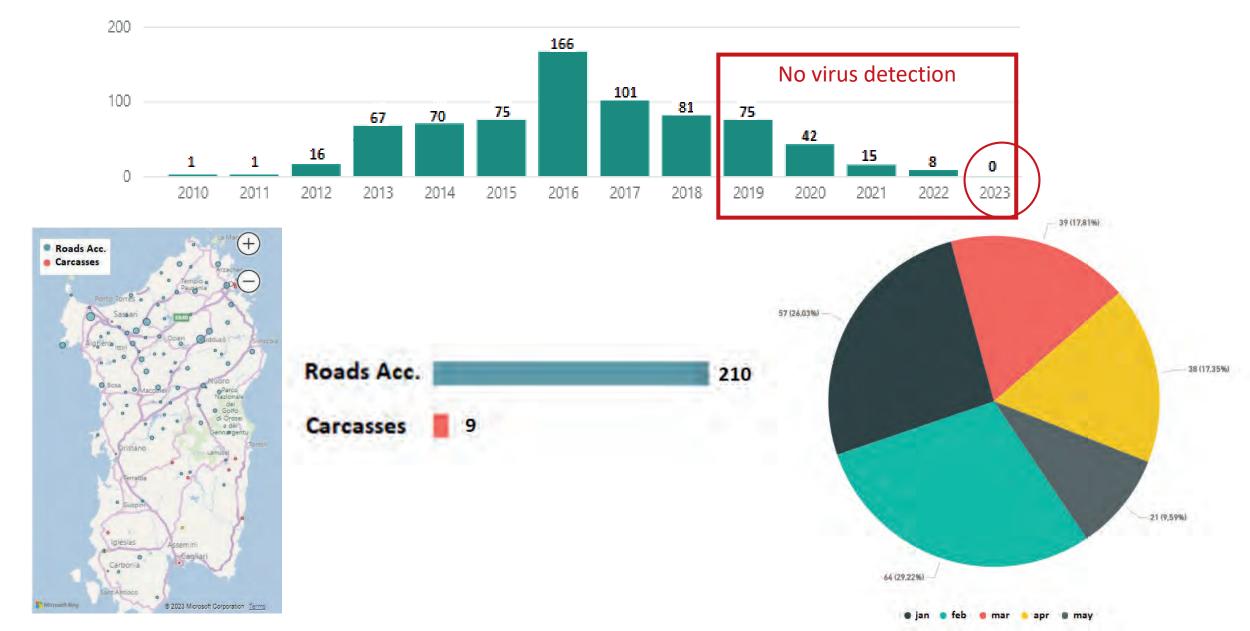


ASF situation in Italy

Directorate General for Animal Health and veterinary medicinal products



Sardinia WB surveillance

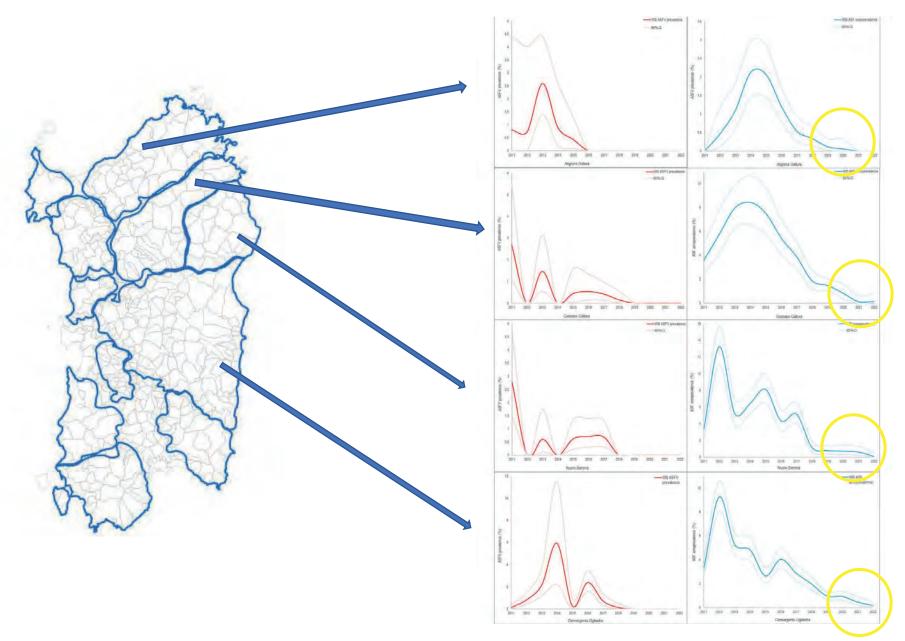


Improvement of ASF epidemiological situation in the main

high risk areas

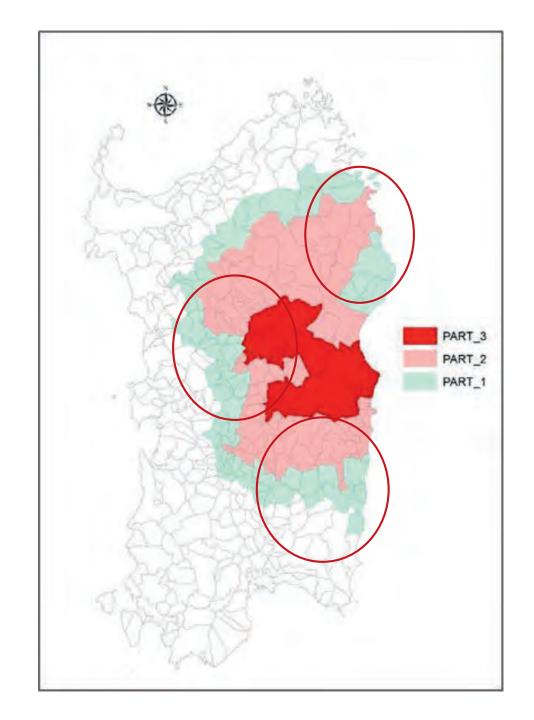
Seropositives are significantly decreasing since 2019

Seroprevalence in 2022-2023 is confirmed about 0%, and it is still decreasing



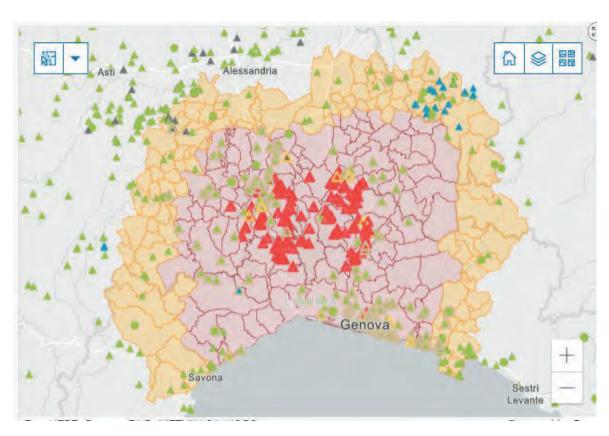
Confirmation of favourable of ASF epidemiological situation in certain areas of restricted zones

In those areas the last seropositive cases were notified in November-December 2021

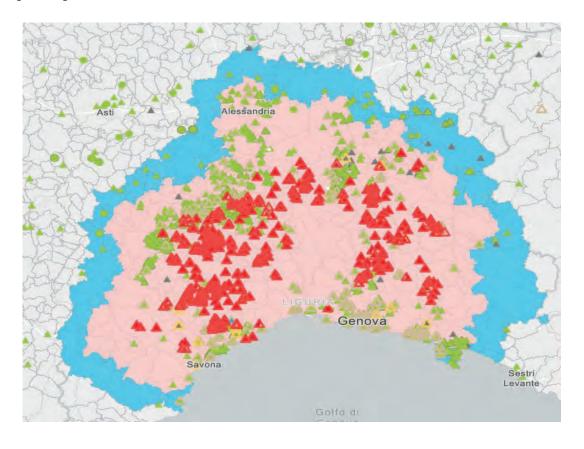


Piedmont and Liguria: Comparison of ASF cases in wild boars in one year

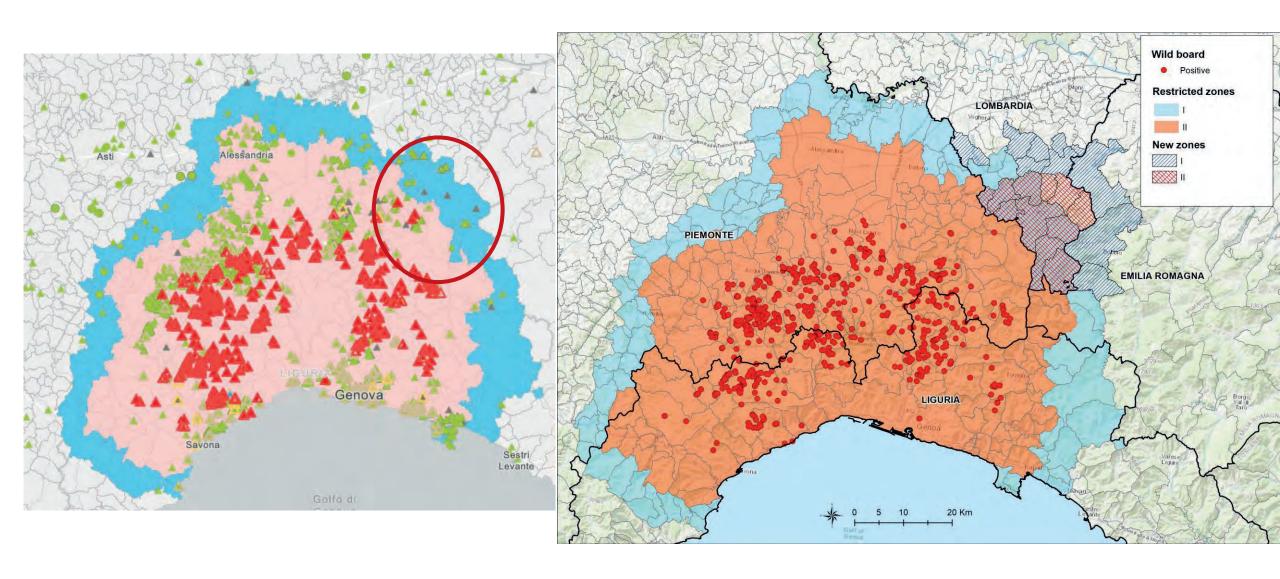
24/05/2022



24/05/2023 - 502 cases



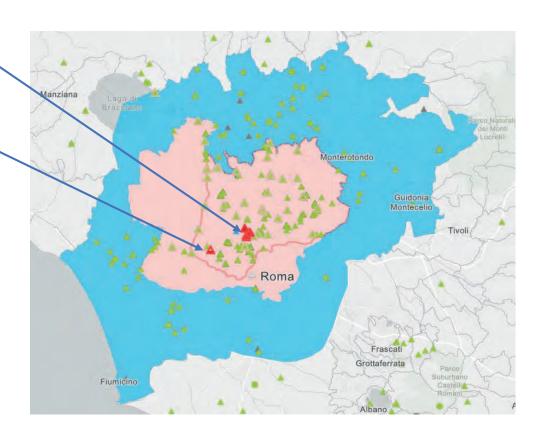
Enlargement of Part I and Part II zones – Implementing Regulation (EU) 2023/594



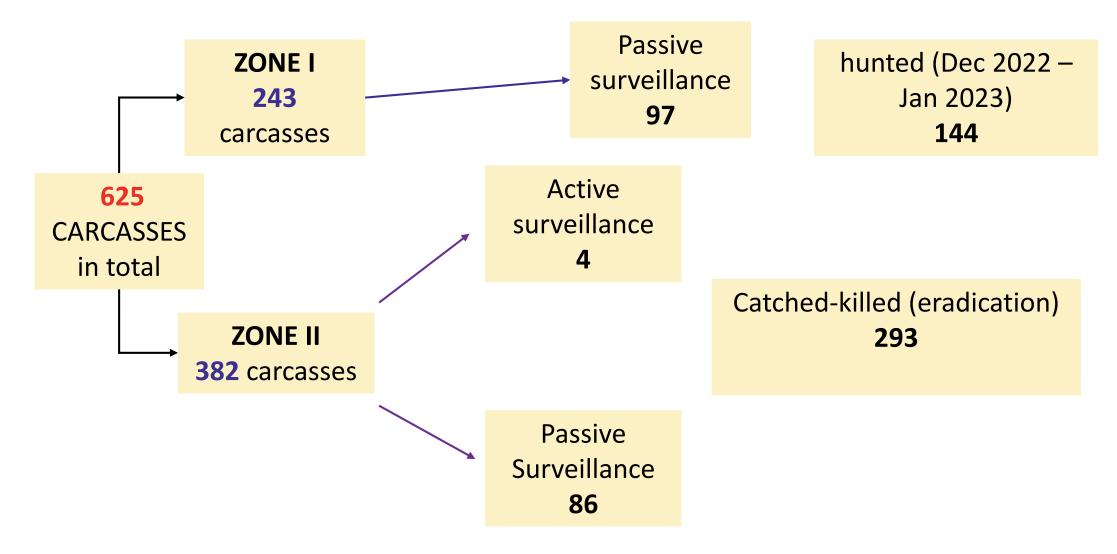
ASF re-emergence in Rome

- 10 May PCR confirmation in a carcasse found in the already restricted zone in part II
- 11 May confirmation in a carcasse near the west border of Highway around Rome
- On 24 May 6 positives carcasses in total

- Hypotesis:
 - New introduction with human factor
 - Re-apparence of the old virus



Surveillance in Zone I and II starting from the last positive case in 2022 (15/09/22 - 08/05/23)



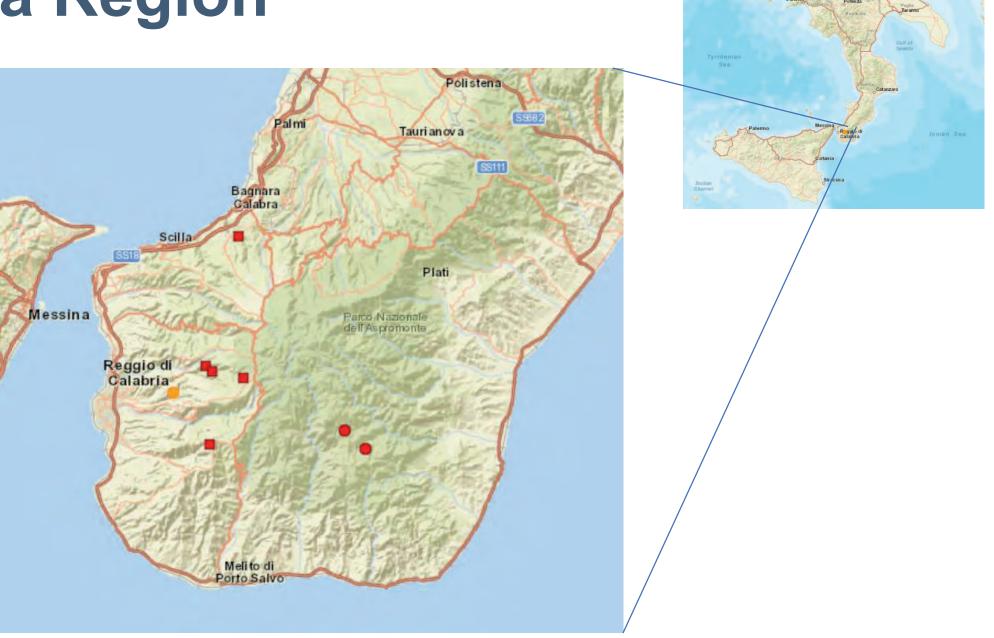
Surveillance in Lazio Region 8 - 22 May 2023

	N. of samples	Positives	Negatives	Ongoing
Zone II	28	6	20	2
Zone I	5	0	5	0
Rome Free Zone	7	0	5	2
Frosinone	10	0	7	3
Latina	1	0	1	0
Rieti	4	0	4	0
Viterbo	6	0	6	0

Calabria Region

Wild boar

Domestic



Calabria

- 5 May ASF virus detected in a wild boar carcasse in decomposition status
- 8 May ASF confirmation in 3 wild boars carcasses (2 in Reggio Calabria and 1 in Bagnara Calabra Municipalities, Reggio Calabria Province)
- 19 May ASF confirmation in a small breeding holding with 69 pigs
- 21 May ASF detection in a second small holding, with 53 pigs and close to the previous one and epidemiologically connected with it.
- 22 May has been published on the Official Journal the Commission Implementing Decision (EU) 2023/985 of 15 May 2023, concerning certain interim emergency measures relating to African swine fever in Italy
- At 24 May 5 cases in wild boar and 2 outbreaks
- From 22 to 24 May two vets from Central authority and from the NRL to meet local and regional authorities

Measures applied

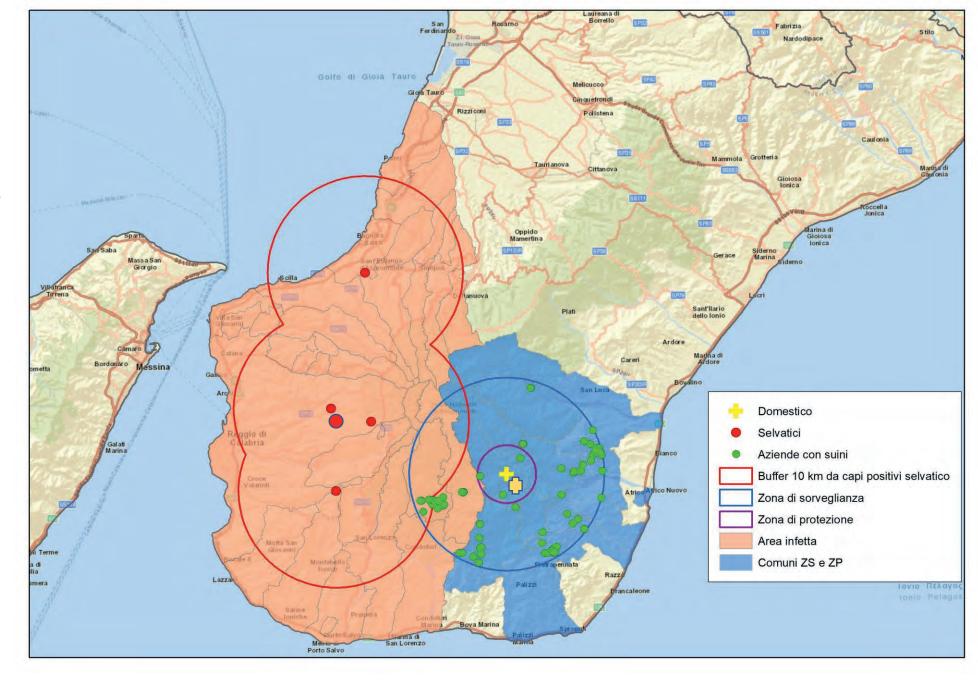
- Farms in the involved areas are mainly backyard or small farms, breeding Calabrian black pig, except for 2 commercial farms with 600-1000 pigs
- The majority of small and backyard farms are already empty and those with animal are going to be emptied.
- The two commercial farms were inspected for biosecurity measures
- All measures in accordance to Implementing Regulations 2023/594 and 2021/687 and Implementing Decision (EU) 2023/985 have been implemented



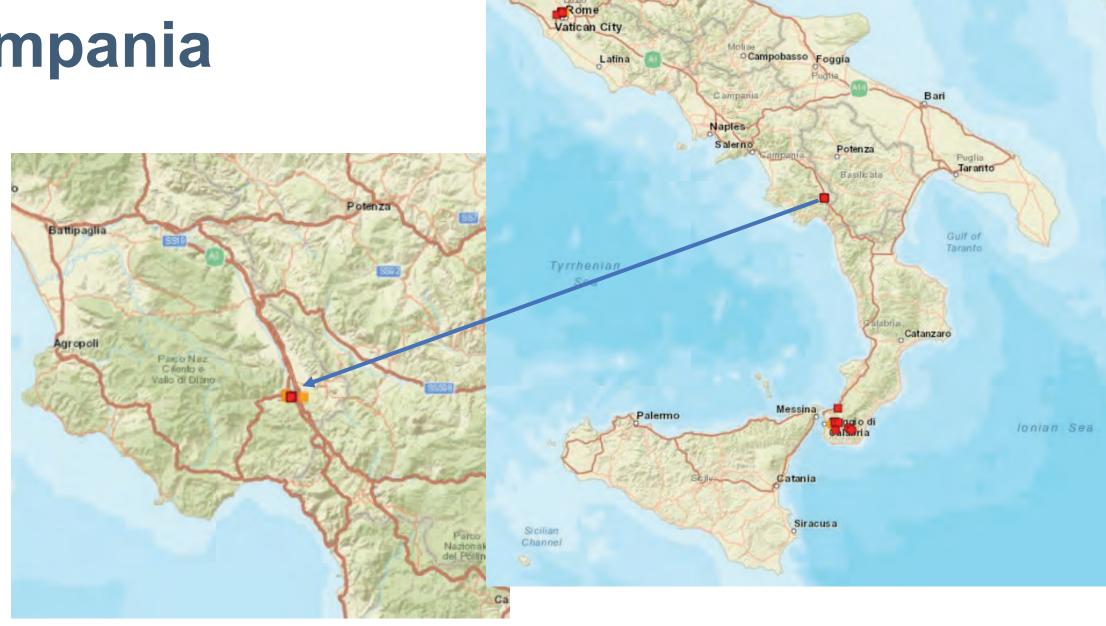
Infected zone

10 km zone

3 km zone



Campania



- 22 May NRL confirm ASF virus detection in 5 wild boars carcasses in Sanza Municipality, Salerno Province
- 22 May afternoon Regional Crisis Unit meeting with participation of Central Authority
 - Definition of measures and controls to apply at local level Implementing Regulation (UE) 2023/594, Implementing, Regulation (UE) 2021/687 and the Ordinance n. 2023/2 of the Extraordinary Commissioner.
 - Definition of active search of carcasses methodology
- 24 May Expert Group defined the Infected Zone
- The majority of farms in the surrounding area are backyard and in this period most of them are still empty.



First hypotesis raised for incursion in Southern Italy

- Entry of virus via human factor:
 - cases in Campania and Calabria are on the line of one of the most trafficked roads in South of Italy
 - Cases in Calabria are quite near to Gioia Tauro port
- Further investigation are ongoing to established spreading of the virus in Southern Italy
- Phylogenetic analysis on viruses isolated in Rome, Campania and Calabria are ongoing



Thanks for your kind attention