe)

Burial under biosafety conditions

Quarantine

Epidemiological survey

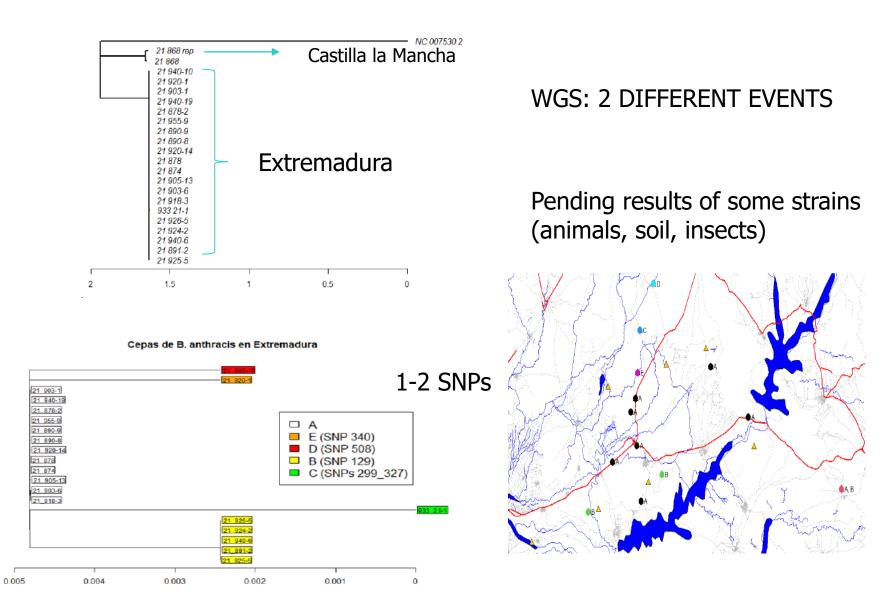
Vaccination with Antravax

	Vaccinated holdings	Vaccinated animals
Equines	12	123
Bovines	33	5335
Ovines	5	2692
Swine	6	944
Total	56	9094



Samples taken from animals (+), water, soil (+), feed, insects (mosquitoes, tabanids +)







PREELIMINAR CONCLUSIONS

No epidemiological relationship between cases of the two regions (WGS)

Castilla la Mancha: soil (pastures contaminated with B. anthracis spores)

Extremadura: multifactorial causes:

Possible initial causes:

- Drop in flow of several swaps (Guadiana river basin)
- Movement of lands (changes in agricultural use)
- Contaminated water courses

Secondary cases:

- Tabanid flies (++)
- Transport vehicles ??

STILL UNDER INVESTIGATION



Thank you

Few animals afected by holding Most cases 50 km radius